"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair to-day; snow to-morrow; moderate north to northeast winds.

VOL. LIX...NO. 19,011. * * * NEW YORK, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1910.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. { Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

SENDS BAKER AWAY; ORDERS POLICE TRIED

Mayor Then Summons Walsh and Cray to Tell Why They Don't Discover Home Crimes.

SAYS BAKER NEEDS A REST

As to Inspector and Captain, It's Incredible They Should Not Have Known of Barber Shop Attack on a Woman.

Mayor Gaynor yesterday afternoon ordered two policemen suspended from duty and put on trial immediately on charges growing out of a brutal assault upon a woman two weeks ago. The two policemen, one of whom is said to have confessed, are Harry G. Weitzel of the Traffic Squad, and John W. Grove of the East Thirty-fifth Street Station.

The Mayor also directed that two other policemen, who are said to have known of the affair at the time, be identified and their names sent to him.

In ordering Weitzel and Grove suspended the Mayor also ordered that Police Inspector Richard Walsh and Capt. Patrick Cray, commanding the East Thirty-fifth Street Police Station, appear before him in the City Hall this morning to answer questions about this affair. Mayor Gaynor said that it was incredible that Inspector Walsh and Capt. Cray should not have learned the facts "in the exercise of ordinary attention." It was certainly easier for them than for you and me to learn of it I inclose the report of Mr. Fosdick on the case. The testimony taken is also at your disposal, but it is too vulgar and shocking to be made public. Very truly yours,

W. J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

To W. F. Baker, Esq., Police Commissioner.

The Report to the Mayor.

Commissioner Fosdick's report to the Mayor covered some forty typewritten pages. Most of the facts in the report were unfit for publication. Here it is in part:

On Jan. 27, 1910, at about ten minutes before 1 o'clock in the afternoon, Officer Harry G. Weitzel of the Traffic Squad, whose post is at Thirty-fourth Street and First Avenue, took a well-dressed woman into an Italian barber shop at 404 East Thirty-fourth Street.

According to the testimony of the two barbers who were in the shop at the time, and of Officer Weitzel himself, the woman was slightly under the influence of liquor at the time she entered the shop.

It appears that upon entering the shop Officer Weitzel and the woman went into a little unfurnished room back of the barber shop, connected with it by a narrow door. It further appears that, after being in the back room two or three minutes, the officer asked the barber, John Moretto, to go out and get him a bottle of whisky. Mr. Moretto's testimony on this point is as follows:

"So he (Weitzel) throwed out a half dollar and said, 'John, go out and get a quarter's worth of whisky.' I could not go and leave my customer in the chair, so I called a friend of mine who was there that time and told him to go out and get a bottle for the quarter, and when he came back with it I took a drink and gave the whisky to the policeman and left them there."

Officer Weitzel's testimony on this point is as follows:

Q.—Did you tell the barber to go out and get a bottle of whisky A.—Yes, sir. I treated her to a drink of whisky. She wanted to have a drink of whisky in the worst way, and she said she had no money, and I said I would get her a drink.

After spending ten or fifteen minutes with the woman Officer Weitzel left the shop.

It appears from the testimony of both barbers that at about fifteen minutes before 2 o'clock and shortly after Officer Weitzel had left Patrolman John W. Grove of the Twenty-fifth Precinct, entered the barber shop, and went directly into the back room where the woman was sitting.

According to the testimony of Moretto and Maremdino the officer spent fifteen or twenty minutes with the woman. He then left the shop.

The woman by this time was in a very drunken condition. Apparently the woman was kept in the shop until late that night. Her identity we have been unable to discover. She seemed to have been a stranger in the neighborhood.

Officer Grove denied all knowledge of the affair. He stated that he did not enter the barber shop in question on Thursday, Jan. 27; in fact, that he had not been inside the shop since the beginning of the year.

It was said yesterday that the Mayor was preparing to begin a thorough investigation of the Keenan-Cunningham case in Police Inspector Flood's district in the Bronx. These policemen, who were mounted men, were dismounted and transferred to lower east side precincts almost immediately following the arrest by them of three Westchester Village bartenders

Continued on Page 2.

CHANTECLER MADE IN FRANCE

Rostand Ridicules Pretensions of Gross of Chicago to Authorship.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Feb. 10.—Rostand, Herz, and Coquelin all ridicule the claim of Samuel Eberly Gross of Chicago that Gross is the real author of "Chantecler" as the idea of a monomaniac.

In a conversation which I had with Herz to-day he implied the charge that Gross had seized certain general outlines of "Chantecler," the knowledge of which was widely disseminated throughout the world seven years ago, immediately after the drama was first written; and then, during the period of Rostand's long illness, which was the original cause of the delay in the production of the piece, concocted an imitation of it and that it is this which he calls "The Merchant Prince of Cornville."

Rostand, I learned through his secretary, holds substantially the same view.

10-YEAR-OLD JAILED FOR DEBT

Curious Procedure in Jersey After He Failed to Pay a Judgment.

Because he had failed to pay damages and costs in a damage suit brought against him by another boy, ten-year-old Bromislow Niemassck of 336 West Kinney Street, Newark, was locked up yesterday afternoon in the Essex County Jail on a body warrant issued by Judge Benjamin F. Jones of the Orange District Court. Last evening he was released after his counsel, Duane H. Minard, had deposited a bond representing twice the amount of the judgment and costs in the suit.

Niemassck was sued for $500 by Edmund Nilmanski, 16 years old, of Orange. The lads had quarreled and Niemassck hit the other boy on the head with a stone. On Oct. 5, in Judge Jones's court, a verdict of $71 and costs was rendered, a total of $95.35.

Under the law the defendant had thirty days to pay, but an extension of time was granted. Nilmanski was represented in the legal proceedings by his father as guardian.

FLOUR-MARKED BURGLARS.

Policeman They Had Escaped Caught Them Later Through Telltale Spots.

Mrs. Carrie Meyers, answering a knock at her door on the second floor of the apartment house at 202 East 110th Street yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock, heard two men say they were inspectors and wanted to look at the gas fixtures. She recognized the voices as those of two tenants in the house and refused to open the door. When they began to force it she ran out on the fire escape and screamed for help.

The two men broke through and stole a clock, the only valuable and portable think in sight, and then rushed into the kitchen. One of them happened to break open a sack of flour and a lot of it got on their coats. Then they heard Mrs. Meyers on the fire escape and fled.

Policeman Cox of the East 104th Street Station, attracted by the housewife's cries, saw the two men racing upstairs toward the roof. Both had brushed the flour off their shoulders, but Cox noticed flour spots on their backs. The men escaped over the roof.

Two hours later, while standing at Third Avenue and 109th Street, Cox saw two men walking down the avenue with the tell-tale flour spots on the backs of their coats. They had a bag with them, which held a clock. He looked them both up on the charge of burglary, they protesting against what they termed an "outrage." The prisoners said they were Daniel Kelly and William Smith, both of 202 East 110th Street.

Mrs. Meyers went to the station later and identified her clock and the voices of the two prisoners.

TRAIN HAS DISASTROUS TRIP.

Shooting Is Threatened, Lunatic Escapes, and Man Becomes Ill.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCK ISLAND, Ill., Feb. 10.—While a Burlington train, bound from St. Louis to St. Paul, was running between Astoria and Vermont to-day, a passenger who had been drinking attempted to shoot his wife. The woman succeeded in taking the revolver from him, and the conductor took possession of the weapon, which he kept till the couple left the train at East Moline.

St. Opheim, an insane man, was taken abroad in charge of two officers to the Illinois Western Hospital for the Insane at Watertown. The lunatic got permission to go into the washroom on pretext that he wanted to change his clothes. After waiting for him a few minutes the attendants called the conductor, who broke open the door and found that the man had jumped out of a window while the train was in motion. The train was stopped and backed up for a mile, but no trace of the man was found.

After half an hour's search the train proceeded, leaving attendants to continue the search. It was learned later that the patient was found half a mile further back with a broken leg.

Near Orion another passenger was seized with a hemorrhage, and it was necessary to stop the train, send for a physician, and hold the train while the passenger was being cared for. He recovered sufficiently to continue on to Moline.

GIVES BLOOD FOR MISTRESS.

Devoted Servant in Brooklyn Likely to Save Mrs. Grauer's Life.

The love of servant for mistress was so great in the case of Julia Haeber, a maid in the home of Mrs. Louisa Grauer of 1,361 Broadway, Williamsburg, yesterday, that she allowed two quarts of blood to be transfused from her veins into those of Mrs. Grauer, who has been at death's door at the Williamsburg Hospital, for several weeks.

Mrs. Grauer, who is the wife of a well-to-do custom tailor, engaged Julia Haeber as maid about three years ago. The servant became devoted to the mistress. Three weeks ago Mrs. Grauer was taken seriously ill. It was found last Wednesday that if new blood was not infused into her depleted veins she would surely die. As soon as she learned that she might be able to save her mistress by an operation of transfusion, Julia suggested that the blood should be taken from her own veins.

Mistress and servant, accordingly, were laid side by side on marble operating tables in the hospital. They were etherized and the blood was passed through a silver tube from Julia Haeber's wrist to Mrs. Grauer's arm. Two quarts of blood, altogether, passed from the servant's into the mistress's body. Late last night at the hospital it was said that the faithful servant would surely recover, and that her sacrifice might prove successful in restoring her mistress to health.

SHORTEST, QUICKEST FLORIDA ROUTE, with most attractive stopover points en route. Is Seaboard Air Line Ry. Four trains daily. Office 1,183 B'way, Cor. 28th.—Adv.

HOUSE OBEYS COURT, SENATE DEFIES IT

Justice Wright's Summons to Joint Committee in Paper Case Splits the Two Houses.

SENATE FEARS COERCION

Believes Its Privileges Have Been Invaded—House, After a Long Debate, Takes the Opposite View.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—One of the most remarkable tangles in the history of Congress has resulted from an attempt of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia to review the action of a joint committee of the House and Senate. After a debate of three hours this afternoon the Senate by an overwhelming vote instructed its members not to obey an order from Justice Wright to appear before him tomorrow in mandamus proceedings. The House debated the matter until late tonight and then instructed its members to obey the order and appear in court.

The trouble, in which is involved one of the most interesting constitutional points that has been raised here in years, all arose over a little award in the matter of paper on which Government documents are printed. This business is in the hands of the Public Printer, subject to the direction of the joint Committee on Printing, composed of three Senators and three Representatives. Not long ago the bid of the Valley Paper Company of Holyoke, Mass., though actually the lowest, was rejected by the joint committee on the ground that it had not complied with technical requirements.

The Valley Paper Company then sought redress in the District Supreme Court, with the result that some days ago Justice Wright issued an order directing the six members of the committee to appear in court to-morrow and show cause why a mandamus should not be issued compelling them to make an award to the lowest bidder. Committee members thereupon appealed for counsel to the Judiciary Committee for an opinion.

Lawyers of Two Houses Disagree.

It was soon found impossible to dispose of the matter by a joint resolution, as the two committees were hopelessly at variance. It finally ended with the Senate Committee reporting a resolution declaring that the order of the court was an infringement of the prerogatives of the Senate and of the privileges of the members of that body. The resolution concluded with the order that the three Senators ignore the summons.

The House Committee brought in a minority report similar to that of the Senate, but though the Chairman, Mr. Parker of New Jersey, signed with the minority the rest of the committee with the exception of two Democrats, voted in favor of a report directing the House members to answer the summons. Leave of absence for the purpose was formally given to them in a resolution.

In the Senate the minority side was represented by Mr. Nelson of Minnesota, and he introduced an amendment to the majority resolution, identical as to the declarations on the Senate prerogatives, but authorizing the members at their discretion to appear in court, individually plead their privilege, and appeal the case, if necessary. The debate hinged on the amendment, and after long discussion, in which it was attacked by Senators Root and Clark of Wyoming and defended by Mr. Nelson and Mr. Sutherland of Utah, it was defeated by a non-partisan vote of 14 to 45.

Root Argues Against Judge.

Mr. Root was strongly against compliance with the court's order, though he suggested that it would be more in accordance with the comity existing between co-ordinate branches of the Government if, after the resolution was passed, the proper officer of the Senate should be directed to communicate the Senate's position to the District Court. He was informed that the committee had already determined on that course.

The Nelson amendment was voted down, 14 to 45, and the original committee resolution was adopted without division.

In the House the argument for the majority report, which was signed by fourteen members of the committee, was launched by Mr. Brantley, a Georgia Democrat. His contention was that the House was bound to present to the people of the country an example of respect for the law. He did not consider that in this instance there had been an invasion of the prerogatives of Congress.

Mr. Clayton, an Alabama Democrat, based his arguments for the minority on the fact that the three branches of the Government were co-ordinate and declared that if they were to be kept in the relation given them by the Constitution one branch should not assume authority to judge the acts of another branch. He argued that the joint committee on printing was inherently a part of the House of Representatives and that the court could call neither its members nor the members of the House at large to account for an act done in pursuance of their legislative duties.

It was evident from the outset that the members of both sides were full of the subject and the House settled itself for a siege. At dinner time they were still at it, and a recess was taken until 8 o'clock.

The support of the minority resolution came largely from the Democratic side of the House, although there was nothing of a partisan character in the line-up, and several Democrats spoke in favor of having the men appear before the court. Among them was Mr. Carlin of Virginia, who declared that Justice Wright could not have refused to issue the order.

Mr. Henry of Texas, the third signer of the minority report, stated that no man had more respect for the law and the judiciary than he, but that in this case the court had gone beyond its province. Mr. Fitzgerald of New York spoke on the same side of the question.

Contempt Action Possible.

In the debate in both houses speculation was rife as to the possible outcome of a deadlock between the court and Congress, but the general opinion was that the outcome would follow the lines of previous incidents of this sort, where the courts had in vain tried to coerce the houses of Congress or their committees.

The actual hearing in court is fixed for to-morrow, and as far as the three Senators mentioned in the order are concerned, there will be no hearing. It is considered impossible that the court will order the arrest of the three Senators after the action of the Senate to-day, and it is expected that, as Congress constitutes one of the branches of the Government co-ordinate with the courts, neither side can take any strong action against the other.

As pointed out in the Senate, the logical step for that body to take after declaring its independence of the courts was to have Justice Wright seized and brought before the bar of the Senate for trial on a charge of contempt. Manifestly, from the point of view of the supporters of the jurisdiction of the courts in such instances, the logical steps would be for the court to order the apprehension of the three Senators on a charge of contempt. Neither of these steps is considered within the realm of possibility, and the Senate showed by ordering that the court be respectfully informed of its action that it had no desire of making the incident any more personal than it was by nature.

In order not to miss the many notable features in next Sunday's Times, advertised elsewhere, it is important to place orders with newsdealers to-day.

ROOT-HUGHES CLASH ON THE INCOME TAX

Senator Will Write to the Legislature Upholding Amendment the Governor Condemns.

WILL ALSO SPEAK ON IT

Probably Will Voice Taft's Views—Borah Attacks Hughes's Idea, and Many Senators Agree with Him.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—A speech of Senator Borah in the Senate to-day, replying to Gov. Hughes's criticism of the proposed income tax amendment, drew from Senator Root and many other legal lights on both sides the chamber personal expressions of approval. The consensus of opinion was evidently that the Governor had erred in supposing that the amendment would give to Congress the power to tax salaries of State officers and State bonds.

So strongly does Senator Root feel on this subject that in spite of the fact that he is a Senator from Gov. Hughes's State, he will within a few days make a speech in the Senate indorsing the stand taken by Mr. Borah that the powers feared by the Governor are not and could not be conveyed by the proposed amendment. Still more interesting is the fact, which developed afterward, that even prior to the agitation started by Mr. Borah to put the Senate on record as to the intended significance of the amendment, Senator Root had drafted a letter to the Legislature of New York opposing Gov. Hughes's views. That letter has not yet been sent, but when it reaches Albany it is expected that it will cause a most interesting situation.

Mr. Root speaks always with the weight of the Administration behind him. At least, that is the view held here, whether or not his utterances follow conferences at the White House. But in this particular case the interest will centre on the relative effects on the New York legislative body of a formal message from the Governor and a letter from Senator Root. The whole matter is further complicated, in the opinion of men here, by Mr. Hughes's prospective candidacy for the Presidency at some future date and by Mr. Root's close affiliation first with the Roosevelt and then with the Taft Administrations.

There has been no word indicating Mr. Hughes's intention to run against Mr. Taft in 1912, but the matter is spoken of as one of the natural possibilities. It is felt that, though Mr. Taft has had nothing to do with steering any such scheme, a serious blow would be dealt to the popular confidence in Gov. Hughes by making him appear to oppose the income tax against the wishes of the President and his Cabinet.

When Mr. Borah concluded his argument that it was inherent, in the nature of the independent sovereignties of the State and the Nation, that neither could tax the means of support of the other, many Senators, including Mr. Bailey of Texas, Mr. Heyburn of Idaho, Mr. Bacon of Georgia, and Mr. Smoot of Utah, crowded up to congratulate him, and all of them indorsed heartily the position he had assumed in regard to Gov. Hughes's attack on the amendment as it stood.

Mr. Borah said that so far as the Constitution was concerned, Congress already had the unlimited right to tax State bonds, but quoted several decisions of the Supreme Court to show that there was something inherent in the independent sovereignties of the States and the Federal Government that made it impossible for one to levy on the other's means of support. The power to tax was the power to destroy, he argued, and that was a power nothing could confer.

Mr. Borah predicted that the amendment would not be ratified, and bitterly denounced the persons and interests lined up against it. When he concluded Senator Root approached the group of Senators who were congratulating Mr. Borah and said that while he thought the Idaho Senator had gone too far in speaking of the opponents of the measure, he agreed entirely with the defense of the proposed amendment.

Senator Brown, who was the author of the Constitutional amendment, announced that he would speak on the matter at an early date. In reply to questions he said that he indorsed Mr. Borah's interpretation of the powers conferred by the proposed amendment, but that he felt that should Gov. Hughes's interpretation of the wide scope of the taxing power be correct, that would only be another argument in favor of its passage.

STREET CAR IN BUTCHER SHOP

Jumps the Track and Goes in the Door Just Like a Customer.

The trolley car track that runs down East Fordham Road, in the Bronx, descends a sharp incline and describes a curve at the same time between Tiebout and Valentine Avenues, and it not infrequently jumps the track there. Last night at 7:40 o'clock, a Kingsbridge car did it.

The car was run by Motorman William Crooks of 1,743 St. Lawrence Avenue and Conductor John Burke of 1,876 Bussing Avenue, Westchester. There were not more than six persons in the car. It was going down the incline pretty fast when it left the track, scooted across the street, leaped a foot into the air, and entered Henry Wolf's butcher's shop, at 800 East Fordham Road.

The car went right on into the shop, approached the cash register, and stopped. Mr. Wolf, the only person in the shop at the time, running to the back of the store meanwhile. Motorman Crooks and Jumped inside his car when he saw that it wanted to barge the butcher's shop, so he wasn't hurt.

The car wasn't damaged, but the butcher's shop was. Sarah Sullivan of 1,181 East 167th Street, one of the passengers, was cut by some of Mr. Wolf's broken glass falling on her head. She was treated by a doctor and went home.

Mr. Wolf says this is the third time his shop has been attacked by a reckless trolley car.

"SUNSHINE SPECIAL."
The solidly electric train to Chicago. Illinois Central Railroad. Leaves New York 3:30 P.M. daily. Ticket office, 1,184 Broadway, cor. 28th St.—Adv.

ROOSEVELT, JR., TO WED MISS ALEXANDER

Engagement of Theodore, Son of ex-President, to Daughter of Mrs. H. A. Alexander, Announced.

PLUCKY FOOTBALL PLAYER

Left Harvard Before Graduation to Work in a Connecticut Carpet Mill—Member of the Aero Club.

Mrs. Henry Addison Alexander of 42 West Forty-seventh Street makes formal announcement to-day of the engagement of her only daughter, Miss Eleanor Butler Alexander, to Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., the eldest son of ex-President and Mrs. Roosevelt. No date has been set for the wedding.

Miss Alexander, who is a handsome and brilliant young girl, made her debut two years ago. She is the granddaughter of Mrs. Henry M. Alexander, who was Miss Susan M. Brown, and a niece of Charles B. Alexander of this city, of Mrs. John J. McCook, and of the Rev. Maitland Alexander of Allegheny, Penn. Her mother was Miss Grace Green, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Green of Ohio. Mrs. Alexander obtained a divorce from Mr. Alexander some years ago.

Miss Alexander is also a granddaughter of the late Theron R. Butler. She is highly educated and is a favorite in society. She has been acquainted with her fiancé from childhood, but neither will admit how long the engagement has existed.

Career of Young Roosevelt.

Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., is the eldest child of the ex-President by his second wife, who was Miss Edith Carow, and a half brother of Mrs. Nicholas Longworth. Miss Ethel Roosevelt and Kermit, Archibald, and Quentin Roosevelt are younger children of the ex-President. Theodore, Jr., has long been in the public eye. Graduating from Groton School in 1905, he entered Harvard University in the Fall of that year, and immediately attained prominence. His father being then President was apparently of no importance to the young man, who earned the reputation of being one of the most modest men in college.

Taking an interest in college life he started out for the freshman football team, the only one for which he was eligible, and although weighing only 130 pounds made one of the end positions. His weight at the time was given out as being considerably more than this for fear the public might gain the idea that some "pull" had been exerted in his favor. Incidentally his game against Yale was very fit, and he played so pluckily against heavier men as to be taken in an unconscious state from the field. The next year he was declared too light for the 'Varsity team, but continued to play on his class eleven.

He made his home at the Dunworth, a dormitory somewhat removed from the college centre, and chose his comrades from among the popular members of his class. Never able to escape newspaper attention he was once reported engaged to an actress.

Father Witnesses His Hazing.

In his junior year Mr. Roosevelt made the A. D., (Alpha Delta Phi,) one of the most popular clubs at Harvard and of which his father had been a member. Mr. Roosevelt was present at the hazing his son received, and took a decided interest throughout the whole of his son's college career.

Early in 1908, before being graduated Mr. Roosevelt terminated his college work, and in the Autumn following started life as a wage earner in a carpet mill at Thompsonville, Conn. He is employed with the Hartford Carpet Company there, but his identity for some time was kept a secret, owing to his dislike of notoriety.

In order to divert himself for a while from the carpet trade, he took up the study of aeronautics and became a member of the Aero Club of America. He had had a narrow escape in an army balloon a year before. Two Decembers ago Mr. Roosevelt was made aide de camp on his staff, with the rank of Major, by Gov. Lilley of Connecticut, Mr. and Mrs. Lilley having been intimate friends of Admiral and Mrs. William Sheffield Cowles of Farmington, the latter Col. Roosevelt's sister. He resigned this post when Gov. Weeks took office.

Mr. Roosevelt through his father traces back to Claes Martenszen Van Rosenvelt of Zeeland, Holland, who emigrated to New Netherland in 1650 and had two sons, Isaac and Nicholas, both of whom assumed the name of Roosevelt. The latter's son, Johannes Roosevelt, had two children, one of whom, Jacobus Roosevelt, distinguished himself in the New York Colonial troops. His eldest son, James Jacobus Roosevelt, was commissary of New York troops during the Revolutionary War, and married Helen van Schaick. Their eldest son, Cornelius Van Schaick Roosevelt, served in the New Jersey Provincial Congress and married Margaret Barnwell, a descendant of Thomas Potts. Their youngest son, Theodore Roosevelt, died in 1878. The latter was the grandfather of the present fiancé of Miss Alexander.

PAYS DEAD BANKRUPT'S DEBTS

Brother Clears J. J. Sammet's Good Name by Settlement with Creditors.

A petition in bankruptcy brought against James J. Sammet, a manufacturer of women's underwear at 182 Greene Street, was dismissed by Judge Holt in the United States Circuit Court yesterday, when the principal creditor, Leonard Brosnar, stated that Mr. Sammet's brother, to save the good name of the head of the firm, who had since died, had arranged to pay all the creditors 50 cents on the dollar.

Mr. Sammet filed his petition in bankruptcy on Dec. 30. The liabilities were $10,000. He died shortly afterward, and his brother immediately began to arrange a settlement with the creditors. He said it was his brother's dying wish that the debt be wiped out as completely as possible, but the best he could do was to pay each creditor half the amount due.

This proposal was immediately accepted by every creditor.

Latest Shipping News.

Arrived—SS. Denver, Galveston, Feb. 5; SS. Regina d'Italia, Genoa, Jan. 22.

Hot Springs Railway of the South.
Atlantic Coast Line. Superior Roadway. Superior Service. 4 Limited Trains Daily. 9:00 A.M. 3:30 P.M. 12:12 Night. 1184 B'way.—Adv.

GRAND DUKE WEDS SECRETLY.

Czar's Brother Michael Makes Thrice Divorced Woman His Wife.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—According to The Daily Mail's correspondent, Grand Duke Michael Alexandrovitch, the Czar's brother, has secretly married a lady who in the course of an adventurous career has been divorced three times.

Although the Grand Duke has been seen frequently in company with his morganatic wife, the fact that he had married her, The Daily Mail's correspondent says, became known only today. The Czar is reported to be furious, while the Empress Marie Feodorovna on her recent return from Copenhagen refused to see her son.

CZAR AND KING TO MEET.

Conference Between Edward and Nicholas to Take Place Next Summer.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—A dispatch to The Daily Chronicle from Helsingfors says it is understood that King Edward will meet the Czar in the course of the coming Summer. The meeting, it is said, will take place in the Finnish gulf.

MARTHA GRUENING INDICTED.

New York Suffragist Accused of Inciting Philadelphia Strikers to Riot.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 10.—Miss Martha Gruening of New York, a young Smith College graduate and a leader in the woman's suffrage movement, was indicted by a Grand Jury here to-day on the charge of inciting to riot. She was arrested on this charge during the recent strike of the shirtwaist operators.

True bills were found against fourteen of the strikers and their sympathizers.

The Gruening home in this city is at 36 East Fifty-seventh Street. Miss Mary Gruening, a daughter, speaking for the family last night, said that she had nothing to add to the statement of her sister, already printed in THE TIMES.

"My sister," she said, "did not incite any one to riot, and if she has been indicted for doing so then she has been indicted on a false charge."

$100,000 GIFT TO YALE.

Alfred G. Vanderbilt Adds to His Contributions to Endowment Fund.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 10.—The gift of $100,000 to Yale University by Alfred G. Vanderbilt of New York was made known to-night. The gift will be applied toward the general university endowment and is part of a subscription of $250,000 for this purpose.

Mr. Vanderbilt has thus far given $175,000, and it is understood will complete the amount before the close of the year.

It was also made known to-night that by the will of the late Frank D. Allen of Lynn, Mass., the residue of his estate, after deducting a few family bequests, is given in trust to the college. The income will be used to maintain a scholarship. The amount of the bequest is not known.

ROCKEFELLER AIDS Y. M. C. A.

Gives $100,000 Toward Fund for Erecting Building in Cleveland.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Feb. 10.—John D. Rockefeller has given $100,000 toward the fund which is being raised for the erection of a new Young Men's Christian Association home here. This was announced at a banquet to-night of the committee of business men recently organized to raise $500,000 for the purpose.

Mr. Rockefeller made his gift on the condition that the other $400,000 be raised here. It is believed that can be done easily. It was stated at the banquet that already half of the sum needed had been promised and that more than $500,000 probably will be raised within a week. As fast as $1,000 is pledged it is registered on an immense clock which has been erected in the public square.

NOT MRS. W. E. ARNOLD.

Woman Seeking Divorce in Nevada Is Mrs. L. H. Arnold.

Special to The New York Times.

RENO, Nev., Feb. 10.—Mrs. Lemuel Hastings Arnold, wife of a New York lawyer, who has a country home at Westbury, L. I., is here seeking a divorce, and not Mrs. William E. Arnold of the Hotel Savoy, New York, as reported here last night.

Mrs. William E. Arnold, at the Hotel Savoy yesterday, denied emphatically that she was seeking a divorce from her husband.

"I cannot understand," she said, "how my name could have been mentioned in such a connection. I have never been out West, and have not left New York for some time. I do not know any one in Reno who could have made use of my name. The whole matter is as inexplicable as it is distressing to me."

GUSTAVE GETTING WELL.

King of Sweden Rapidly Improving After Operation for Appendicitis.

STOCKHOLM, Feb. 10.—King Gustave is rapidly improving from the operation for appendicitis which he underwent Monday night. The official bulletin issued by the attending physicians this evening says: "The King has taken considerable nourishment during the day, and he is rapidly gaining strength. His temperature is normal."

The Queen arrived in this city this morning from Karlsruhe and repaired at once to the King's bedside. His Majesty's wound has been closed permanently and the healing process is normal.

WED, QUICKLY SEPARATE.

Young Couple Agree to Meet One Year Later for Religious Ceremony.

Special to The New York Times.

BROCKTON, Mass., Feb. 10.—A strange agreement was made by a young couple who were married to-day by City Clerk Packard. No sooner was the ceremony over than the newly weds kissed one another and promised to meet in this city one year from to-day and be remarried by a Jewish rabbi.

The couple are Joseph Swartzberg, a real estate dealer, with offices on Plymouth Street, and Miss Lena Moskovits, a milliner of New York City. The bride hastened to the railroad station to catch a train for New York, while Mr. Swartzberg retraced his steps toward his home in Plymouth Street. He declined to give a reason for the separation.

DEWEY'S MADEIRA OR SHERRY WINES.
Sherry before dinner. Madeira after.
H. M. Dewey & Sons Co., 120 Fulton St., New York.—Adv.

DR. HYDE ARRESTED AS SWOPE'S SLAYER

Accused of First Degree Murder. He Has Hearing and Is Released on Bail.

FACES THE CHARGE CALMLY

Special Grand Jury Will Be Called to Investigate All Phases of the Kansas City Mystery.

Special to The New York Times.

KANSAS CITY, Feb. 10.—Dr. B. Clark Hyde was arrested this afternoon on a warrant charging the murder of Col. Thomas H. Swope, whose physician Dr. Hyde was. An information, sworn to by John G. Paxton, executor of the Swope estate, was previously filed with Virgil Conkling, Prosecuting Attorney.

First-degree murder is charged. The warrant says that Dr. Hyde, with felonious intent, administered strychnine to Col. Swope on the day of his death. Across the back of the complaint filed by Mr. Paxton, asking for a warrant, Prosecutor Conkling wrote above his signature: "I hereby indorse this complaint."

Prosecutor Conkling left at 2:30 o'clock for Independence, accompanied by Mr. Paxton and Thomas E. J. Mastin, to swear out the warrant before Justice of the Peace W. S. Loar. Before leaving his office he called up Dr. Hyde's attorney, Frank P. Walsh, and informed him of the intended action. Walsh agreed to have Dr. Hyde at the office of Marshal Mayes when Conkling returned, so that the warrant could be served. Judge Latshaw said he would be in waiting to hear the application for bail.

Later it was agreed between Hyde's attorneys and the Prosecutor that the physician should go voluntarily to the Prosecutor's office at 4 o'clock and accept service. In the meantime Hyde remained at the office of his attorneys, awaiting the hour of agreed surrender.

Submits to Arrest Quietly.

Dr. Hyde surrendered quietly. He submitted to arrest without demanding to hear the warrant read. From the Prosecutor's office the party went to Independence, where Dr. Hyde was arraigned before Justice Loar. He pleaded not guilty, and was released on a bond of $50,000. His preliminary hearing was set for Feb. 17.

Prosecutor Conkling originally planned to have the bond fixed at $25,000, but Hyde's attorneys had arranged for a fifty-thousand-dollar surety, and, as they expressed a willingness to give this amount, it was accepted. The bond was signed by F. P. Neal, President of the Southwest National Bank; H. F. Hall, President of the Hall-Baker Grain Company; M. D. Scruggs, a live stock dealer; William McLaughlin, a horseman, and John M. Cleary, Frank P. Walsh, and John Lucas, attorneys.

The calmest man in the Justice's office in Independence was Dr. Hyde. While attorneys busied themselves making out the papers in the case, and while the few spectators whispered loudly and crowded forward for a view of the accused physician, he sat near Marshal Mayes and read a paper that told of the developments in the Swope investigation.

"By the way, Mr. Mayes," he said, folding up the paper, "I wish you would call up my house and have my wife informed that I will be home for dinner. She will be worring about me."

Just as soon as the bond was accepted Dr. Hyde hurried to his home in an automobile.

Grand Jury to Investigate.

Judge Latshaw to-day instructed the County Marshal to empanel a special Grand Jury to convene Saturday morning to investigate the death of Col. Swope.

"Conkling wants to get to work as quickly as possible," said Judge Latshaw. "So the Grand Jury will be summoned for Saturday at 9 A. M. This is only fair. The whole city and county are interested in this Swope case. The Coroner's Jury has cast a shadow of doubt over Dr. Hyde. If he is innocent it ought to be known. If he is guilty, that, too, ought to be known as soon as possible."

The Grand Jury will go into every phase of the mystery. The inquiry will not be confined to the death of Col. Swope, but will include the death of Christman Swope and the epidemic of illness in the Swope household. Following the deaths of the two elder Swopes, nine members of Mrs. Logan O. Swope's family were stricken with typhoid fever.

Dr. Hyde, who attended the typhoid patients, and himself contracted the disease, had only sufficiently recovered to be able to attend the recent Coroner's inquest.

"I waited until I had afforded Dr. Hyde and his counsel every opportunity to give me light on this case," said Prosecutor Conkling to-night. "I deferred action until this afternoon in the hope of obtaining information and might have deferred action still longer had I obtained any. I was determined to be absolutely sure of my ground before I proceeded, and now that I have acted my action speaks for itself.

"I had hoped to get information from the witnesses in the civil suits which were filed by Dr. Hyde. I also had hoped to get information from Dr. Hyde himself at the inquest, but he refused to testify. I made a personal request of Dr. Hyde's attorney to notify me when he cross-examined the State's witnesses so that I might get definite information.

"I hope to get well into the case with the Grand Jury on Saturday. It should not take more than a week to examine the witnesses in the case, and the Grand Jury will probably decide in that time whether there is any good reason to charge Dr. Hyde with having caused any of the deaths in the Swope family."

From the Hyde home no word has come to-day. All efforts to see Dr. Hyde to-night were met with the response that he had nothing to say.

There was a new turn to-day in Dr. Hyde's suits for alleged slander. The case in which the physician asked $500,000 in damages from Mr. Paxton, was dismissed by the Circuit Court at Independence. This action was prompted by the attorneys for Dr. Hyde, who desired to thwart an attempt of Paxton's lawyers to obtain a deposition from the physician. One suit for $100,000 is still pending against Attorney Paxton.

Deaths Aroused Suspicion.

The death of Col. Swope on Oct. 3 last was attended by circumstances which mystefied the millionaire's family and friends. Dr. Hyde treated Col. Swope during his last hours and, in signing the death certificate, gave apoplexy as the cause of death.

When in December an epidemic of typhoid fever began in the Swope household during which eight persons were stricken and one, Chrisman Swope, died, under conditions that caused much apprehension among the attending nurses, John G. Paxton, the executor, and Mrs. Logan Swope, mother of Chrisman, instituted an investigation.

Dr. Edward L. Stewart came forward with the statement that on Nov. 10 Dr. Hyde had obtained from him an active typhoid culture. After Dr. Stewart had divulged this information Dr. Hyde was placed under the constant surveillance of detectives.

Dr. Hyde prescribed for Col. Swope dur-

the latter's illness. He gave a digestive capsule to the patient on Oct. 4. Twenty minutes later while reading a newspaper he went into convulsions. His neck and limbs stiffened and he groaned in great paint. He rallied long enough to say: "I wish I had not taken that medicine."

On Dec. 2 the nurses attending Chrisman Swope, who was being treated for typhoid fever, were surprised when he also had convulsions and became unconscious, exactly as his uncle had done two months before. Chrisman Swope died Dec. 6.

Physician's Illness Questioned.

On Dec. 20 Dr. Hyde himself had an attack said to be typhoid fever, which added to the complications of the case. Dr. Stewart later gave to the prosecuting attorney interesting evdeince bearing on Dr. Hyde's illness.

"When Dr. Hyde became ill," said Dr. Stewart, "I was asked to make an examination of his blood for typhoid. He asked that I make the Widal test. This will show typhoid fever, even if the subject suffered from the disease several years before. An examination of the blood of Dr. Hyde showed a faint trace of typhoid.

"I then asked permission to make the culture test. This is an absolute test for typhoid if it is actively present in the blood when the blood is taken from the patient."

Dr. Stewart said that this test showed no typhoid germs.

After it was decided that the bodies of Col. Swope and Chrisman Swope should be disinterred, Mr. Paxton and Mrs. Logan Swope recalled Dr. Hyde's insistence that he be permitted to act as physician for the family, although Dr. G. T. Twyman had for years served in that capacity.

The five nurses employed at the Swope home became so aroused by the manifestations in the diseases prevailing there that finally they notified Mrs. Swope they would all leave unless another physician be called in. Then Dr. Twyman was summoned and resumed his services as the family physician. Shortly thereafter Dr. Hyde himself was stricken.

Later the body of Chrisman Swope was secretly exhumed and that of Col. Swope was taken from its tomb. After an autopsy had been held, the stomachs of the two dead men were forwarded to Chicago and analyzed by Drs. Haines, Hektoen, and Vaughan.

Dr. Hyde, in a statement made soon after the investigation began, said:

"Col. Swope died of apoplexy. There is no doubt about it. It was as plain a case of apoplexy as I have ever seen. Col. Swope was getting old and feeble. He had been sick for more than three months of old age, lack of appetite, and senility. Only a few weeks before his death he had had a severe fall."

Hyde in Trouble Before.

Dr. Hyde is the son of the Rev. Dr. G. W. Hyde, a retired Baptist minister of Lexington, Mo. Dr. Hyde was born near Bunceton, Mo., forty years ago. He was graduated from Wentworth Military Academy, Lexington, Mo., in 1889, and then entered the University Medical College, Kansas City. After obtaining his degree he began the practice of medicine here.

In August, 1897, when he was Police Surgeon of Kansas City, he was ousted from office because of alleged inhuman treatment of Annie Clements, a negress, who had come under his care at the police station.

In 1898 he was charged with grave robbing. At this time Dr. Hyde was demonstrator of anatomy at the University Medical College. Hyde was arrested, but the case never came to trial.

In 1905 Dr. Hyde clandestinely married Miss Frances Swope, a niece of Col. Swope, on June 21 of that year at Fayetteville, Ark., against the wishes of her mother, Mrs. Logan O. Swope. As a result of the marriage, Dr. Hyde and his wife's family were alienated until a short time ago, when a reconciliation was brought about. Following the announcement of Dr. Hyde's marriage, Mrs. Sarah H. Frank of Kansas City brought suit against him, asking damages for breach of promise to marry. This case was settled out of court.

The estate of Col. Swope was valued at $3,000,000.

PLAYGROUND BOARD FOR CITY.

Creation of a Commission Provided for in Assemblyman Toombs's Bill.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 10.—Creation of a playground commission for New York City is provided for in a bill introduced to-day by Assemblyman Frederick R. Toombs. The commission is to include three members to be appointed by the Mayor, one by the Board of Education, and one by the Park Board. The members are to serve without pay, and their powers are to include appointment of attendants and consideration of propositions for the purchase of land for playgrounds.

A group of bills introduced by Assemblyman John C. Hackett of New York includes several measures he has presented at previous sessions. They provide for greater restrictions in the operation of railroads and the regulation of cutting ice on the Hudson River.

Perin's Child Here; Guardians Named.

Oliver Perin and Marie Louise Perin, his sister, were appointed guardians of their nephew, Lawrence Perin, Jr., yesterday by Justice Gerard in the Supreme Court. He is a son of Lawrence Perin, recently adjudged insane here. The child arrived yesterday on the steamship Hamburg. Mr. Perin, his uncle, met the vessel at Quarantine, and the nurse and her charge were taken out on a tug. They were landed in Jersey City, and took an early train for Baltimore.

Radically Different From All Other Musical Instruments

We invite attention to a distinctly different kind of musical instrument. While it is played with a music-roll on the PIANOLA principle, the character of music produced is wholly unlike that of the piano. In fact, there is no previous instrument with which it can be fairly compared. That is because its *method of tone production* is entirely different from that of any other instrument whatsoever. It is called the

Aeolian Orchestrelle

To appreciate the beautiful and unusual effects which characterize this instrument, it is necessary to understand something of what is meant by "*Tone Coloration.*" To the uninitiated, the term may imply something complex and uninteresting. But actually it furnishes one of the chief charms in all music.

To gain a little idea of the varied and exquisite effects characteristic of the Aeolian Orchestrelle, ask to hear that dainty little morceau of Victor Herbert, known as "Badinage," and then have it followed by the great March from "Tannhauser." The hearing will be a revelation in the possibilities of musical instruments.

A handsome example of this remarkable instrument is offered at $400 and particularly easy monthly terms will be arranged.

THE AEOLIAN COMPANY
AEOLIAN HALL
362 FIFTH AVE., near 34th St., NEW YORK

GREAT ISSUE HANGS ON TRUST DECISIONS

Administration Deeply Concerned Over Possible Consequences of Supreme Court's Findings.

TAFT AND ALDRICH CONFER

Statement Soon to be Issued—Situation a Momentous One Politically and for Nation's Industries.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—A conference at the White House last night between President Taft and Senator Aldrich was only the forerunner of others in the near future, the outcome of which probably will be the early issue through some appropriate channel of a statement dealing with a situation which is much discussed here, although apparently none thus far has deemed it prudent to make it the subject of public utterance. That situation relates to the possible consequences, financial, industrial, and political, hanging upon the decisions of the Supreme Court of the United States in the pending cases of the American Tobacco Company and the Standard Oil Company. The former has been argued and is now in the hands of the court; the latter has been advanced and set for argument on March 14.

The immediate subject of last night's conference between the President and Mr. Aldrich was the perfecting of the Administration's proposed amendments to the inter-State commerce law; but the effects of the Supreme Court's decisions in the tobacco and Standard Oil cases were discussed also and will be taken up further after Senator Aldrich's return on Monday from New York, whither he went this afternoon.

Taft Will Not Modify Plans.

Meanwhile, the President will speak in New York Saturday evening on the subject, it is said, of "Party Pledges and How They Should be Kept." He is attempting no concealment or modification of his intention to make the decision of the Supreme Court the guide of the Government's further action in regard to corporations charged with violations of the Sherman anti-trust law. He makes it plain to inquirers that he has in no wise changed his view of what in his message to Congress he described as his duty and his purpose, to investigate the conduct of all trusts, and will not be swerved therefrom by rumors or flurries or other manifestations in Wall Street.

The general impression here is that the proposed Federal incorporation law will not be passed at the present session of Congress. All the talk is unfavorable to its substantial progress, and Mr. Taft recently disclaimed any intention of attempting to force its passage. But even if it were enacted in its present form, it offers, in the opinion of both active members of Congress and of representative corporation men, no material relief in the condition which hangs upon the decision in the anti-trust cases. The bill provides, in all but so many words, that it shall not be constructed to create a shelter or immunity for any corporation which has offended the prohibitions of the Sherman law. Nobody here shares what appears to have been the popular impression—that the proposed Federal incorporation act would afford relief to corporations directly or indirectly threatened under a possible adverse decision of the court of last resort. Nor is other legislation contemplated which might be expected to relieve the tension.

Aldrich Sees no Solution.

Senator Aldrich said to-day before his departure for New York:

"I can conceive of no legislation within the power of Congress which can meet this situation; either in anticipation of the Supreme Court's decision, or subsequent to it."

"Unless, perhaps, the repeal of the Sherman law?" the questioner suggested.

The Senator smiled grimly. It was evident that he regarded that as outside the domain of possibility.

As for the scope of the anti-trust cases before the Supreme Court, here is what Attorney General Wickersham said in connection with his motion to advance the Standard Oil case to immediate hearing:

"The tobacco case, just argued and submitted to this court, and the Standard Oil case, present to the court practically the entire range of modern industrial organizations in this country and substantially every feature of the so-called 'trust problem,' in so far as it is affected by the Sherman act. * * * It has been the policy of the Government to select a few extreme instances of great combinations apparently controlling the greater part of trade and commerce in a particular line of industry and to make them tests of the full meaning and application of the statute. The Standard Oil case is the most important of all these cases, affecting, as it does, the widest range of combinations and contracts which may be claimed to offend against the act of Congress. Under these circumstances, and as this act in its general scope, affects an enormous number of business and industrial organizations throughout the country, it is of momentous public importance that this court shall define and apply the act in reference to the character of organization."

The Market Eager for News.

The delicate relation which Wall Street and the financial world generally bear to the news and gossip of three great branches of the Government indicates in a measure the effect which the decisions of the Supreme Court, one way or the other, in these great cases, will certainly have in the field of finance. Those here who are in communication with "the market" clutch eagerly at every crumb of news or gossip on this subject.

Industrially, as Mr. Wickersham said to the court, practically the whole scope of moderate corporate organization is in one way or another involved in these cases. Both "good trusts" and "bad trusts" apparently have a stake in the affair. If the court should sustain the judgments of the courts below it might call for industrial readjustments of far-reaching effects.

Political leaders here, closely reflecting the mind of leaders of industry, express the hope that the court, should its judgment sustain the Government and be hostile to the defendant corporations, will in handing down its decision point out some measure of that relief which from any point of view now appears outside the possible range of legislation.

Politically the consequences of a decision either way must be momentous, especially so to the majority party, in the event of the defeat of the Government.

"If the trusts win and Congress is helpless to assist in the situation either way, where are we at?" asked a Republican leader to-day. This is the topic most discussed in Washington just now. It is uppermost in every quarter. It has thus far been discussed, as it were, in whispers, but leaders in Congress admitted to-day that it would be impossible much longer to confine it to private conversation.

TRY TO WRECK GAYNOR TRAIN

But the Mayor Wasn't on It—Bloodhounds Trail a Suspect.

PATCHOGUE, L. I., Feb. 10.—District Attorney Furman of Suffolk County is investigating two attempts that were made last week to wreck the Wading River express on the Long Island Railroad. The train is known as the "Gaynor Special," because it is on this train that Mayor Gaynor always travels to his country place in St. James on Saturdays.

One suspect is already under arrest, and it is expected that other arrests will soon follow. The prisoner is to be arraigned to-day before Justice Losee at this place.

The first attempt at train wrecking was made on Monday, Mr. Furman said to-day. A big stone was put on the track near Setauket, but it was seen in time to avoid an accident. On Thursday evening another boulder was placed on the track, but the locomotive hurled it aside.

The District Attorney put bloodhounds on the wreckers' trail. They followed the scent, he said, to a house nearby. The man who lived there wasn't in.

A search was begun with the result that he was quietly arrested in Long Island City last Saturday night. He was brought to Patchogue, and the affair was kept quiet, as the District Attorney was afraid that publicity might result in the escape of the accomplices that the District Attorney is sure the man must have had.

NOT A BOOM DINNER.

Admiration of Congressman Bennet is Non-Partisan, Chairman Says.

Gustav Hartman, Chairman of the committee which is arranging a dinner to Congressman William S. Bennet to be held at Little Hungary, in East Houston Street, on the night of Monday, March 14, denied emphatically last night that any political significance attached to the affair. Mr. Hartman was indignant that any one should think that a Gubernatorial boom for the Congressman would be launched at the dinner.

"The statement that there was an ulterior motive back of the giving of this testimonial to a popular man is entirely unfounded," said Mr. Hartman. "Politics does not enter into it in any way, and it is an injustice to Mr. Bennet and the prominent men who will be present to say so. People of different political and religious faith will be present, and our only purpose is to honor a distinguished man for his good work in Congress."

The dinner is being held in the heart of the east side, while Mr. Bennet represents an upper west side district. He has been one of the staunchest workers in Congress against proposals to restrict immigration.

HORSE CAR LINE'S BIG DEBT.

Crosstown Railway Owes $1,639,167, Guaranteed by Metropolitan.

Newell Martin, referee in the foreclosure suit brought by the Central Trust Company against the Twenty-eighth and Twenty-ninth Street Crosstown Railway, a horse car line; Joseph B. Mayer, temporary receiver, and the Metropolitan Street Railway, filed his report yesterday.

The line issued $1,500,000 bonds in 1896, guaranteed by the Metropolitan Street Railway Company. Payment was defaulted on $37,500 semi-annual interest in 1908, and again in 1909. Then the bondholders elected to foreclose. The total debts on the bonds are now $1,639,167.

Referee Martin has decided that the best interests of the bondholders will be subserved by the sale of the company's assets in their entirety, rather than by partition and sale.

BLACK HAND KINGS IN DURESS

Awful Letter Writers Were Boys, Who Fall to Gerry Society.

The Bronx block on Washington Avenue was relieved of its Black Hand strain last night when the self-confessed "Kings of the Black Hand" were arrested and sent to the Gerry Society as juvenile offenders. They were Willie Hirschfield, 15, office boy, 1,712 Washington Avenue, and Sammie Isloufsky, 14, Postal messenger boy, 1,696 Washington Avenue. The complainant named on the police books is Eddie Schecht, 16, of 1,692 Washington Avenue, a neighborhood juvenile potentate who sells papers. Last Monday Eddie received this letter: "If you don't give us $10, we will kill you.

"KINGS OF THE BLACK HAND."

The letter did not say where the $10 was to be left. Mrs. Schecht was in a state of terror about her son, and he himself did not walk out after dark. The block heard about the letter. Companions of the Schecht boy kept telling him that they had seen lurking around there a huge black-bearded man with a ferocious countenance.

Detectives Repetti and O'Meara began inquiring around, and the apprehension of the two kings became so great that they confessed last night, explaining that they had sent the letter as a joke.

Hughes to Speak at Gilder Memorial.

Gov. Hughes, Jacob A. Riis, Talcott Williams, and President Butler of Columbia University will be the speakers at the meeting to be held in Mendelssohn Hall at 3:30 o'clock on Sunday afternoon, Feb. 20, in commemoration of the life and work of Richard Watson Gilder. The meeting will be held under the auspices of the American Academy of Arts and Letters and the various other organizations of which Mr. Gilder was a member.

New Food Contractors on Ellis Island.

Commissioner William Williams received notice yesterday from Washington that to Hudgins & Dumas has been awarded the privilege of selling food to the aliens on Ellis Island for the unexpired term of Fritz Brodt, the present holder of the concession. The prices at which the new contractors will feed the immigrants are: Breakfast, 7 cents; dinner, 8 cents, and supper, 9 cents. Hudgins & Dumas held the contract before Brodt got it a year or more ago. They were also bidders for the food concession on the Panama Canal.

5 TO 1 ANTI-CANNON IN WESTERN STATES

Poll of Republican Editors Shows This Result—16 to 1 Among the Independents.

3 TO 1 AGAINST THE TARIFF

Republican Writers in States of Members of Ways and Means Committee Do Not Support Them.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Feb. 10.—The Republican and independent newspapers of the Middle West are overwhelmingly opposed to the selection of Joseph G. Cannon as Speaker of the next House of Representatives. This is the vote:

	For.	Against.
Republicans	546	2,653
Independents	31	541
Total	577	3,194

They also are opposed to the Aldrich-Cannon Tariff bill. This is the vote:

	For.	Against.
Republicans	812	2,086
Independents	27	577
Total	839	2,663

This condition is shown by a poll which The Chicago Tribune has just completed. Ballots were sent, except in Chicago, to all of the editors in these States: Ohio, Michigan, Illinois, Indiana, Wisconsin, Iowa, Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Oklahoma, Utah, Wyoming, Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon, California, Nevada, Kentucky, Tennessee, Missouri, Arizona, and New Mexico.

These questions were asked:

Is the Hon. Joseph G. Cannon of Illinois your choice for Speaker of the next Congress?

Do you indorse the Aldrich-Cannon tariff law or the Aldrich-Cannon organization of the Senate and the House?

The editor of each newspaper was asked to state his political affiliations. Those who recorded themselves as Democrats were omitted from the compilation of the returns, as it was desired to get only the opinions of the Republicans and Independents. On the question of Cannon for Speaker in the next Congress the ratio is 5 to 1 against among the Republicans and 16 to 1 against among the Independents.

The sentiment among the Republicans is most strongly against Cannon in the Northwest group of States, where the vote is 10 to 1 against him. He has only one supporter in Montana, while in Minnesota only 18 Republican editors are for him, while 228 are against.

Illinois All Against Cannon.

He is not the choice of the majority of Republican editors in a single Congressional district of Illinois, not even in his own district. The vote in Illinois is 57 for him and 199 against for the Republicans, while only one of the thirty-four Independent editors is in favor of him.

The Speaker finds the strongest support in the border group of States, where more than one-third of the Republican editors favor him. But every State of the twenty-six polled is recorded emphatically against his re-election.

The sentiment against the Aldrich bill is nearly as strong as that against the Speaker.

Only in one State are a majority of the Republican editors in favor of the law. It carries Missouri by a vote of 84 to 78, the favoring votes coming chiefly from the western part of the State, in the lead and zinc regions.

Cannon's own State opposes the tariff by a vote of 68 Republicans and 1 Independent for, and 221 Republicans and 40 Independents against.

Committeemen Not Approved.

The Western members of the Ways and Means Committee, who framed the bill, have not the approval of their home papers. Calderhead, who lives in Kansas, will learn that only 65 Republican editors and 3 Independents approve the bill, while 142 Republicans and 35 Independents are opposed.

Michigan, the home of Fordney, is against the bill by a vote of 47 Republicans and 2 Independents for and 177 Republicans and 47 Independents against. Needham of California will learn that the sentiment of his State is against his bill by five to one, and Ellis of Oregon will find his bill disapproved by a vote of more than ten to one.

The Northwest is most strongly against the new tariff, the Pacific next, and the Central West is stronger in its opposition than the group of States west of the Mississippi, although the latter group opposes it by a vote of 267 Republicans and 10 independents for and 806 Republicans and 150 independents against.

The border is where the bill finds most supporters, the group of States and Territories polled showing 113 Republicans and 3 Independents for and 127 Republicans and 73 Independents against.

The ballots were compiled by a force of twenty-two clerks, who were instructed to be absolutely impartial. The returns were carefully checked and every effort was made that the poll should be accurate, fair, and just.

SHIP CANAL ACROSS FRANCE.

Project Revived for Battleship Waterway from Atlantic to Mediterranean.

PARIS, Feb. 10.—In connection with the discussion to-day in the Chamber of Deputies on the reorganization of the navy M. Senac, Deputy from Tarn and Garonne, introduced amendments to the Finance bill, with the object of reviving the deep waterway canal project to connect the Atlantic with the Mediterranean. The plan calls for the construction of a canal 160 feet wide by 35 feet deep, capable of accommodating the largest merchant steamers and battleships.

Deputy Senac declared that such a canal would be worth a squadron of battleships to France, and, in addition, would be very profitable commercially. He estimated that it would cost $150,000,000.

VANDERBILT LOSES SUIT.

Harold Must Pay $4,500 to Frenchman Knocked Down by Auto.

PARIS, Feb. 10.—Harold Vanderbilt of New York was to-day condemned by the Tribunal of the Seine to pay $4,500 damages to a harness maker who was knocked down and injured by Mr. Vanderbilt's automobile.

The accident occurred near Valence, as long ago as February, 1907.

LINCOLN'S BIRTHDAY AT ATLANTIC CITY
SPECIAL TRAIN SERVICE
Pennsylvania R. R.
Leave New York . . . 1:40 P. M.
FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 11
Broiler Buffet Parlor Cars and Coaches
Leave Atlantic City . . 4:00 P. M.
SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 13
Parlor Cars, Dining Car, Coaches.
Regular trains leave New York 9:35 A. M. and 3:30 P. M. week-days, 7:15 A. M. Sundays.

JAPANESE EXCLUSION BILL.

House Committee Reports One That Would Keep Out Laborers.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—A bill by Representative Hayes of California, aimed at the exclusion from the United States of the laboring classes of Japanese, was reported favorably to the House to-day by the Committee on Immigration by a unanimous vote.

At present the Japanese immigration is restricted by a mutual agreement between the United States and Japan, by the terms of which Japan has prevented the laboring class from coming to the United States. It had been expected that some exclusion law would be devised to take the place of this agreement.

EMBASSY BILL REPORTED.

Provides $500,000 a Year for Purchase of Diplomatic Homes.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—The United States will build and own its own embassy buildings abroad to the extent of $500,000 annually if Congress acts favorably upon the Lowden bill, which was reported to the House to-day from the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

The decision to report the bill followed a hearing to-day, at which President Jones and other officials of the American Embassy Association vigorously attacked the present system of leasing buildings.

USELESS CUSTOM HOUSES.

Malby Says He Knows of Some That Handle No Imports.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—"I know custom houses where there has not been collected a single dollar in ten years," declared Representative Malby of New York, in the House to-day, in favoring the passage of a resolution calling on the Secretary of the Treasury for a statement of permanent appropriations made by Congress. "Perhaps this statement will permit us to reach some cases of that kind."

On motion of Representative Mann of Illinois, a section of the bill calling for an opinion by Secretary MacVeagh on the propriety of passing a bill was stricken out, whereupon Representative Fitzgerald of New York inquired:

"Do you object to receiving the opinion of this Cabinet officer because he is a distinguished Democrat?"

Mr. Mann joined in the general laughter, but did not reply.

A GLOVE LEATHER INQUIRY.

Treasury Suspects That Imports at New York Are Undervalued.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—Alleged undervaluation of certain glove leather imported at the Port of New York is to be investigated by the Tariff Board, at the request of the Secretary of the Treasury. This is the first case referred by the Treasury Department to the Tariff Board.

Treasury officials say the inquiry is along the general line of obtaining accurate information as to the correctness of appraisements of duty made on glove leather imports, and not with any immediate idea of disclosing criminal practices.

CATTLE RECEIPTS FALL OFF.

Smaller Production in the Last Year One Cause of High Prices.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—One contributing cause to the high price of meat, according to a report of the Department of Commerce and Labor, issued to-day, is the fact that live stock receipts for the year 1909 at seven leading interior markets of the United States were the lowest since 1904. The total live stock receipts for the year 1909 in these markets aggregated 29,545,725 head. The receipts of hogs for the last year fell off particularly. For each of the four years previous to 1909 the hog receipts had been in excess of 19,000,000 head, totaling more than 22,000,000 in 1908, falling to 18,834,641 last year.

Cattle receipts in these markets for 1909 were 9,189,312, and, while comparing favorably with those of the previous year, fell below the totals for the three years before 1908. Sheep fell below those in 1905 to 1907, but compared favorably with 1908.

The report also shows that grain receipts at fifteen of the principal markets during 1909 were 744,624,068 bushels, which is lower than for any year since 1904.

$20,000,000 NEW CAPITAL.

Pullman Company Plans to Capitalize Surplus Assets.

CHICAGO, Feb. 10.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Pullman Company to-day it was decided to call a special stockholders' meeting on March 21, at which will be submitted a proposition for capitalizing the surplus assets of the company to the extent of $20,000,000.

This surplus, it was stated at the company's office, represents certain reserve accounts which present conditions do not warrant being kept in abeyance any longer.

SENDS BAKER AWAY; ORDERS POLICE TRIED

Continued from Page 1.

for excise violations. Commissioner Baker said they were transferred "for good and sufficient reasons." The bartenders were held for trial in Special Sessions. The owner of one of the saloons in which an arrest was made is an officer of the Liquor Dealers' Association.

Walsh and Cray Start an Inquiry.

Inspector Walsh and Capt. Cray began an investigation in the East Thirty-fifth Street Police Station at 7 o'clock last night, and three hours later they were still at it. Some twelve policemen were examined in an effort to identify the two policemen with whom Mayor Gaynor wishes to deal in connection with the barber's shop assault.

The inquisition was held in Capt. Cray's private office, behind closed doors. All of the men in the two platoons were lined up in the course of the night, and Inspector Walsh is reported to have talked very plainly to them, his text being drawn from Mayor Gaynor's letter to Police Commissioner Baker, in which he ordered the suspension of Weitzel and Grove.

Inspector Walsh said later that he was in no position to talk for publication. He smilingly admitted that he expected to see Mayor Gaynor early this morning. Capt. Cray was even more reticent.

DEVINE CALLS POLICE BRUTAL.

Head of Charity Society Says They Abuse Their Authority.

In the course of a lecture before the Y. M. C. A. of Columbia University yesterday Dr. Edward T. Devine of the Charity Organization Society and Professor of Social Economy in Columbia, declared that the community was lawyer-ridden. He condemned the members of the legal profession, saying: "They delay the execution of justice and are unworthy servants of injustice, of unscrupulous greed, of treason to the State."

Dr. Devine attacked among other phases of the police system the practice of employing "stool-pigeons," and in striving to make a record number of arrests.

Dr. Devine said that many of the police to-day are physically and mentally unfit to hold the office, being "loggy and stupid, dependent upon their clubs and their pull."

Referring to police clubbings, Dr. Devine said:

"The clubbing policeman who has been much in the public eye since Judge Gaynor became a candidate for Mayor is no myth. The abuse of the authority which we delegate to the policeman has been flagrant and cruel."

GRISCOM PLANNING A HARMONY COMPACT

President Taft and Party Leaders Coming to Republican County Chairman's Reception.

GOV. HUGHES WILL BE THERE

Senators, Congressmen, State Legislators, and Local Strong Men Invited to the Gathering.

Lloyd C. Griscom, the new President of the New York County Republican Committee, will engineer an unusual political gatherings at his home to-morrow afternoon. In this Mr. Griscom begins execution of the promise made by him in his maiden speech to the local organization that he had not "accepted the election to be a figurehead," and that he would "be on the job every minute."

President Taft will come to New York on Saturday to be the principal guest of honor at the annual Lincoln dinner of the Republican Club. From his brother's home, where he always stays in this city, he will be taken to Mr. Griscom's, where he will meet personally every Republican leader of the local organization and all the party officeholders of importance. Mr. Griscom went to Washington to induce the President to attend the "reception," and he was in Albany yesterday to get a like promise from Gov. Hughes.

While ostensibly a social affair, much greater significance is attached to it by local politicians. Invitations have been sent to all the Republican New York City Congressmen, all the Republican members of the State Senate and Assembly, and all the party district leaders, and all the Republican members of the Board of Aldermen. Needless to say, all the men whom other business will not prevent from attending will be on hand. The greatest interest is at present attached to the question of whether or not State Chairman Timothy L. Woodruff will be able to find it "convenient" to attend.

Such "receptions" have been held in the past, but they have always included only the members of the clan of the particular leader holding them.

The keynote of the meeting of the New York County Committee, at which Mr. Griscom was confirmed as Congressman Parson's successor, was harmony. He was indorsed by Parsons men and anti-Parsons men, even that ancient Odell trouble-maker, "Abe" Gruber, joining in the love feast. Now it is clear that the new leader wishes to make this harmony a fact, with the seal of the President on the compact.

It is not known yet whether the Governor will attend. He and his work will undoubtedly be one of the principal topics of discussion. It is known that, however ticklish he may feel on the subject, President Taft realizes that Gov. Hughes and his "policies" are the greatest asset the Republican Party has in New York State. While Mr. Griscom is primarily a Roosevelt man, he had the enthusiastic indorsement of the President for the County Chairmanship, and it is understood that Mr. Griscom's references to the Governor in his inaugural speech the other night were made advisedly.

There is a great deal of speculation in local Republican ranks as to whether the displacement of Mr. Woodruff as State Chairman will be considered at the meeting. Rumors of early developments along this line have been flying about thick and fast of late. One of the latest of the possible successors to Mr. Woodruff who have been mentioned is Congressman Vreeland.

It is known that the subject matter of the President's speech at the dinner will be a declaration that the party pledges of 1908 must be carried out to the letter. He will undoubtedly talk to the men whom he will meet at Mr. Griscom's home on similar lines.

It is said that the President is glad of the opportunity that opens to him on both of these occasions, to make clear the attitude of his Administration by his insistence on party faith, and this is to be his answer to rumors concerning his policies that have circulated in the financial district.

Local Democrats who had heard of the conference yesterday were getting a good deal of satisfaction out of it, declaring that it showed clearly that the Republicans are worried over their chances in the coming Gubernatorial fight in view of the Allds-Conger scandal and other things.

In the meantime preparations for the celebration of the return of Col. Roosevelt are going on steadily. President Morris of the Republican Club declared yesterday that he would be ready to announce the membership of the Committee on Arrangements within a few days. He said the reception will be much wider in scope than was originally intended, and that the committee will be a National one.

OLIVE BRANCH TO HUGHES.

Believed in Albany the Governor May Heal Party Differences.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 10.—Gov. Hughes will make no comment on the gathering which is to be held on Saturday at the home of Lloyd C. Griscom except to say that he has accepted the invitation and expects to be there.

It is not denied here that the question of a successor to Gov. Hughes will come up for discussion when the leaders meet, now that Mr. Hughes has made it clear that he will under no circumstances become a candidate again.

Food for comment among the legislators and Republican politicians at the Capitol is found in the fact that this is the first time the Governor has been invited, or at any rate the first time he has accepted an invitation to participate in the councils of his party in this State. Up to the present time the Governor and his policies have been looked upon among the Republican politicians as the rock on which the organization has split.

It may be stated, authoritatively, that the conference is a get-to-gether movement among the Republicans in this State preparatory to the campaign next Fall. If the Governor now, under the potent auspices of President Taft, is to be used as a means of healing the differences in the party organization the leaders here declare it is an entirely new departure, but one with which they are in hearty accord.

They realize that with the evil days that have fallen on the organization, through the scandals that at present are keeping the Capitol humming with excitement there is only one salvation—the nomination of a man whose candidacy will have the approval of Gov. Hughes and for that reason will enlist his aid as a campaigner when the Gubernatorial contest gets under way.

Chairman Griscom, while at the Capitol, has talked with many of the leaders who have not been overfriendly toward the Governor in the past. It is a noticeable fact that, even with the Governor's Direct Primaries bill about to be reintroduced, there is manifest a much more conciliatory spirit toward Mr. Hughes among the legislative leaders than there has been at any time since he became Governor.

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By special request our Exhibition of
Early English Masters
Will be open to the public to-morrow, Saturday, from 10 to 5 P. M.
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Fifth Avenue and 46th Street.

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OUR BOOK "How to Care for Your 'Victor'" Free on request.

SPOONER DENOUNCES INCORPORATION ACT

Ex-Senator Tells Pulp Manufacturers Taft's Measure Menaces the Constitution.

BUSINESS MEN MALIGNED

Embarrassing Legacy Handed Down to Taft Has Created Unjust Suspicion of Our Industries, He Says.

The proposed Federal incorporation measure, which has been recommended by President Taft, was vigorously attacked last night by ex-Senator John C. Spooner at the annual dinner of the American Paper and Pulp Association in the Waldorf-Astoria. The ex-Senator from Wisconsin told the jurists that the Constitution of the United States was menaced by the provisions of the bill. He said that the corporation tax and the principle involved was also a menace to the business integrity of the country, and that the tendency to violate what have always been considered State's rights, was leading in a dangerous direction.

President Taft, he said, inherited an embarrassing legacy, but in extricating himself from the results of that legacy he must not proceed along lines which Mr. Spooner said he believed would revolutionize the Government and violate the Federal Constitution. The members of the association seemed thoroughly in accord with the sentiments of the former Senator, and they applauded him vigorously.

"There seems to have been generated in the public mind a suspicion of the integrity of the business men of this country," said Mr. Spooner.

"It has manifested itself in many ways of late. The corporation tax was not absolutely necessary for purposes of revenue, and it carried with it inquisitorial powers of the Government. It is my belief that the business of 90,000,000 persons cannot be successful in the long run under Governmental espionage. Never before from the time this Government was established has it been thought necessary. But in those years the country was growing, resources were developing, industries were forging ahead.

"There are 400,000 corporations in the United States. How many can be pointed out as possible or probable violators of the laws of the United States? I venture to say at most not more than forty or fifty. And yet the trade secrets, those details of business which have been tabooed, are brought to need to be brought in detail into the archives of the Government as a public record.

"There was never a time when the standard of integrity among business men was higher than now. The feeling against corporations as such is working great harm against the prosperity of the United States. Without the corporations we could not have reached a tithe of our present business power.

"Is business worse than it was some time ago? Are there not more things to disturb you business men than there were some time ago?" the speaker asked.

"Yes," shouted a dozen voices, and Mr. Spooner asked why.

"Taft," suggested some one near the speaker's table.

"Ah, Taft is one of the noblest men I ever knew," said the former Senator. He wants to do what is right and best for the people, but he had a horribly embarrassing legacy. I cannot tell how he is going to work it out, but I am satisfied he will work it out. But it must not be on lines which revolutionize this Government or violate the Constitution. I cannot believe that Congress has the power under the Constitution to create manufacturing corporations except in the District of Columbia and in the Territories. I do not believe it is in the power of Congress to do what it is solemnly proposed it shall do by the passage of the Federal incorporation act.

"The public does not realize the intent of this proposition or what underlies it. The power to regulate commerce among the States is lodged with Congress—to regulate the commerce of railroads and supervise National banks, but it has been a principle of law a long time that no foreign corporation can go into a State except with the consent of the State. What is the theory of this new proposition?

"It is that Congress can create new corporations, which may go into the States whether the States want them or not. I doubt if you all realize the tremendous importance of this matter. Some of the largest of the corporations hail with delight the chance to organize under Federal authority. That is because they think it is a port of safety. They see a chance to go into all the States whether the States want them or not.

"There are corporations which Congress can create. They are instrumentalities of commerce. But where do you find anything in the Constitution which gives Congress power to create manufacturing corporations? When an article is manufactured in a State and remains in that State, it is under the jurisdiction and the sovereignty of that State.

"There is one advantage of organizing under this Federal incorporation act. You can get a receiver easier than any other way. You don't have to get it from the court. You get it from the bureau in Washington. It was never intended by the framers of the Constitution to give Congress supervision over all the business of the States. The integrity of this Government depends upon the sovereignty of the States and of the National Government. The dividing line between these should be maintained.

"There is not a Senator or a Representative in Congress who would dare to introduce this measure as an amendment to the Constitution and go home to his people. The finest work of genius ever born in a human brain was the Constitution, and under the leadership of Abraham Lincoln it was strong enough to hold the Union together. It has been good enough for us up to now, and we should safeguard it as we would safeguard the honor of our own home."

Apollinaris
"THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS."
Its pure Natural Carbonic Acid Gas
acts as a Gastric Stimulant and Tonic
and promotes the Digestion and Assimilation
of even the Richest Food.

MOE OFF THE STAND; IN DEBT TO CONGERS

Declares That Money Was Borrowed for Business Purposes and His Record Is Clear.

HIS STORY CORROBORATED

Statement Giving Names of Dead Men In Scandal Put in Evidence, but Names Are Hidden Still.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 10.—Disclosure of the hidden names in the Assembly bribery scandal of 1901 seemed very near when the Senate ended its hearing to-day of the charges made by Senator Benn Conger against Senator Jotham P. Allds, President pro tem. of the upper house. Counsel for both sides toyed with the subject and James W. Osborne of counsel for Conger introduced in evidence a statement which had been sworn to by Hiram G. Moe in which were given the names of the three men, including Allds, to whom Moe declares he gave $6,000 in all.

Moe was again submitted to a grilling a large part of the day, but was finally allowed to leave the stand shortly after 3 o'clock. Martin W. Littleton of counsel for Allds, brought out the fact that for years Moe had been in debt to various members of the Conger family, and also endeavored to show that Moe was really unfamiliar with the men and scenes involved in the alleged bribery. This course was taken with the idea of proving a theory of the defense that Moe's testimony with regard to the trip to Albany is false, and that he was led to tell the tale because of his obligations to the Conger family. The prosecution, however, retorted upon this line of examination by producing witnesses who corroborated Moe on several points and promising another who had seen him in Albany.

Conger's Statement in Evidence.

With Senator Conger scheduled to become a witness to-morrow, Mr. Osborne during the day toyed in reckless fashion with a document containing the names of the two dead legislators, who are alleged to have received $5,000 of the $6,000 corruption fund that Moe carried with him to Albany. Before Mr. Osborne got through he managed to have it marked for identification. The document was a sworn copy of a statement written by Hiram G. Moe in the office of Mr. Osborne. It contained a brief narrative of his trip to Albany and what occurred at the Capitol on the day when he had distributed the corruption fund.

Mr. Osborne, when he announced that Senator Conger would take the stand to-morrow, was asked whether he intended to have the document introduced in evidence.

"I have promised not to reveal the names, and I generally keep my promises," he replied. "Those names will not be spread on the record here unless they are called for by some person authorized to do so. If they are brought out by the other side or as the result of any initiative taken by them, that is none of our concern. And we will not object."

The first reference to-day to the names of the two legislators occurred during the cross-examination of Moe by Mr. Littleton. Moe resumed the stand shortly after the session opened this forenoon, and answered a series of questions about the proper spelling of Senator Allds's name. It appeared that in the statement written by him he had spelled the name of the accused Senator with one "l," and that Mr. Osborne had corrected him.

Forgot Man Who Got $4,000.

"Now, without referring to the name that was written upon the other envelopes for the present," said Mr. Littleton, "did you carry the recollection of the name upon the $4,000 envelope from 1901 until the events out of which this investigation grew were made public?"

"I did not," said the witness.

Q. Did you carry any recollection of the name at all? A. I knew it as soon as I heard it mentioned.

Q. As soon as Senator Conger told you what the name was you concurred in it? A. Yes.

Q. And until he did tell you you had no memory of it? A. I had a memory of it, but I could not say the name.

Q. Did he tell you the initials that you had written on the envelope? A. I cannot remember, Sir.

Q. You did not remember the initials that you had written on the envelope, did you, on the $4,000 package? A. I did not.

Q. Then whatever initials you recall as having been upon the $4,000 envelope package were told you by Senator Conger after these charges came up? A. Yes.

"Now, then," said Mr. Littleton, "take the other thousand-dollar package, without referring for the present to the name that was upon it, but having in mind the examination as to your memory of the subject, did you carry that name in your memory?"

"I did," the witness replied.

"Did you write both of these names out, the four-thousand-dollar name and the other one-thousand-dollar name, other than Senator Allds's, in Mr. Osborne's office?" asked Mr. Littleton.

"I am not sure whether I wrote the first names or only the initials," said Mr. Moe.

Q.—I ask you if you have ever seen the name since you wrote in 1901? A.—Yes, I have seen it in the newspapers.

Q.—When three weeks ago you were in Mr. Osborne's office, did you write that name upon a piece of paper there? A.—I am not sure that I wrote his first name. I am sure that I wrote the last name.

Q.—And you made an affidavit concerning it? A.—I think so.

Q.—And concerning the other name on the $4,000 package, which had been suggested to you by Mr Conger? A.—I think so.

Moe's Debt to the Congers.

Mr. Littleton got the witness to admit that he was heavily indebted to the Congers, with a view of having it appear that he was in the power of Senator Conger.

Mr. Moe testified with considerable frankness regarding his various money transactions. He had become indebted to the first National Bank of Groton to the extent of $7,000 back in 1896, when he assumed the indebtedness of the Animal Trap Company of Groton, of which he was President, aggregating $3,000, after first having borrowed from time to time on secured notes sums aggregating $4,000, which he used for the purchase of bank stock.

With this heavy burden on his shoulders and a salary of only $1,500, Moe had gone to the Congers, and obtained loans from one member or other of the family with which to liquidate his debt to the bank, until at the present time he owed Senator Conger $2,100 and his brother, Lawrence Conger, $1,500, or $3,600 in all. In the meantime the debt to the First National Bank had been reduced to $1,900. To secure these loans Mr. Moe had given a mortgage on his home in Groton, all his holdings of stock, and deeds for one house and lot in Groton, and for a lot in Brooklyn.

"Have you got any property now of which the Congers do not hold the title?" asked Mr. Littleton.

"I think not," said the witness, dejectedly.

Defense of Moe's Character.

Mr. Osborne brought out the fact that Moe was still deacon and Trustee of the Baptist Church in Groton, where he was a Sunday School Superintendent five years ago. Moe said he had been re-elected Trustee for at least twenty years. He was Treasurer of the Village of Groton for at least seven years, leaving that office a year ago. His reason for resigning as cashier of the Mechanics Bank in Groton, he said, was that he did not get an increase in salary.

"So you went into the bank and borrowed $7,000," said Mr. Littleton, "at one time. Was that due to the fact that you had lived beyond your means or because of a business investment that led you to borrow money?"

"I always lived a quiet, calm life," was the reply. "I occupied the same house in Groton for over thirty years and still live there."

Frequently, after such questions as this, James W. Osborne came to the witness's rescue.

"You went to borrow that money in consequence of business, didn't you?" asked Osborne.

"I did," replied Moe.

"Well, you live in a very quiet way, do you, in Groton?" pursued Osborne.

"Yes, Sir."

"How many servants do you keep?"

"Not any."

"I propose to show," continued Mr. Osborne, "that this gentleman for all his life has led a sober, serene, calm existence."

Moe insisted that he had always lived within his income and that his borrowings were not due to personal extravagance.

Moe Visits Scene of Bribery.

It developed that last night Mr. Moe, accompanied by ex-Judge David W. Van Hoesen of counsel for Senator Conger and a personal friend, had made a trip to the Capitol Building, visiting the scenes which Mr. Moe testified formed the background to his bribing exploits on the last day of the 1901 session of the Legislature. This trip had been undertaken at the direction of Mr. Osborne. Mr. Littleton tried to make much of the incident, but the only satisfaction he got was the admission that Moe had "been looking around."

It also developed that Mr. Moe had made a trip to-day through Jay Street, and as a result he corrected his testimony of yesterday, when he declared that he had spent the night between April 22 and 23, in 1901, with Mr. Conger at the latter's apartments in Lancaster Street. Mr. Moe said his visit to Jay Street had convinced him that Senator Conger and he had shared a room at 67 Jay Street. He had been in the room, and recognized it as the place where he slept, and counted the money and put it in envelopes nine years ago. He was very hazy in his answers to questions bearing on the manner in which the room was furnished.

"Isn't it a fact Mr. Moe, that you don't know anything about the room except what Senator Benn Conger told you," asked Mr. Littleton.

"It is just as I told you how the room was the other day," Mr. Moe replied.

"You are willing now to swear to this committee, upon what you stated upon your solemn oath, that that is the room in which you counted the money in 1901?"

"That is the way I remember it, sir."

"You are willing to swear that?"

"Yes, sir; I am."

Another Witness for Conger.

Mr Moe also told Mr. Littleton in reply to a question that there was one man besides Senator Benn Conger who was aware of his visit to Albany on April 23, 1901, and could swear that he was there. He named John Newell, general agent in Albany of the Canton Bridge Company of Ohio in which the Congers are heavily interested. Mr. Moe said he and Senator Conger had dropped into the office of the company and had a talk with Newell on their way to the train after he had finished his business at the capitol and was preparing to return to Groton with Senator Conger.

"Have you seen Mr. Newell to-day?" asked Mr. Littleton.

The witness said he had been to see Mr. Newell before he came to the hearing.

"And did he recognize you?" asked the lawyer.

"He did," the witness replied. "He said I had changed some. I had a mustache in those days. But he remembered me."

"So the means by which he identified you was by something which you had then, but which is now absent?" said Mr. Littleton. "Do you regard that as a very strong identification?"

The witness thought it was all right.

When the hearing closed for the day counsel for Senator Conger had corroborated either by witnesses or by documentary evidence every step of the $6,500 transaction which figures in the Conger charges with exception of the journey by Moe from Syracuse to Albany and the actual delivery of the alleged bribes.

Guernsey B. Williams, who until recently was Vice President of the Syracuse Dry Goods Company, was the first witness of the day. He testified that he was living in Syracuse on April 22, 1901. He knew Moe and had gone with him at one time several years ago to the National Bank of Syracuse, and identified him, so that he could cash two $3,000 drafts on New York. Mr. Williams said he could not swear to the date, and that he did not remain to witness the transaction. However, that was the only occasion on which he had so introduced Moe. The drafts were introduced, and showed on the surface that they were paid at that bank on the day in question, and that the introducer was connected with the Syracuse Dry Goods Company.

Conger's Brother Testifies.

The last witness of the day was Jay Conger, another brother of Senator Conger. Mr. Conger is President of the First National Bank of Groton and was an officer of the bank in 1901. He identified the journal of that institution and its draft record and gave testimony regarding certain entries made in those books on April 22, 1901, to show that the $6,500 check had been received at the bank and the two drafts which figure in the inquiry had been issued and charged up against Frank Conger. The books of the bank containing these entries were then received in evidence.

Apparently the only flaw the defense could pick in this kind of evidence was the discovery that the sixty-five-hundred-dollar check which was the source of the alleged bribe money was unindorsed. Jay Conger admitted that this was irregular, but one of the Conger attorneys pointed out that if this evidence had been a "plant," as the defense was intimating, pains would have been taken to make all the papers absolutely regular in form.

Martin W. Littleton, Allds's chief counsel, went so far as to insinuate that the "Paid" stamp on the back of the check might have been dated back. He had the witness say that cashiers used "Paid" stamps with adjustable dating attachments, and inquired:

"So this rubber stamp saying 'Paid' at a certain time is a rubber stamp which, if it had been an adjustable one, could have been put on at any time?"

"Certainly," answered Mr. Osborne for the witness.

"Have you any adjustable books in the Groton Bank?" was Littleton's next question.

"I don't think so," replied the witness, mildly.

The Senate Chamber was as crowded as ever to-day. The size of the audience gave every indication that interest in the proceedings is on the increase. Mr. Allds spent part of the day in the Senate Chamber with the lawyers who are defending him. He seemed satisfied and debonnair. Senator Conger sat at the table of his counsel all through the proceedings and followed the testimony closely, frequently whispering suggestions to some of the lawyers.

It was announced to-day by counsel for both sides that Senator Platt had not been subpoenaed as a witness. Mr. Littleton said his client would stand on the correspondence and telegrams between him and the former Republican State leader, which has either been introduced in evidence or marked for identification, while Editor Smyth of Owego was a witness on the opening day of the hearing.

MALBY POINTS TO THE RECORD.

Denies Any Dishonorable Connection with the Bridge Legislation.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—"A damnable effort of somebody mixed up with the deal to unload some of the blame on to my shoulders," was the way Representative George R. Malby of New York expressed himself to-day when he was told that his name might be brought into the investigation of the bribery charges against Senator Allds at Albany.

Mr. Malby said that every bit of connection he had with the affair of the bridge legislation was in the record of the State Senate, where it was accessible to any one who cared to look it over, and was honorable in every respect.

"In the Winter of 1901 there were some bridge companies that wanted to sell a bridge to the Town of Malone in Franklin County," he went on. "The people didn't think they wanted the bridge. There were several indignation meetings, as a result of which a bill was introduced in the Assembly by Mr. Stevens, and in the Senate by me curtailing the power of the Highway Commissioner to go against the wishes of the citizens in towns where it was proposed to build a bridge.

"I introduced the bill in the Senate, and at my request it got prompt consideration by the Judiciary Committee, to which it was referred. It was favorably reported to the Senate, got prompt consideration there at my expressed wish, and passed with only a couple of votes against it. It died in the Assembly.

"The next year the bridge fellows were continuing their activities and Senator Goodsell introduced the bill. Again it was passed by the Senate and held up by the Assembly. Several years passed by, and then Mr. Yale of Putnam County offered the measure in the Assembly. It went through in spite of the fact that it had been held up on the previous occasions. It came up to the Senate, and as before was promptly passed.

"That is all the participation I had in the bridge legislation, and it all stands in the Senate record. I have simply been repeating to you the substance of what is in the record."

New Charter Committeemen Named.

ALBANY, Feb. 10.—Lieut. Gov. White to-day named as the two additional Senate members of the committee to prepare a new charter for the City of New York Senators Thomas C. Cullen of Brooklyn and George H. Cobb of Watertown.

COAL LAND FRAUDS CHARGED.

New York Men Involved in Action for Cancellation of Wyoming Titles.

LANDER, Wyo., Feb. 10.—Sixty-four defendants in coal land fraud cases appeared to-day before the United States Land Office in this city, in an action which has been brought by the Government for the cancellation of their titles to coal lands, which are said to be the most valuable in the State. The cases involve 9,500 acres of land, lying in the mineral district north of Lander, and have been appraised by Government experts at $1,500,000. The Government alleges that these lands were filed upon by "dummy" entrymen for the benefit of the Owl Creek Coal Company and the Northwestern Coal Company, which are controlled largely by New York capitalists. The two companies are reported to be associated with the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad.

The cases are commonly known as the "Gebo coal land fraud cases," as Samuel W. Gebo, George W. Dally, Rufus P. Ireland, and others were alleged to have been instrumental in obtaining the titles. The cases have been under investigation by Federal land agents for three years, and various actions have been brought in court.

About forty witnesses will be summoned, a large part of them from New York City.

COURT HOUSE ON OLD SITE.

The Mayor Approves the Bill Selecting City Hall Park for New Structure.

Mayor Gaynor approved yesterday the bill passed by the Legislature permitting the city to build the new County Court House on the present site in City Hall Park by taking additional ground space. The bill will now go to the Governor, who is expected to sign it.

The Mayor held a public hearing on the bill yesterday. The only man to speak against it was Albert E. Henschel. Ex-Justice Morgan J. O'Brien, Edward M. Grout, and L. Laflin Kellogg, members of the Mayor's new Court House Commission, which was sponsor for the bill, were present, together with Justices McCall, Hendrick, Page, Gerard, and O'Gorman.

The Mayor said he had consulted Borough President McAneny about the site, and they were agreed that if necessary the new structure should extend from Centre Street to Broadway.

PLUCKED OUT HIS MUSTACHE.

Alleged Extortioner's Ruse to Avoid Identification Failed.

In an attempt to escape identification Bennet C. Silver, who is accused of trying to extort $2,000 from Charles Cohen of 212 East 137th Street, plucked out his mustache yesterday hair by hair. He had learned that John Guilfoyle, a chauffeur, was to be brought to pick him out as the man who had given him the package containing money extorted from Harris Cohen of 21 West Sixty-ninth Street.

Silver was lined up with seven other men, but in spite of the absence of his mustache Guilfoyle picked him out. Now he will face two extortion charges.

LEAP FROM BURNING HOTEL.

Three Persons Are Injured Seriously in a Fire at Washington.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—Fire in the Hotel Harris, near the Union Station, at 2 o'clock this morning, threw the hundred guests into a panic. Three of them, Orville A. Henry of Berwick, Penn., and his wife and child, leaped from a third-story window. They are in the Casualty Hospital, seriously injured, it is said. Thomas Stanton of Philadelphia is also at the hospital, suffering from burns.

The origin of the fire is unknown. The loss amounted to about $5,000.

WHOLE TOWN IS SOLD.

New York Company Buys Village of Riverdale, Mass.

WORCESTER, Mass., Feb. 10.—Almost the entire village of Riverdale has been sold to the Kupfer Brothers Company, New York.

The transfer includes the Riverdale woolen mills, forty tenements, and 106 acres of land. The mills are assessed for $132,440.

CONVICT HIS OWN LAWYER.

Fritz Willing That His Wife Should Annul Their Marriage, but Fights Allmony

Frank Fritz, a convict at Bear Mountain, Fort Montgomery, N. Y., has filed an answer as his own attorney in the action for the annulment of his marriage brought by Lillian Fritz. It is alleged that Fritz was married on May 8, 1883, to Marie Fritz, who is still living.

Fritz, who has couched his answer in colloquial English, says he is willing that Lillian Fritz should get an annulment, but opposes "any other relief."

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO Bloomingdales

Lexington to 3d Ave., 59th to 60th Street

Superior Shirtings

Exclusive are the patterns in the New Fabrics that the big 59th Street Store's Shirt Craft Shop has assembled for the particular Man. The neat, the "nifty," the novel, all are represented.

For years "the Store of Certain Satisfaction"—Bloomingdales'—has had the positive right to hang out the sign "Shirtmakers Supreme to His Majesty Man"—a right won by sheer force of merit:—

Merit in All the Materials
Merit in Workmanship
Merit in Finish
Merit in Fit

If not convenient to visit our Shirt Shop, write or 'phone, Plaza, 5900—and our representative will call with a full line of Samples and to take your measure. Prices up from $2.50.

BLOOMINGDALES', Lex. to 3rd Ave., 59th to 60th St.

TO OUST CONNERS AND BOOM GAYNOR

Running Keogh for Governor and Leaving Presidential Track Clear for the Mayor in 1912.

LATEST DEMOCRATIC PLAN

The Conners Eviction Part of It Seems Assured by a State Committee Call—Missouri's Eye Already on Gaynor.

With the appearance yesterday of a strong movement in the Democratic State organization for the early displacement of William J. Conners of Buffalo as Chairman of the State Committee and the cropping out of evidences of a substantial boom to make Mayor Gaynor the Democratic candidate for President in 1912, local Democratic politics furnished new interest.

The movement to oust Conners from the State Chairmanship started in this city in the heart of Tammany Hall. It was decided some time ago to set the ball rolling in this direction, but Mr. Murphy and the men outside the organization, whom he succeeded in interesting in the matter, hoped to be able to keep it secret until they had learned just how far Conners could substantiate his boast that he "has the State Committee in the hollow of his hand." The success of the agitators was so great, however, that several of the leaders concerned got talking about it and then it came out.

A special meeting of the State Committee has been called to carry out the purpose of the insurgents. It will be held in this city within the next ten days—the date has not yet been definitely fixed—and will be attended by most of the fifty-one members. Thirty-five have already signed the call, which means that they will be present, and more converts to the anti-Conners ranks are expected. The ostensible object of the meeting is to discuss legislation and kindred matters. None of the leaders in the movement is making a secret, however, of the real object of the gathering.

When the Democratic League was organized last Fall by the Saratoga conferrees it was generally understood that its principal object would be to get control of the Democratic Party in the State, away from Conners. The league met recently at Albany and formed an actual State organization of its own, with Thomas N. Osborne of Auburn as Chairman of the State Committee. It was intimated then that the so-called reform organization would be ready to work with any insurgent element which might spring up in the ranks of the regulars.

The revolt against Conners started with the reorganization of the Brooklyn organization. Senator McCarren's consistently bitter attitude to Tammany is not at all evident in Kings to-day. John H. McCooey, who succeeded McCarren as leader of the Brooklyn Democratic organization, showed early that he would be only too ready to treat with Tammany. With his support and with the defection from the Conners ranks of several of the influential leaders in the Hudson River counties, notably Michael Walsh of Westchester and Arthur A. McLean of Newburg, Treasurer of the State Committee, the whipping into line of enough delegates to obtain what now looks like a substantial majority of the State Committee against Conners was comparatively easy.

It is understood that the insurgents will boom Mayor Sague of Poughkeepsie for the State Chairmanship. Mr. Conners is at Palm Beach, and was not expected back until the middle of next month. When he hears what is going on, however, he will undoubtedly hurry north. For several months it has been understood that he would back ex-Mayor McClellan for the Gubernatorial nomination. The latter is abroad and is not expected to return until late in the Summer.

For the Governorship the league insurgents favor Edward M. Shepard, one of the league founders. Mayor Gaynor has been consulted, however, and although he will take no active part in the conference or arrangements for the beheading, his friends and backers, among whom will undoubtedly be Mr. Walsh, will put forward the name of Supreme Court Justice Martin J. Keogh of Westchester for the Gubernatorial nomination. Their claims will demand mature consideration, their argument being that Justice Keogh is in every way fitted for the place, and in a year when the party has an apparently most excellent chance of victory would be an ideal candidate. Moreover, he is an Irish Catholic and would not be Presidential timber, thus leaving the field open for Gaynor two years hence.

Justice Keogh is a close friend of both the Mayor and Mr. Murphy, of ex-Justice Morgan J. O'Brien, and other powers in Tammany. It is believed that it would not be difficult to swing the other backers of the insurgent movement, even in the league, over to him.

The Middle West has already started the Gaynor Presidential boom. The Mayor has received from Springfield, Mo., an invitation to be the guest of honor at the celebration of the 167th anniversary of the birth of Thomas Jefferson to be held there on April 13. Col. Henry Watterson has been asked to talk to the subject, "Has New York Another Tilden?" with Augustus Van Wyck to reply to the toast, "Yes!" The letter of invitation received by the Mayor yesterday says in part:

"The people of this section are much interested in the splendid work you are doing for the cause of good government, and we will be prepared to give you a cordial and enthusiastic welcome. The recent Democratic triumph in the special Congressional election in our State indicates that the trend of public sentiment is with our party on the issues now engaging public attention. Missouri Democrats are already anticipating a victory in 1912, and many are beginning to believe that New York will furnish our National leader."

THIRD MURDER IN A WEEK.

No Clue to Slayer Who Shot Down Catalno in the Street.

The Italian detectives made no progress yesterday on the third Italian murder within a week—that of Agostino Catalno, who was shot down early yesterday morning in front of a little grocery store at 150 Elisabeth Street. The detectives think that possibly Catalno was feared as an informer on the gang of Italian counterfeiters now on trial in the United States Circuit Court, and that he was killed for revenge, but they had not much evidence to back such a theory.

Catalno, who used to live in this city, then went up State and ran a store, had been back in New York for several days showing a lot of money. He was shot in the back shortly after midnight. His assailant escaped, and the police have no description of him.

Policeman O'Brien took 12-year-old Mary Manese to the Mulberry Street Station on hearing that she had seen a man with Catalno. He then gathered in F. Montagnino and Antonio Cuerrieri, proprietors of the grocery store in front of which Catalno was killed. When the two were lined up with others and the little girl was told to pick out the man she had seen with Catalno, she broke down in front of Montagnino and would say nothing.

Coroner Holtzhauser held both Montagnino and Cuerrieri in $100 bail as witnesses to await the inquest into the death of Catalno. They were bailed out.

'TWAS THE SLEUTH WAS HELD.

Police Lock Up Special Officer Charged by Boy Prisoner with Assault.

Louis Levine of 57 Thatford Avenue, a special policeman employed by the Liberty Theatre, Liberty and Stone Avenues, in the Brownsville section of Brooklyn, led into the Liberty Avenue Station last night a fifteen-year-old boy whom he had arrested on the charge of disorderly conduct, alleging that the boy had attempted to force his way into a side door of the theatre. The boy said he was Max Applebaum of 649 Sackman Street, Brooklyn.

He declared that he hadn't tried to get into the theatre, but that he was in the crowd and had been arrested by mistake. He charged that Levine, after arresting him, had struck him with his fist and with a cane he carried.

On his complaint, the special policeman was locked up on the charge of felonious assault. The boy had scratches and bruises on his face and body. He was paroled in the custody of his mother.

MARINE SENT BACK TO PRISON.

Hall Must Serve Out Term Despite False Confession of Rochester Murder.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Feb. 10.—In charge of two Monroe County officers, James Hall, who falsely accused himself of being the murderer of Anna Schumacher, was placed on a train this morning and started for Portsmouth, N. H., to resume his quarters on the prison ship Southery. Justice Sutherland in Supreme Court earlier in the morning issued an order discharging Hall from the custody of the county authorities.

Hall will be turned over to the naval authorities at Portsmouth. He may be prosecuted for practicing fraud against the navy.

Publishers' Paper Company Sold.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Feb. 10.—The $10,000,000 plant of the Publishers' Paper Company on the Piscataqua River, which has been idle since the panic of 1907, passed to-day into the hands of the Colonial Paper Company of Cincinnati and will be operated within a short time. The Colonial Company is headed by Samuel Murray of Cincinnati. The other Directors are R. H. McCutcheon of New York, G. F. Hardy of New York, William Martin of Middletown, Ohio; Albert Kreybolt and W. F. Custer of Cincinnati.

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street

WILL CONTINUE TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW

The Sale of

Suits & Overcoats for Men

Formerly

$20, $23, $25 & $27

at $17

Assortments contain a representation of each of the distinctive models produced by our designers for the current season.

BEGINNING THIS MORNING

Clearance Sale of

Neckwear for Men

Values 50c & 55c at 25c | Values 1.00 & 1.50 at 45c

3,000 Scarfs selected from our regular stock

The range of patterns and colorings is exceptionally liberal. Included are open-end and narrow four-in-hands of silk or satin, also a quantity of Knitted Scarfs.

ALSO, AN EXTRAORDINARY SALE OF

Lisle Half Hose for Men, Values 35c to 50c at 25c THE PAIR

Our direct importation, presenting 41 distinctive styles and a profusion of colorings and combinations of colors. In fancy or plain lisles, Jacquard stripes, black with self, white or colored embroidery; checks of fancy silk, also a large variety of classic striped effects—including many which will be featured in the Fall of 1910.

CONTEST OVER ELLIOTT WILL.

Alaska Miner's Divorced Wife Says She Gave Him His Grubstake.

CHICAGO, Feb. 10.—A bill was filed in the Circuit Court to-day to set aside the will of the late Henry Curtis Elliott, who died in Alaska on Dec. 30, 1909, leaving a fortune valued at $2,000,000. The bill was filed by the decedent's first wife, Catherine H. Elliott, who was divorced from him several years before his death.

Elliott was killed in Alaska by an avalanche. He had been a gold hunter since 1897. A trust company was made executor for the estate. The will, which was probated yesterday, provided that the income from the estate was to be paid to Grace Van Wormer Elliott, the widow, with the exception of bequests to his sons, H. C. Elliott, Jr., A., sister, Ella Louise, and a brother, A. J. Elliott. If at any time the estate reached a value of $2,600,000 that amount was to be used for establishing the "H. C. Elliott Home for Destitute Children" in Chicago.

The first wife bases her attack on a grubstake agreement made before Elliott went to Alaska. She declares she gave $300 to Elliott to enter the gold rush in 1897, and that she holds an agreement signed by her and by him which provides for an equal division of the proceeds from the mining venture.

When Elliott returned from Alaska in 1902, after making his lucky strike, he divorced his first wife.

Real Quality bears an individual imprint of good taste.

LA MARQUISE CIGARETTES of a "vintage"

NAHAN FRANKO AND ORCHESTRA, RESTAURANT.

Simpson Crawford Co.

21 Years Leaders of Fashion

SIXTH AVE. 19TH TO 20TH STREET. NEW YORK

5,000 New Spring Shirts for Men At $1.10

These Shirts Were Made to Be Retailed at $1.50, $1.75, $2.00 and $2.25

Main Floor.

THE careful dresser, the discriminating man—the man who wants a stylish, comfortable, correctly made Shirt in thoroughly up-to-date patterns—will assuredly not miss this sale.

At No Time Within a Year Has There Been Such a Sale Anywhere.

We can please the most exacting man. We guarantee fit. We state positively that the cheapest Shirt in the lot was made to sell at $1.50. The greater number of Shirts were intended to be retailed at $2.00—quite a number at $2.25.

The Shirts are in neat stripes, in side or box plaits, with attached or detached cuffs. Needless to say why we sell them at this small price of $1.10. You will ask us that question when you see the Shirts. No man who has any idea of buying a lot of Spring Shirts but would gladly pay $2.00 each for them. If our patrons can realise what is in store for them they would be in line before the store opens to-day, and take them away by the dozens. Do not let this opportunity pass without laying in a supply. It means a great money saving to you.

2,000 Dozen Custom-Made Men's Collars

6 for 50c

Regular Price, 25c Each

Sold in Half Dozen or Dozen Lots Only

No Mail, C. O. D. or Phone Orders

THE manufacturer wanted to reduce his stock. Hence this sale. We got the Collars at about one-third the cost of making. Extra fine quality—guaranteed 4-ply. Popular shapes only, including the close-lock collar, dress collar and wing collar. Plenty of ¼ sizes. The best sale in months.

Main Floor.

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO.

NAHAN FRANKO AND ORCHESTRA, RESTAURANT.

Simpson Crawford Co.

21 Years Leaders of Fashion

SIXTH AVE. 19TH TO 20TH STREET. NEW YORK

Embroidered Robes

Extra Special Announcement

Exactly 500 Dainty Batiste Embroidered Robes, at $2.98 $6.50

SUCH news is sufficient to crowd the Lace Robe Sections with customers from far and near. Main Floor.

Do Not Confound These Robes with the Ordinary Lawn Robes, as They Are Entirely Different in Material and Style

All the Robes are of fine Batiste and handsomely embroidered in various beautiful designs. There are 20 different patterns to select from—and every one new this season. Plenty of material to make them up into any of the new Spring models of dainty costumes.

Every Robe Is an Extraordinary Value at.. $2.98

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO.

A most comfortable and stylish

ARROW COLLAR

15 cents each—2 for 25 cents
Cluett, Peabody & Co., Makers
ARROW CUFFS, 25 cents a Pair

THE teeth are injured more by neglect than from any other cause. Thoroughly brush them every day with

Dr. Lyon's PERFECT Tooth Powder

and they will be cleansed, preserved and beautified. It neutralizes mouth acids and imparts purity and fragrance to the breath.

YOUR WATCH IS YOUR TIME TABLE

Between NEW YORK & PHILADELPHIA

A train every hour on the hour, from 7 A. M. to 6 P.M. from Liberty Street. *Ten minutes before the hour from W. 23d Street.* Parlor cars on all trains. Dining cars morning, noon and night.

New Jersey Central

TWO HOUR TRAIN EVERY HOUR ON THE HOUR

Taylor's COCOA
PURITY & FLAVOR UNEQUALLED

ELECTRICITY—
The Silent Servant

Dim, dull, red lights indicate imperfect installation. You pay for the full current and get about half.

There is no waste when Bohn puts in the wires—every unit of power is utilized.

C. C. Bohn Electric Co.,
780 Sixth Ave., near 44th St.

LONG SANG TI
293 Fifth Ave., near 31st St., N. Y.
CHINESE CURIO COMPANY
Porcelains and Potteries of Various Periods, Oriental Art Jewelry and Old Chinese Embroideries.
Send for Illustrated Catalogue T.

Have You Telephones Enough?
ORDERS LOST WHEN YOUR LINE IS "BUSY" WOULD MORE THAN PAY FOR THE COST OF ANOTHER LINE OR TWO
NEW YORK TELEPHONE CO.
15 Dey St.

The Washburn-Crosby Company's famous Gold Medal Flour has all the bread, biscuit, cake, and pastry-making qualities of the finest wheat concentrated in it. It bakes more to the pound than other flour, saves money as well as the extra work and worry occasioned by the use of flour of less uniform quality. That is why knowing housewives always demand it.

Sion Collars
Made with "Easy Tie Slide" Space.

Help for the Immigrant.

To promote the moral and intellectual status of the people of the East Side, the Educational Alliance appeals for the aid of the philanthropic. The poor and ignorant are helped to an appreciation of the duties of American citizenship, and so instructed as to be enabled to provide for their future.

The deficit of the Alliance for 1909 is $12,000 and the Directors earnestly beseech contributions to make this good. Checks should be sent to Mr. William Salomon, Treasurer, Educational Alliance, Jefferson St. and East Broadway.

To Advertisers.

To obtain desirable positions, advertisements for next Sunday's New York Times should be in The Times Building not later than NOON TO-DAY.

The New York Times prints more high-class display advertising than any other New York newspaper.

The New York Times
"All the News That's Fit to Print."

HOME RULE IS PRICE OF BUDGET SUPPORT

Redmond, Just Re-elected to Leadership of Irish League, So Announces in Dublin.

WANTS PEERS CURBED FIRST

Irish Champion Says He'll Not Insult Asquith by Suggesting Backdown on His Part.

DUBLIN, Feb. 10.—John E. Redmond, who was re-elected President of the National Directory of the United Irish League to-day, made an important pronouncement of his policy at a banquet in his honor this evening. He said that the company was celebrating the successful campaign for home rule in Ireland and Great Britain. Ireland, he added, had now a party of seventy-two members, more united and therefore more powerful than any Irish party in the past, and never again in their lifetime would men, nominally pledge-bound members of the party, be permitted to discredit their colleagues and thwart the party's policy.

Mr. Redmond paid a tribute to T. P. O'Connor's visit to America and asked the Irish people to remember that the Irish Party had fought the election with money supplied by America and the colonies. The Lord only knew, he said, how near they were to another election, and Irishmen should not forget that no call had been made on them for the last.

The question of the veto of the House of Lords, continued Mr. Redmond, was for them in Ireland the question of home rule, and there had been a majority of 120 against the veto and in favor of home rule. He believed that Mr. Asquith was a man of his word, and he would not insult the Prime Minister by suggesting that he was likely to go back on his home rule declaration. For the Government to pass the budget and postpone the veto question was a policy that Ireland could not and would not approve, but if Premier Asquith stood to his pledges, he would have the support of the Irish Party.

Mr. Redmond concluded by saying that he was prepared to subordinate every question to the question of home rule. If home rule were to be put aside, he would fight the budget, and if it was a question of securing home rule, he would accept the budget.

The leader of the Nationalists plainly outlined his intention at the coming session of Parliament, where he virtually holds the balance between the two great English parties. In a word, his intention is to put out the Government unless it has both the will and the power to deal with the question of the House of Lords veto, but he is ready to vote for the budget provided Premier Asquith held to his pledge to resign office unless he gets the power to deal with the Lords.

Two or three times in the course of his speech, which was received with great enthusiasm, Mr. Redmond referred to another general election as probably near at hand.

CORK, Feb. 10.—At a meeting in the City Hall to-day to establish a daily O'Brienite newspaper in Cork subscriptions of more than $25,000 were received. Lord Dunraven sent a message, with his wishes for the success of the movement.

Mr. O'Brien, in a speech outlining the project, said that before this year's harvest was ripe they would have their own newspaper and their own organization, and would pay their own members without petitioning for assistance from the ill-gotten dollars of the poor ghosts of a once great party, who met in Dublin on Wednesday to make their last will and testament. He was confident that the "all-for-Ireland" movement would soon sweep over all Ireland as surely as the United Irish League had done.

BRITISH CABINET DIVIDED.

Lloyd-George and Churchill Seem to Have Been Slighted.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—The unusual interest attaching to to-day's meeting of the Cabinet was evidenced by the crowd which thronged Downing Street to watch the arrival of the Ministers at the residence of Prime Minister Asquith. It was necessary to summon a special squad of police to clear the approach to the house, but there was nothing in the nature of a demonstration indicative either of support or opposition to the Government.

The Ministers attended in force, including Herbert John Gladstone, who to-day took leave of his colleagues preparatory to assuming his new post as Governor General of United South Africa.

There was a preliminary discussion of the political situation last night at the residence of War Secretary Haldane, where several chief members of the Cabinet dined, and, it is said, drew up the general lines of procedure for the opening of Parliament and the policy to be adopted in regard to the constitutional issues in the two branches. To-day's meeting was not prolonged greatly beyond the ordinary duration, the Ministers dispersing after a two hours' conference.

James Keir Hardie, President of the Independent-Labor Party, in his address at Newport yesterday, pointed out some demands unwelcome to the Liberals, which his followers intended to press, and the list of these was lengthened at to-day's meeting of the Labor Party when a resolution was adopted demanding the introduction of a reform bill embracing adult suffrage, including the enfranchisement of women.

The demands of the Laborites have no terrors for the more radical members of the Cabinet, like Winston Spencer Churchill and David Lloyd-George, but meet with little sympathy on the part of the older statesmen in the Government. That there is considerable dissension in the Cabinet is beyond doubt, and apparently Lloyd-George and Churchill were not invited to last night's dinner party at the home of War Secretary Haldane. The gathering was confined to the more conservative members who desire to pass the budget, and so place the finances of the country upon a normal basis before tackling the question of the Lords and their prerogatives. This element will probably predominate.

The Cabinet will meet again to-morrow to complete the redistribution of the portfolios and to perfect the Government programme, following which it is expected that Mr. Asquith will submit his proposals to the King at Brighton.

SEINE STILL RISING.

Money for Flood Sufferers Continues to Pour In.

PARIS, Feb. 10.—The River Seine had risen 7¼ inches in the twenty-four hours ending at noon to-day. A further rise of 10 inches by to-morrow noon is predicted. At a Cabinet meeting to-day Premier Briand expressed the opinion that all necessary measures of precaution had been taken, and that there was no cause for uneasiness.

American Ambassador Bacon to-day sent to the Foreign Office another check for $40,000 representing the relief fund collected by the Chamber of Commerce of New York. The Government's relief measures provide for loans of sums up to $1,000, to run for five years without interest.

M. Pichon, the Foreign Minister, has received $50,000, which was voted by the Canadian Parliament for the flood sufferers and $50,000 from the Lord Mayor of London. The International Harvester Company of Chicago has sent $4,000 to M. Ruau, Minister of Agriculture, and $5,000 for the sufferers was received to-day from the French colony in San Francisco.

Nearly a thousand members of the French colony in this city attended a concert and dance given by the Lyceum Society of the Women of France in New York at the Café Martin last night in aid of the Paris flood sufferers. The sum of $3,000 was netted by the sale of tickets and the auction of three paintings by Ettore Ximenes, the sculptor.

Mme. Carlo Polifeme, President of the society, in a brief speech, explained the need for financial assistance in France at present, owing to the disastrous inundations.

Oscar Duryea led the cotillion after the vocal and instrumental concert, in which well-known artists gave their services. The favors imported from Paris consisted of gilded jester's wands with jingling bells attached to white streamers and fans depicting old French scenes at Versailles. The hall was decorated with the American and French colors, roses and lilies and palms.

RADICAL REGIME IN SPAIN.

New Premier, Canalejas y Mendes, Overturns Hopes of Clericals.

MADRID, Feb. 10.—The assumption of the Premiership by José Canalejas y Mendes, the Radical and anti-Clerical, has caused great surprise among the reactionaries, who had assumed that when Moret fell King Alfonso would institute a more Moderate rather than a more Radical régime.

The impression prevails that the King has outwitted the intriguers by boldly confiding the Government to Canalejas, for the purpose of giving to the country a clear proof of his sincerity in the rôle of a constitutional sovereign. The revision of the Concordat of 1851 and the reduction in the number of religious orders will be a feature, it is expected, of the new Cabinet's policy.

Premier Canalejas, in an interview to-day, said that his public utterances would indicate the line of his religious programme. He added:

"I believe in acts, not words. I am now consulting with the King regarding various national questions, notably the negotiations with the Vatican concerning the reform of the Concordat, after which I will immediately submit concrete propositions to the Cortes."

Manana, a Social-Liberal organ, says that the imperious necessities of the times brought Canalejas to power. El Pais, Republican, expresses great gratification at the advent of a man with advanced views, but fears the new Premier will not have sufficient latitude and that he will retire within the year, to be succeeded by Antonio Maura, the leader of the Conservatives and former Premier, who was displaced by Moret.

The Correspondencia España considers that the King's action in calling a Democrat to power for the first time proves that he does not fear a Radical programme. A. B. C. says that Premier Canalejas is the only person capable of realizing the governmental ideas of the Liberals.

ROME IS POPE'S PARISH.

Falconio Says No Other Course Could Have Been Followed with Fairbanks.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—"There is surely no foundation for the statement which has gone broadcast that one must act as a Catholic while in Rome if he hopes to have an audience with the Pope," declared Mgr. Falconio, Papal Delegate to the United States, to-day in expressing his regret at the Fairbanks incident at Rome.

"Many times I have given letters of introduction to Protestant ministers who went to Rome, and I am sure the Holy Father enjoyed their visits. But you know Rome is the parish of the Pope, and there was nothing else for him to do under the circumstances."

POPE HONORS MGR. BRANN.

Receives New York Priest Who Thanks the Pontiff for His Elevation.

ROME, Feb. 10.—The Pope to-day received in private audience the Very Rev. Henry A. Brann, rector of St. Agnes's Church, New York, who was presented by Mgr. Kennedy. The Rev. Mr. Brann was the first student to be ordained by the American College in Rome, having entered the priesthood fifty years ago.

He was received by the Pope in December last, and returned at this time for the purpose of expressing his thanks to the pontiff for his appointment as a domestic prelate, through which advancement he becomes Mgr. Brann. He presented to his Holiness copies of the books which he has written, and was congratulated upon the work done.

SOUGHT VANDERBILT BRIDE.

Count Bearn Says Prince Victor of Thurn and Taxis Tried and Failed.

PARIS, Feb. 10.—During the trial of the old suit brought by Mlle. Wilhelmina Kemper, who asserts that she was victimized out of $97,000, which sum was to have been used to finance the matrimonial projects of Prince Victor of Thurn and Taxis, to-day, Count Bearn testified that at one time negotiations were in progress for the hand of Miss Vanderbilt, but that the suit failed and the Prince carried off an American dancer.

A dozen witnesses identified the so-called English Countess Clare, who acted as intermediary between the Prince and Mlle. Kemper, as the woman who once kept a perfumery shop in the Rue Paix and failed in 1900 for $160,000. Countess Clare, to prove an alibi, produced a notarial document showing her presence in Maitland, Fla., in the year in which she is alleged to have gone into bankruptcy.

CHARCOT, EXPLORER, SEEN AT MAGELLAN

French Antarctic Steamer Spoken, but Charcot Would Give No Information of His Voyage.

A SCIENTIFIC EXPEDITION

Object Not so Much to Reach the South Pole as to Bring Back Specimens of Fossils.

BUENOS AYRES, Feb. 10.—The Captain of the steamer Sud, which arrived at Punta Arenas to-day, reports that he spoke the antarctic exploring steamer Pourquoi Pas, anchored at Port Gallant, in the Strait of Magellan. Dr. J. M. Charcot refused any information as to what had been done by the French south polar expedition.

Dr. J. M. Charcot, at the head of the French antarctic expedition, sailed from Puntas Arenas on Dec. 17, 1908. The expedition was fitted out in France, the Pourquoi Pas having sailed from Havre on Aug. 5, preceding. On Dec. 22 the expedition reached the Island of Deception, and the last cable report from the party was sent from that place. Mail advices under the same date from members of the expedition reached Paris in May, 1909. No word of the progress of the explorers had been heard since.

When the expedition left France it was expected that Dr. Charcot would be compelled to spend about two years in the antarctic regions. It was said then that the main object of the expedition was not to reach the south pole, but to make scientific observations. Another object was to bring back specimens of the fossils to which Dr. Nordenskjold directed attention.

Dr. Charcot, when he left the Island of Deception, had, besides himself, twenty men aboard the ship, with provisions which were to last two years. He expected that his vessel would reach the southern ice at the beginning of the Summer, about Dec. 15, and at a point about 500 miles south of Cape Horn. The staff included M. Bougrain, who was to make the astronomical observations; M. Rouch, a specialist in meteorology and oceanography; M. Godefroy, who was to study the hydrography of the coast and the tides; M. Gourdon, geologist, and Dr. Jacques Lionville, marine zoologist, and botanist. Dr. Charcot himself is an expert bacteriologist.

Six automobile sleds with which Dr. Charcot had previously experimented in the Alps, were depended upon to enable the expedition to make its way well into the interior along the glaciers, and supplement the services rendered by skis.

The Pourquoi Pas registers 800 tons, and with 500 horse power engines, is capable of making about 10 knots an hour.

FOR REFORM IN CONGO.

BRUSSELS, Feb. 10.—The Government has elaborated a series of measures for reforms in the administration of the affairs of the Belgian Congo.

The question of labor and the system of land taxation has received special attention.

COOK NOT IN BERMUDA.

Careful Search of Island Shows Brooklyn Explorer's Absence.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAMILTON, Bermuda, Feb. 10.—A careful search of the island shows that Dr. Frederick A. Cook, the Brooklyn explorer, is not in Bermuda, as has been reported.

It was learned yesterday that a letter was received here on Jan. 15 addressed to F. Cook, and postmarked Brooklyn, but it was not delivered.

SCOTT DEFENDS PEARY.

But Says He'll Have White Men Along If He Reaches South Pole.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—Capt. Robert F. Scott, commander of the British antarctic expedition of 1900-4 and of a new antarctic expedition soon to set out, in a lecture at York to-night defended Commander Peary's action in sending Capt. Bartlett back. He said that some injustice had been done Peary in this respect, and while it would have been better if he had organized the party so that he could have had another white man accompany him to the pole, under the circumstances he had no choice, because he was bound to send Bartlett back as leader of the Eskimos.

Capt. Scott expressed the hope that his expedition would arrive at the south pole before the Americans reached that objective point, and announced his intention to have four whites on each of his parties and to take the four fittest men to make the last journey so that the world would have the evidence of three white men to support that of the leader.

BARTLETT GIVES UP PLACE.

Resigns Command of Southern Cross to Head Antarctic Expedition.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., Feb. 10.—Capt. Robert Bartlett, who was Commander Robert E. Peary's chief assistant on the trip to the north pole, to-day wired from New York his resignation as commander of the steamer Southern Cross, which is scheduled to go to the seal hunting grounds next month.

Capt. Bartlett in his telegram says that he resigns to take command of the Roosevelt in the American Antarctic expedition.

DENIES KAISER'S THREAT.

Did Not Say He'd Occupy Holland Unless She Fortified Against England.

THE HAGUE, Feb. 10.—In the first chamber of the States General to-day Foreign Minister Van Swinderen denied categorically the truth of the statement made by Baron Van Heckeren yesterday to the effect that the Kaiser had threatened to occupy Holland unless the country were placed in a state of defense against Great Britain.

The Foreign Minister declared that Queen Wilhelmina had never received from the Kaiser or any one acting on his behalf a letter, telegram, or verbal communication on the subject. He concluded with a tribute to the Kaiser's frequently demonstrated friendship for the Netherlands.

COAL MINES DEAL FOR $11,000,000

Dunsmuir Properties on Vancouver Island Reported Passing to Railway Builders.

MORGAN AND HILL INTEREST

Canadian Pacific Railroad Allowed Option to Expire, and Mackenzie and May Arranged Purchase.

Special to The New York Times.

VICTORIA, B. C., Feb. 10.—Valuable coal mines on the Pacific Coast are passing into the hands of Mackenzie and Mann, the railway builders of Canada, who are backed financially, it is understood, by J. P. Morgan and the allied interests of J. J. Hill. The mines are those owned by James Dunsmuir, formerly Lieutenant Governor of this province, who is parting with them for $11,000,000 cash, the whole amount to be delivered before May 1.

The Canadian Pacific Railroad Company, of which corporation Dunsmuir is a Director, has been worsted in a race for the mines. They are a source of supply for the Canadian Pacific, the company taking about 1,000 tons daily for ships and locomotives. The company has endeavored to purchase the mines, but recently allowed an option to expire, and Mackenzie and Mann, being on the coast, arranged the purchase.

The plan of the purchasers is believed to be one of great extension of workings. At present, with two mines operating and with shipping ports at Ladysmith and Union Bay on Vancouver Island, the output of the property is about 2,500 tons a day. As vast fields in addition to these are included in Dunsmuir's possessions the output can easily be doubled or trebled. The coal is a coking one, and, at the same time, second to none of the bituminous coals on the Pacific Coast for steam and household use.

Mackenzie and Mann will, it is learned, spend $5,000,000 additional in developing the mines and in erecting a smelter on Vancouver Island, where there are large deposits of iron. Mackenzie and Mann are building the Canadian Northern to the Pacific Coast.

1887 Brill Clothes 1910

An Exceptional Offering
100 Blue Serge Suits for Men
$17

medium weight, high grade all-the-year-round suits, well cut and tailored. An opportunity for each of 100 wise men to get just the suit he needs for wear between seasons and on the cool days of mid-year.

All Four Stores Open on Saturday, Lincoln's Birthday.

Brill Brothers
CLOTHIERS 4 CONVENIENT STORES
279 BROADWAY, nr. Chambers St. 125TH STREET, cor. 3d Avenue.
UNION SQUARE, 14th St., nr. B'way. 47 CORTLANDT ST., nr. Greenwich

Greenhut and Company
Dry Goods

The Handsomest Rest and Lounging Room in New York City

Is on our Third Floor, and our patrons are welcome to make frequent use of it.

Tea is served throughout the day without charge.

Double "S. & H." Green Trading Stamps
With all cash or charge purchases made before noon. Single stamps after noon.

The Arrow Sale Today
Coat Prices Down:
A Record Sale

A general round-up of all our Cloth Coats, of which there are but a few of each. Not one is excused or laid aside because of its exceptional smartness or high quality, none reserved because of high cost or regular prices.

Just the smart, dressy coat you need for present and early spring wear.

Out with them—that's the order, and it's a rush order, too—so this is the way we go about it:

$19.75
for Coats made to sell for $29.50
—At this price you can make a selection from four choice 54-inch semi-fitted models, made of fine quality of black broadcloth; black or navy serge, all satin lined throughout. Two as illustrated.

$15.00
for Coats made to sell for $22.50
—Black broadcloth coats; a full loose 52-inch model, collarless effect outlined with flat silk and soutache braid. Coat sleeve with braid trimmed cuffs; satin lined throughout. A very desirable and splendid coat.

At $10
$15 to $29.50 Coats of Broadcloth, Serge and Mixtures

We have assembled these coats from our regular stock, odd sizes and small lots. The sale price is quoted regardless of their cost or value.

Included are semi-fitted and loose models—50, 52 and 54 inches long, some satin lined throughout; others half lined. Sizes 32 to 44, but not in every style, so an early selection is desirable.

Second Floor—Greenhut and Company—Arrow Day.

Greenhut and Co., Sixth Avenue, 18th to 19th St.

The STEINWAY VERTEGRAND

is the embodiment of scientific research and musical progress of the Twentieth Century.

GUSTAV MAHLER, the famous conductor of the Philharmonic Society, writes us as follows:

"I never imagined that an upright piano could be constructed which would satisfy a musician's requirements in every respect."

SIR EDWARD ELGAR, the great English composer, exclaimed enthusiastically after playing on his Vertegrand:

"This piano would bleed TONE if I would wound it with a knife."

Yet the price of this remarkable upright, in ebonized case, is only

$550

Reasonable time payments will be accepted and liberal allowances will be granted for pianos of all makes offered in exchange.

STEINWAY & SONS,
Steinway Hall, 107 and 109 East Fourteenth Street, New York
Subway Express Station at the Door

Also on sale at 17 East 125th St., between Madison and Fifth Aves.
OPEN EVENINGS

Lord & Taylor

Men's Shoe Department

"*The Cordwriner*"

A Remarkable Shoe

"Waterproof," Smart looking, light weight and very flexible; Black Russia Calf, Tan Cresco Calf and Vici Kid,

Five Eighty-five

"Special"

Several Lines of Seven Dollar Shoes to be Discontinued,

Three Eighty-five

Broadway and 20th St.; 5th Ave.; 19th St.

Subject: Sale

A Lightening Process:

Stocks grow lighter in Suits and Overcoats because of the reduction to $14.50 of such that were $18, $20, $22 and $25.

It's a very light strain on any man's purse to pay only $14.50 for garments that actually sold for more.

WM. VOGEL & SON
Two Broadway Stores { at Houston Street / at 44th Street

DESERTED, HE SAYS, BY THE SUGAR TRUST

Spitzer, Former Dock Superintendent, Declares He's a Scapegoat for Men "Higher Up."

WON'T TELL WHO THEY ARE

But Complains He Was Ruined by Company He Served 29 Years—Sent to Federal Prison for Two Years.

After receiving a sentence of two years in the Federal prison at Atlanta, following his conviction, in the United States Circuit Court along with four other employes of the Sugar Trust, Oliver Spitzer, the former Dock Superintendent of the Williamsburg plant, made yesterday his first public statement since his arrest. It was in the nature of a complaint that he had been made a scapegoat to shield men higher up in the sugar company.

Spitzer did not give any information as to who these men might be. He had been advised by Henry L. Stimson, the Government's special prosecutor, and Judge Martin of the United States Court, who tried him, to do this ever since his conviction. Judge Martin in particular told all five of the convicted men that his consideration of the jury's recommendation of clemency would depend very largely upon the information they might give the Government. All the men kept silence. The four checkers received prison terms on Blackwell's Island.

This is what Spitzer had to say after sentence had been imposed:

"I am going to Atlanta to-day because I directed my counsel not to apply for a stay of execution. I did not want to place myself in the same position as Mr. Morse. Through stays and legal quibbles he added a year's imprisonment in the Tombs to his sentence, which was finally upheld by the higher courts. I want no such loss of time.

"I am not saying this because I apprehend that my conviction will be sustained. On the contrary, I expect a new trial and an acquittal. The Sugar Trust made a scapegoat of me. It deserted me absolutely. It pounded and ruined me after I had served it faithfully for twenty-nine years. I started with the trust when I was a boy, and by industry worked my way up until I became Superintendent of the docks in Williamsburg. It was reported that I was receiving big pay. As a matter of fact I got a salary of $55 a week. The expenses of this trial have cut into my savings and have left me practically ruined.

"In the alleged fraud prosecution the Government cried for a victim and the Sugar Trust answered by sacrificing me and four $18 a week checkers. None of us was guilty of any breach of law, but somebody had to go to prison to save those higher up. They say I had knowledge of the alleged manipulation of the scales at the sugar docks. I don't think I was in the scale houses once during the last fifteen years. I had no occasion to enter them. As to the corset steel said to have been discovered in a hole in a set of scales, I know nothing about it, and, seemingly no one else does but Parr, who says he found it there.

"My contention always has been and is still that if there were differences in the weighing of sugar the city weighers alone were responsible for it. There was every reason why they should overweigh in favor of the seller so as to allow him to present false bills to the purchaser."

After sentence was imposed on Spitzer, George W. MacKellar, his counsel, moved that he be admitted to bail pending the appeals which have been taken from his conviction. This motion Judge Martin denied.

DEFENSE OF HEIKE OPENS.

Plea of Immunity in Sugar Case Because He Gave Grand Jury Evidence.

Judge Martin and a jury in the United States Circuit Court began yesterday the trial of the special plea of immunity entered for Secretary Charles R. Heike of the American Sugar Refining Company against the indictment found by the Federal Grand Jury several weeks ago, charging him with complicity in the sugar weighing frauds on the Havemeyer & Elder docks in Brooklyn. The plea was entered by John B. Stanchfield as Heike's counsel on the ground that the Sugar Trust Secretary had testified before the Federal Grand Jury in proceedings against the trust under the Sherman Anti-Trust act last June and again in December.

Henry L. Stimson, who is appearing for the Government, has announced that if the plea fails he will move for Heike's sentence forthwith on the ground that the plea carries with it a confession of guilt as to the acts charged in the indictment.

REPAYS $100,000 IN DUTIES.

Federal Refining Co., Last of the Delinquents, Settles for Fraud.

The Federal Sugar Refining Company, according to information obtained yesterday, will pay back to the Government within a few days $100,000, representing the duties of which the Government has been deprived through the underweighing of imported sugar. This refund will bring the total back duties recovered by the Government from the sugar companies to about $3,500,000. The Federal Company is the last of the sugar delinquents the Government has been pursuing.

The Federal Sugar Refining Company is the Spreckels concern. It has offices at 138 Front Street and a refinery at Yonkers. Negotiations with it have been pending for several months along the lines of those taken up with Arbuckle Brothers and the National Sugar Refining Company. These, in turn, started from the discoveries of the frauds in estimating the duties on sugar imported by the American Sugar Refining Company.

The American Company was first convicted last Winter in the United States Circuit Court. Recently five of its former employes were convicted and sentenced. No other prosecutions have been begun against the other sugar companies or their employes.

THE LADY CUT RED TAPE

And Her Engineer Is Home from the Canal Zone, to Wed as Per Schedule.

William M. Thom, a well-built, sandy-haired young man, an engineer on the Panama Canal, stationed at Gatun Dam, got in yesterday on the Panama Line steamship Advance. He was welcomed at the pier by Miss Charlotte V. Morris. On Saturady they will be married, and the same day will start back to the Canal Zone to begin life together.

The case of young Mr. Thom proves that love laughs at red tape as at bolts and bars. Mr. Thom and Miss Morris have been engaged for many months. Their wedding was set for Feb. 12, and Miss Morris was preparing for it when her prospective husband notified her that he had been transferred from Nombre de Dios to Gatun, under Major Jervey, and could not come to New York. The wedding would have to be postponed.

Miss Morris appealed to Mrs. C. F. Page, her cousin, to ask the Government to cut the red tape and allow her young engineer to be married on the date agreed upon. Mrs. Page in turn appealed to her cousin, Wendell P. Page, who wrote a personal appeal to President Taft. He followed this up by a personal visit, accompanied by several Congressmen. The result was that Thom, when he had given up hope, received leave from the Secretary of War just in time to take the steamer.

"I had just been transferred," he explained, "and I did not want to ask for leave. The canal appropriation is divided up among the chiefs of departments. A chief does not want to get a man, and then have him ask for leave. But I am mighty glad I am here."

No Trace of Brokers' Lost $10,000 Bill.

No trace has yet been found of the missing $10,000 bill lost on Feb. 5 by Benson Lang, a messenger boy in the employ of the Stock Exchange house of Hornblower & Weeks, at 42 Broadway. Lang still maintains that it disappeared from the deposit book in some unaccountable manner while he was on his way to the National City Bank. He is still in the Tombs.

AUTOMOBILE BILL TO BE COMPROMISE

Assembly Committee Will Report a Measure It Hopes Will Satisfy All Sides.

TO HOLD ANOTHER HEARING

Highways Protective Association and State Grange to Present Their Claims on Feb. 24.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 10.—The Assembly Committee on Internal Affairs has decided to give another hearing on Feb. 24 on pending bills to regulate the operation of automobiles. This action was taken to-day at the request of the National Highway Protective Association, the Automobile Club of America, and the State Grange, which were not represented at the previous hearing. The State Automobile Association and an organization of automobile manufacturers also will be represented.

According to Chairman George H. Whitney, the committee will frame a bill which will be reported to the Legislature for consideration. While several measures, including those of Assemblymen Dan... Bates, and Howard, are now on the committee files, the main object of the hearing, which was announced to-day, will be to receive suggestions from those interested in motor vehicle traffic. The committee measure will be in the nature of a compromise with the view that all will make concessions and favor it.

The license feature and other parts of the Allds-Hamn bill of last year will form the groundwork of the new bill. It is expected that provisions for the examination of chauffeurs before licenses are issued will be included. The photographic identification of chauffeurs is favored by a majority of the committee. It is expected that Inspectors or agents will be employed by the State to carry out the provisions of the examination section of the act. The proceeds of the automobile and chauffeur licenses, which, it is believed, will amount to at least $500,000 a year, will be devoted to the maintenance of highways.

The question of speed restriction is unsettled. In the Allds-Hamn bill there was no miles-per-hour limit. The automobile operator, under its provisions, would be held responsible for a reasonable and safe speed, as the driver of a horse is at present. In some of the rural sections of the State there is opposition to unrestricted speed. Some of the Assemblymen say that many constituents have asked them to oppose the plan if it comes before the Legislature this year.

One member of the committee said to-day that he favored a clause which would permit the localities to fix a speed limit above a certain general limit to be fixed in the law.

The speed question, with plans for the protection of the users of the highways and the better identification of motor vehicles will be discussed at the hearing two weeks from to-day.

Lace Hidden In Trunk and Overcoat.

Francisco Vitale, a cabin passenger, who arrived yesterday on the White Star liner Cedric, was held by the customs officials charged with attempting to smuggle. To Deputy Surveyors Rasczkiewics and McKeon, who questioned him on the pier, he said he was bringing in nothing dutiable. When he was searched the officials found much lace sewed in the lining of his overcoat and under a false bottom in his trunk. The whole find was appraised at $1,000. Commissioner Shields held him for examination.

O'NEILL-ADAMS CO

Established 42 Years

To-Day's News

Lowest Prices For Standard Goods in Greater New York.

Magnificent Fur Coats at About One-Half Former Prices

O'Neill Building—Third Floor.

All our finest Fur Coats get their final reductions. Coats that have been $175 to $798 now $87.50 to $399.

Persian Lamb—about twelve coats in all, varying from $250 Coats at $125 to $798 Coats at $399.

One magnificent Eastern mink Coat, made of 40 skins, beautifully matched; was $450, now marked $225.

Another Eastern Mink Coat of 30 skins, was $495, is now $247.

Hudson Seal Coats—the finest and richest of Bison skins, dyed in London, and made here, of skins we can't buy in the pelt under $200—cut and made as they are cut and made this year—at $162.50, from $325.

A magnificent Squirrel Coat of mole color at $225.

A caracal Coat of fine glossy skins, well marked at $112.50.

Pony Coats		
198.00 269.00	Half Price	99.00 134.50
Blue Squirrel Coats		
225.00	Half Price	112.50
Blended Squirrel "Sable"		
265.00	Half Price	132.50
Hudson Seal "Bison"		
175.00 225.00 250.00 298.00 325.00	Half Price	87.50 112.50 125.00 149.00 162.50
Rich Baby Caracul Coats		
198.00 250.00	Half Price	99.00 125.00
Hudson Mink Coats		
450.00 405.00	Half Price	225.00 247.50
Rich Persian Lamb Coat		
250.00 275.00 298.00 325.00 398.00 450.00 675.00 798.00	Half Price	125.00 137.50 149.00 162.50 199.00 225.00 337.50 399.00

We Give Surety Stamps and Redeem Them in Merchandise or Premiums.

6th Ave., 20th to 22d St. O'NEILL-ADAMS CO 6th Ave., 20th to 22d St.

Do We Undersell Competition? Here's The Answer

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.

Macy's

B'way at 6th Av. 34th to 35th St.

Continuation of the February Furniture Sale

Our Litigation With the American Book Publishers' Association Brings to Light Some Vital and Interesting Facts of This Business.

This is the only business we know of that has ever contended for the right to sell goods at low prices. In this era of trust-made prices, is not this a unique organization, and one universally worthy of your support?

Our fight with the American Book Publishers' Association is a **cause celebre,** in that it is the only instance known to American retailing that a firm has actually sustained a legal battle **eight years** for the privilege of selling their goods at prices consistent with the regular policy controlling their profits. Stripped of technicalities, our contention is that **when we buy books from a publisher, paying him the price he asks, it is a violation of sound business ethics and decidedly in restraint of trade for him to DICTATE TO US THE PRICE WE SHALL CHARGE YOU.**

Every great business enterprise has basic fundamental principles. One of our controlling principles is to undersell competition. In order to do this we have to conduct the affairs of Macy's **differently** from the methods of the average store. Among other things, we do not sell on credit and we do not give discounts or commissions. The savings thus made help us to sell goods on a slenderer margin than those merchants who have to bear the losses and expenses of carrying charge accounts and who favor certain classes of customers with commissions and discounts at the expense of other classes of customers. **We think we are safe in saying that all other houses do one or the other or both to a greater or less extent.**

When the book-price question arose we found we could realize our usual profit by selling books at 98 cents that the American Book Publishers' Association stipulated should be sold at $1.08. We demurred at charging you $1.08 for a book that we could have sold you profitably at 98 cents. The gentlemen composing the Association told us flatly that if we did charge 98 cents instead of $1.08 they would cut off our supplies **—and this they proceeded to do.** The people wanted books; as merchants we had to provide books for them. The Association refused to sell us unless we would change our retail price to $1.08 from 98 cents. This forced us to secure the books in circuitous ways, from indirect sources, requiring much time and considerable cost. For **eight** years we have offered you these books at 98 cents a volume, **and we can think of no circumstance or condition that will prevent us from continuing to do so.**

We have two avenues open to us: Submit to Book Trust dictation and exact from customers a profit greater than our cash system calls for, or—**fight.**

The fight has lasted **eight** years. It is a long time to fight for the right to sell goods as cheaply as we choose, and we deserve to win. Any store or organization or individual that will fight for such a **PRINCIPLE** deserves to win.

This is the only store that sells Book Trust products for less than the Book Trust says its products **MUST BE SOLD.** Satisfy yourself—take this list of copyrighted publications to any other store and try to match any title on it at the Macy price, **98c.** The best you can possibly do elsewhere is **$1.08.**

Much larger price-differences in favor of Macy's will be found on hundreds of other things throughout the store. **It is not uncommon for specialty stores to charge double what we do for Fine Art Wares.**

The truth about our Book Business is simply a peg on which we hang the story of our general policy. Quality for quality—our prices are invariably lower than others charge.

The Kingdom of Slender Swords—Rives	98c
The Man Outside—Martyn	98c
The Biography of a Boy—Bacon	98c
The Price of Lis Doris—Maartens	98c
The Double Life—Leroux	98c
Margarita's Soul—Bacon	98c
A Girl of the Limberlost—Porter	98c
The Foreigner—Conners	98c
The Title Market—Post	98c
A Traitor's Wooing—Hill	98c
The Marriage Broker—Warden	98c
Silver Horde—Beach	98c
Mr. Justice Raffles—Hornung	98c
Sally Bishop—Thurston	98c
A Son of the Immortals—Tracy	98c
Calling of Dan Matthews—Wright	98c
Half a Chance—Isham	98c
Friendship Village Love Stories—Zona Gale	98c
Bella Donna—Hitchens	98c
John Marvel—Page	98c

Women's Beautiful Suits at *Reductions Without Precedent*

Second Floor.

Two-hundred-and-fifty Women's Two-and-Three-piece Suits. Made of fine broadcloths, serges and other imported fabrics. Dark colors for general and delicate colors for evening wear. All are lined with rich silk. They are the Suits that you have so genuinely admired at regular prices. These prices will hurry them out:

Suits that were $19.74 to $31.74	$11.74
Suits that were $32.74 to $44.74	$19.74
Suits that were $46.74 to $89.75	$24.74

Many of them arrived here about the middle of January—others have been here a little longer. All are stylish and desirable. The entire lot should go like a flash.

Misses' Sample Dresses *Value $7.50 to $15.00* Special, $4.96 and $5.94

Second Floor.

A manufacturer's sample line of Misses' and Junior Misses' Washable Dresses—*no two alike.* They are made of French linen, ramie, repp and fine gingham—long-waisted Princess models and all the new waistline effects. Values $7.50 to $15.00.

Special $4.96 to $5.94

Wool Satin Majestique Cloth *Value $1.75; Special 89c. Yard*

All-wool Satin Majestique Cloth is about the highest bred weave we know of. The grade we quote today is an honest, full measure $1.75 grade. Although we sell it at 89c, you must not associate it in your mind with any quality that you can find elsewhere for less than $1.75—and at some places at $2.00 a yard—54 inches wide—all the leading Spring shades—plenty of navy and black.

First Floor.

Cut Lengths of Silks

Foulards, Satin Messalines, Satin Crepes, Taffetas, Shantungs, Crepe de Chines, Voiles and many weaves of Black Silks.

Main Floor.

29c for Silks worth up to 60c a yard
39c for Silks worth up to 75c a yard
49c for Silks worth up to $1.00 a yard
59c for Silks worth up to $1.10 a yard
69c for Silks worth up to $1.25 a yard
79c for Silks worth up to $1.50 a yard
89c for Silks worth up to $1.75 a yard
99c for Silks worth up to $2.00 a yard

Women's Leather Hand Bags *Values $2.49 and $2.97; Special, $1.69*

Main Floor.

Five hundred Hand Bags—just from the manufacturer. Instead of putting them in regular stock and selling them at our regular prices for such qualities—$2.49 and $2.97—we've grouped them among the special offerings and made the price for all **$1.69.**

Carriage and Swagger shapes, eight, nine and ten inches long; made of patent, goat seal, walrus grain and seal grain leathers, in black, brown, green and tan. Leather-covered and German silver frames—silk or leather-lined.

One Hundred Dozen Women's *Imported Black Hose* Value 35c a Pair; Special, 24c

Main Floor.

They are Mercerized Gauze Lisle Thread—finished with deep garter tops. Brand new—just came through the Custom House. The quality that is regularly sold at 35c a pair; special at 24c.

Irish Dimities at 18c. *Sold Elsewhere at 25c. and 30c.*

Main Floor.

Printed Irish Dimity is one of the staplest of the staple cotton weaves. We don't think any other store in town shows as many patterns and colorings as we do.

These are the newest and freshest that the spinners, designers and dyers have brought out for 1910—sold elsewhere at 25c. and 30c.; special at 18c. per yard.

English Long Cloth *$1.46 for Piece of Twelve Yards*

Main Floor.

Five hundred pieces English Long Cloth, 40 inches wide, soft needle finish, suitable for women's and children's underwear—twelve yards, $1.46.

PRINCETON TRUSTEES UPHOLD DR. WILSON

Report of Special Committee on Controversy Over the Procter Gift Accepted.

MAY RETIRE DEAN WEST

This Seems Implied in a Letter to Procter Prior to Withdrawal of His $500,000 Graduate School Offer.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Feb. 10.—The stand of President Woodrow Wilson in the controversy at Princeton University over the site and administration of the new Graduate College was virtually upheld to-day in a unanimous resolution of the Board of Trustees accepting a report and recommendation of the special committee appointed to treat with William Cooper Procter of Cincinnati, relative to his withdrawn offer of $500,000 toward the endowment of the Graduate College.

While disclaiming any intention to determine the merits of either side in the "irreconcilable differences" in the controversy between President Wilson and a majority of the Faculty Committee on the one hand, and Dean Andrew F. West of the Graduate School on the other, the report points out that the situation requires action by the board at an early date to terminate those differences. Allusions to Dean West in the committee's letter to Mr. Procter are taken to indicate the possible severance of the Dean's relation as head of the Graduate School in the near future.

Undergraduates Pleased.

The action of the Board of Trustees is regarded with satisfaction by the undergraduate student body generally as upholding President Wilson's fight against the proposed separate site and social life of graduate and undergraduate students, which, he declared, tended toward an undemocratic creation of classes in the university and in the Graduate College itself. The donor's insistence on a separate site for the Graduate College is regarded in the report as a provision that would have impaired the board's power of control over the organization of the college.

The Board of Trustees, to the number of twenty-five, including President Wilson, assembled in the Trustees' Room of the Library at 11 o'clock in the morning. The Trustees had come from distant points to attend the meeting. Only five members of the board were absent. None save Trustees were admitted to the meeting.

Here is the final recommendation of the report, which was signed by five Trustees, John Dixon, Cleveland H. Dodge, Henry W. Green, Henry B. Thompson, and Thomas D. Jones, Chairman:

> We recommend that the board again express to Mr. Procter its deep appreciation of his munificent offer and puts upon record its profound regret that he has deemed it wise to withdraw it. The board indulges the hope that in the near future Mr. Procter may be moved to reopen the question, when it is confidently believed that an agreement can be reached entirely satisfactory to him and to this board.

In enumerating the circumstances that led to the withdrawal of the gift and the board's recommendation, the report points out that there were radical and irreconcilable differences of opinion among the Faculty Committee of the Graduate College, in regard to the construction, organization, development and conduct of the Graduate College. On this point the report says:

> Your committee has not considered that it came within their province to determine the merits of any of the controversies between the majority and the minority of the Faculty Committee. The purpose of the committee is now simply to state to the board the facts as they found them to be, and to state also the conviction of the members of this committee that a situation exists which will probably require action on the part of the board at an early date. It is a truism that the Graduate College must be administered by persons who believe in the scheme which is to be carried out, if the best results are to be attained.
>
> The acceptance of Mr. Procter's offer would have imposed upon the board an important contractual obligation, deciding irrevocably for all time one of the most important questions which have been dividing the Faculty of the university since the offer was made, namely, the removal of the Graduate College from the present centre of university life.
>
> It has seemed to your committee of vital importance that this board shall maintain unimpaired its own power to control the organization, development, and conduct of the graduate work, so that it may be able to utilize from time to time the results of experience, to meet new conditions as they arise, and to preserve as great a degree of elasticity as possible in its plans.

The report points out that Mr. Procter in making his offer was under the false impression that the plans for a Graduate College, as outlined by Dean West in his book in 1903, had been adopted by the board. Those plans had never been adopted. This and the differences of opinion regarding Dean West's plans were pointed out to Mr. Procter in a letter from the committee asking him several questions about the terms of his offer.

This passage in that letter is taken to indicate the possible retirement of Dean West from his present place:

> Dean West's book could at most but indicate the outlines of a graduate college; the details remained at the time of the writing of the book, and to a large extent still remain to be filled in. It seems to us not improbable that in taking your offer you assumed that Dean West's relation to the graduate college would remain such as it was at the time of the making of your offer, unless and until circumstances not now existing or not now known to exist should, in the opinion of the Board of Trustees, make a change seem necessary or desirable. In that case such continuance of the Dean's present relations to the graduate school might be considered as an implied, though not an expressed, condition—at least a presupposition—of your proposed gift.
>
> This committee cannot ignore the fact that in view of the dissensions above referred to the Board of Trustees may feel compelled to take some action in the near future to terminate such dissensions; and our inquiry now is whether if your gift is accepted, and if the board should reach the conclusion that the welfare of the University requires that they entrust the graduate school, (including the residential graduate college,) to other hands, either in whole or in part, on the side of its construction and organization, or on the side of its administration, or both, you would consider that such action on the part of the Trustees would be in violation of the implied condition above suggested? In making this inquiry this committee distinctly disclaims any intention to express or to intimate any opinion as to what the action of the Board of Trustees ought to be or is likely to be in any of these respects.

In reply to this letter from the committee came the letter from Mr. Procter on Feb. 6 begging to withdraw the offer of his gift. It was altogether unexpected, the report says. Of the withdrawal the report says:

> The answer which the committee had hoped to receive from Mr. Procter was, that although his offer was made expressly in aid of specific plans, he recognized the necessity on the part of the board to retain, beyond any doubt whatever, the power to control the organization, development, and conduct of the Graduate College, and that the obligation which the board would be assuming by acceptance of his offer would not, in his mind, preclude even fundamental changes in those plans, provided experience seemed to the authorities of the university to require such changes. This hope has not been realized.
>
> "Even the dean's original plan," the report continues, "did not contemplate a site remote from the centre of undergraduate life. This was a new and important element engrafted by Mr. Procter's offer upon the original scheme. It was Dean West's scheme plus the removal outside the campus.

Points Dividing the Faculty.

The irreconcilable differences that divided the Faculty Committee on the Graduate College are shown in majority and minority reports of that committee appended to the report. The majority report, signed by Profs. E. G. Conklin, W. M. Daniels, H. B. Fine, and Edward Capps, favors the campus site for the graduate college, as conducive to unity of administration and ideals and beneficial contact between graduate and undergraduate students. A distant site for the residential hall, on the other hand, might bring the eventual emergence of a separate establishment with interests alien to and separate from those of the college. Besides making the laboratories and library more inaccessible, the distant site would also exclude poorer students from the common dining room and social life of the place.

Neither President Wilson, Dean West, nor M. Taylor Pyne, Chairman of the Graduate School Committee of the Board of Trustees, would make any further comment on the report, saying that all points involved were contained there.

The building of the Graduate College will now go ahead independently of the lost Procter gift, it was said by one of the Princeton officers to-day, the money being drawn from the bequest of $330,000 left by Mrs. Josephine Thomson-Swann for that purpose and such additional funds as can be hereafter obtained. The Thomson-Swann bequest thad specified "a college built on the grounds of the university," the endowment of which was to be secured through the best possible rents from graduate, senior and junior students. The new college, it is believed, will be built on the campus.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Feb. 10.—William Cooper Procter says that his gift to Princeton will not be reconsidered.

"All of us have a certain amount of pride, and I consider it would be humbling myself to return this gift to the university now," he said to-day. "I am a loyal Princeton man; in fact, I don't know of a single place in this country except my home that I revere any more than my Alma Mater. But just the same they cannot receive the money.

"I had a purpose in offering the gift—one which would have placed the graduate school of Princeton far ahead of any other in this country. That was why I offered them the money.

"A matter of nation-wide dissension has sprung up, much to my surprise and regret, over this gift, and I am placed in the peculiar and unpleasant position of a man whose offer is questioned. The matter is closed for all time and nothing can shake my determination in this."

WILEY PRAISES CANNERS.

They Liked Wilson's Compliments, but Disregard His Advice.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Feb. 10.—Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, Chief Chemist of the Bureau of Agriculture, declared to-day before the National Canners' Association that "American canners have done great service to humanity by their care in furnishing pure canned foods" during his address, which was the principal feature of the closing day of the convention. Dr. Wiley insisted that the people of the country desire quality rather than cheap products, and advised a general standardization of canned goods.

Gov. B. M. Fernard of Maine, another speaker, declared his belief "that the good quality of canned goods taken by Commander Peary to the arctic regions enabled the discoverer to reach the pole."

The association ignored the part of Secretary Wilson's letter read yesterday in which he requested that they take no action toward condemning benzoate of soda, but thanked the Federal official for his declaration on the absolute purity of American canned products. In the resolution the canners drew attention to their declaration in favor of pure food laws made at former meetings and made no change in their attitude taken at that time. Recommendation for a general standardization of canned food products was made by Dr. A. W. Bitting, expert of the Federal Bureau of Chemistry.

TAXICAB HITS A TROLLEY POST

One of Four Employes of an Auto Firm Badly Hurt in Yonkers.

Four employes of the New York Taxi-Cab Company were traveling fast in a taxicab yesterday toward Yonkers Avenue on the trolley tracks of Central Avenue, Yonkers, when Joseph Kinley of 109 East Eighty-seventh Street, who was driving, in attempting to turn a corner crashed into a trolley post. The car was wrecked.

Wright Kemp of 666 Yonkers Avenue, Capt. Lorens of Fire Engine 7, and Capt. Hugh Brady of the Second Precinct rushed to the assistance of the men who were buried beneath the debris. The most seriously injured was Richard C. Bangs of 69 West 165th Street, New York. Dr. William Klein took him to St. Joseph's Hospital with a possible fracture of the skull. He is not expected to live.

Kinley was hurt on the right arm and shoulder and was locked up on a charge of intoxication.

The other two occupants of the car were Frank Walsh of 80 West 103d Street and Martin Anderson of 60 West Sixtieth Street. They were held as material witnesses. The number of the taxicab was 49,091, New York Taxicab Company.

Dead Three Days Standing Up.

Sam Jones, 90 years old, one of the best-known negroes in Northern New Jersey, was found dead in his home at Bergenfields, N. J., yesterday morning. He was still standing, having been in an upright position for probably three days. He had died while one arm rested on the mantel over the fireplace and one hand on a table, enough to support the body as it stood. Jones was caretaker of the Van Valkenberg estate. Old age was said to be the cause of his death.

GRANT HOUSESMITHS VOLUNTARY INCREASE

Employers Give Them $5 a Day, the Rate for Which the Late Sam Parks Strove.

WORK ON OPEN SHOP PLAN

Union Has Renewed Application for Reinstatement Under Arbitration Plan, Abrogated After Last Strike.

Officers of the Iron League Erectors' Association, which employs most of the housesmiths, announced yesterday that the members have voluntarily increased the wages of between 5,000 and 6,000 housesmiths in this city 30 cents a day, dating from the first of this month, and that another increase of 20 cents a day will go into effect beginning July 1. This will bring the wages up to $5 a day, the highest wages housesmiths have yet received, and the rate the late Sam Parks, who was sent to jail, declared he would obtain.

The housesmiths have been working for years under open-shop conditions for the association employers, as a result of strikes in violation of the arbitration plan before and after the death of Sam Parks. Parks when he was in power was credited with forcing the wages up from $2.75 and $3 to $4 a day.

The Housesmiths and Bridgemen's Union, as the organization of the housesmiths is called, has applied for reinstatement under the arbitration plan. The last application was made recently and like all the others was unsuccessful. C. E. Cheney, Secretary of the Iron League Erectors' Association, was asked yesterday why the wages of the housesmiths had been voluntarily increased.

"The employers thought that it was time for them to have an increase," he replied. "They believed that an increase of wages was justified."

It was said yesterday that the bricklayers' unions, which do not engage in sympathetic strikes, are considering the question of voting financial support for the striking steamfitters, but have not taken up the question of a sympathetic strike.

LESS BUILDING WORK.

Showing for January, However, Is Better Than That for December.

Bradstreet's statistics of building activities in ninety-five cities of the United States during January show a slowing down, as compared with December, and a smaller falling off as compared with the same months last year. Bradstreet's says:

> Returns of building expenditures in January, aggregating $41,194,194 at ninety-five cities, show a decline of 24.9 per cent. from December and of 10.8 per cent. from January a year ago. Taking the cities as a whole, the gains and losses from a year ago are very evenly balanced, forty-seven cities showing increases while forty-eight show decreases. Reduced activity at New York, where about $3,000,000 of the $5,000,000 of net loss from January a year ago is recorded, accounts for much of the reduction. Here is a decrease of 2 per cent. from January, 1909, and of 42.7 per cent. from December, 1909, is to be noted.

UNION ORGANIZER BEATEN.

Attacked by Miners Who Oppose Organization and May Die.

HUNTINGTON, West Va., Feb. 10.—A. T Deck of Wellston, Ohio, an organizer for the United Mine Workers of America, is believed to be dying at the Ackendree Hospital here as the result of injuries inflicted by a band of miners at Loup Creek, who are said to be opposed to the organization. Deck has been endeavoring to organize the miners of West Virginia, and for several weeks has been working in the vicinity of Loup Creek.

After beating him into insensibility, the assailants placed him on a railroad track near Harvey, where he was found by miners on their way home.

Injured Head Brings Him $6,500.

It will cost the Lovering & Garrigues Company $6,500 for having dumped a bucket of bolts from the third floor of 425 East Twenty-fourth Street on the head of Michael J. Storen, 55 years old, when he was passing. The incident happened in August, 1907. The verdict was returned to Justice Ford by a Supreme Court jury yesterday. Bell & Kuck represented Storen.

MINISTER CALHOUN IN COURT.

Argues for Law Fixing Ten Hours as Legal Working Day for Women.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 10.—William J. Calhoun, United States Minister to China, appeared before the Supreme Court of Illinois to-day in an appeal to have that body overrule a decision bearing upon the ten hours a day working law for women. Judge Tuthill last July held the law limiting the working day to ten hours unconstitutional, on the ground that it infringes on woman's right to contract for the hire of her labor.

Minister Calhoun was one of the large number of Chicago men and women opposing the decision, who appeared before the Supreme Court. The Minister to China told the court that he would confine his address to a single phase of the case—its humanitarian or common sense side.

"I am not a radical, nor a socialist, nor an anarchist," he said, "and I do not even belong to the so-called 'uplift movement' of which we have heard so much recently. But I do take sufficient notice of some of the unfortunate abuses which exist in this highly and artificially developed civilization of ours and which call aloud for correction.

"In the doctrine of the freedom of contract there is more of fiction than of reality. When men and women are dependent upon their daily wages, when they are face to face with poverty all the time, when the loss of a day's work and a day's wages means not enough money to pay rent, or not enough to buy food, it is not fair, it is not common sense to say that they enjoy any freedom to contract for the sale of their labor.

"Many women in their struggles for food and shelter, yes, and for life itself, are willing, even eager, to work long hours every day in every week in the year, year in and year out, until their bodies break under the strain. But the wishes of such women should not be allowed to militate against the welfare of womankind and of mankind in general. When a woman, be she maid or mother, has worked in a factory ten long hours she has toiled the limit the laws of this country should allow.

"Must the selfish desire of a few men to sell more goods, to grind out more orders, be allowed to stifle the needful demand of maidenhood and of motherhood?"

States Attorney Wayman of Chicago also asked the Supreme Court to set aside the ruling of Judge Tuthill. Attorney Haynie, representing the Illinois Manufacturers' Association, argued for the upholding of the decision of Judge Tuthill.

ELKINS STILL TROUBLESOME.

Insists on Being Chairman of Senate High Prices Inquiry Committee.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—A stubborn fight is going on within the ranks of the Republican Party in the Senate to decide whether Mr. Lodge of Massachusetts or Mr. Elkins of West Virginia shall be Chairman of the Select Committee of seven Senators to investigate the high cost of living. The resolution authorizing the investigation bears the name of Senator Elkins, and contains some of the provisions suggested by him, and the leaders thought he should have been satisfied.

But Mr. Elkins has set his heart on being Chairman. It was Mr. Elkins who brought about the withdrawal of Mr. Lodge's own resolution on the subject reported from the Finance Committee. Mr. Elkins declared that it was drafted with the especial end in view of excusing the tariff laws and the trusts from all blame. The new resolution naming the trusts, the tariff laws, and many other things as possible causes of high prices to be investigated was the result.

The naming of the committee is in the hands of Vice President Sherman, but though the committee has been authorized now for nearly a week no appointments have been made. Mr. Sherman, of course, is waiting until the Republican leaders make up a slate. Therefore the insistency of Mr. Elkins is causing his colleagues some worry and much amusement.

Several times before he has gone off the reservation with loud cries of anger and each time, as in the struggle on the tariff last Summer, he has returned smiling to the ranks of the regulars. This time he has stayed out of camp longer than ever before, and the leaders are beginning to be troubled. Mr. Elkins has generally been considered so close to the organization that his defection points to serious difficulties for the leaders in keeping the line intact.

Aside from the question of the Chairmanship it is now expected that the committee will include on the Republican side Messrs. Lodge, Elkins, McCumber, Root, and Crawford. Minority Leader Mooney has not yet suggested the Democratic members.

NEWSBOYS HELP Y. M. C. A.

Give $5 to Pittsburg Association and Steel Corporation Contributes $10,000.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 10.—Ten thousand dollars from the United States Steel Corporation and 500 pennies from the Newsboys' Home were received simultaneously to-day by the Young Men's Christian Association committee that is conducting a ten days' campaign to raise $300,000 for four new branch buildings.

The total contributions to-day amounted to $90,000. It is expected that the $300,000 will be raised by Saturday night, when the time limit expires.

REBELS IN MANAGUA CAPTURE STEAMER

In Disguise Overpower Crew at Wharf and Escape with Vessel in Cannonade.

MADRIZ'S CAPITAL IN UPROAR

Many Arrests—Estradist General Captures Capital of Matagalpa and Overruns Province.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Feb. 10.—The steamer Managua was captured at her wharf here this afternoon by a group of thirty young men of the Conservative Party, headed by Alexander Solorzano, a relative of Fernando Solorzano, leader of this party in Managua, who is now a political prisoner.

The capture of the steamer was effected after an exchange of about fifty shots. The conspirators, some of whom were disguised in women's garments, boarded the steamer, and it reported that three of them were killed. The crew were overpowered in less than five minutes, but the shrill whistle of the vessel spread the alarm.

Fifty cavalrymen clattered through the streets to the wharf, but arrived only to see the Managua disappearing in the distance. The city immediately filled with troops, and the police arrested fifty men, among whom were the telegraph and telephone operators, who failed to give the alarm.

The American Consul, Jose Olivares, was barred by the police from making his way through one of the streets, but he insisted on his rights and was permitted to proceed.

A field piece was brought down to the lake front and several shots were fired at the steamer, but did no damage. The excitement here is intense, coming as the capture of the steamer did on the heels of news of an Estrada victory.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Feb. 10.—The revolutionists, 1,200 strong, under Gens. Chamorro and Masis, this morning captured Matagalpa, the capital of Matagalpa Department, a place of some 9,000 inhabitants about eighty miles from here and some twelve miles southeast of Jinotega.

On receipt of the news that Matagalpa had been taken, the authorities here declared that the city was undefended, the Government troops having evacuated it.

It is rumored, however, that the insurgents defeated Gen. Porto Carrero, who was in command of 800 men in the vicinity of Muymuy, and that they continued on to Matagalpa without opposition. There they requisitioned all Government moneys and supplies, as when Boaco was taken. There is no concealing the fact that the Government is apprehensive.

Matagalpa Province has been for some time overrun by revolutionists who were moving toward Muymuy. This section is occupied largely by American-owned coffee plantations which have been seriously damaged by the depredations of recruiting parties sent out by the Government. The danger to American interests was doubled with Gen. Chamorro's forces in the district.

Despite repeated protests made by American Consul Olivares, American plantations have been raided and left bare of laborers, who have been drafted into the Government Army. As a result the coffee crop is in danger of being a total loss. The property of the San Francisco Coffee Company is at the mercy of the raiders.

NEGRO EDITOR SENTENCED.

Third Representative of Cuban Press Punished for Libels on Gomez.

HAVANA, Feb. 10.—Gen. Evaristo Estenez, a Liberal leader and editor of the negro organ Prevision, for whom a bench warrant was issued on Tuesday on the charge of printing a libel against President Gomez, after failure to respond to a summons, appeared in the Correctional Court this afternoon. He declared that he would make no defense, and was thereupon sentenced by Judge Almagro to six months' imprisonment from which decision of the court there is no appeal.

Gen. Estenez is the third editor to be convicted of libelling the Administration, and President Gomez is determined to rigorously prosecute every one who is guilty of publishing what the Government regards as libellous articles.

The newspapers almost unanimously condemn the Government's policy, under which it is alleged prosecutions before the Correctional Courts are practically dictated by the Prosecuting Attorney of the Supreme Court in accordance with orders from the Government. The especial grievance is the impossibility of securing clemency through the President.

The sentence of Gen. Estenez has aroused the strong resentment of the negro element, among whom Estenez is regarded as a racial leader second only in importance to the President of the Senate, Morua Delgado.

Burned Helping His Blazing Wife.

George Logonia of 1,615 Fort Schuyler Road, the Bronx, was helping his wife light a small oil stove last night at 7:15 o'clock, when a match accidentally dropped set fire to some oil that had leaked to the floor. Mrs. Logonia's clothing blazed up. Mr. Logonia rolled her in bedclothing, burning his own hands meanwhile. He then put out the rest of the fire. Both Mr. and Mrs. Logonia were removed to Fordham Hospital; she will probably die.

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Stylish Dress of Checked Gingham

stylish model; waist tucked and trimmed with lace and crochet buttons; Dutch neck, three-quarter sleeve, plaited skirt. Colors: Lavender, Brown, Pink, Blue, Green, Black and White; sizes 14 to 20 years. Regular price $10.50.....Price, $8.75

A Smart Model in Silk Foulard

A modish design in Dotted Silk Foulard; waist trimmed with embroidered buttons; yoke of lace; full plaited skirt. Colors: Rose, Green, Dark and Light Blue; same model in Tan Pongee. Sizes 14 to 20 years.....Price, $15.00

In our various departments we are already exhibiting many Imported and Exclusive Spring Designs in Misses' and Girls' Fine Millinery, Lingerie, Hosiery and Shoes; Young Men's and Boys' Suits, Shirtings, Cravatings, Undergarments and Footwear. The fashions and qualities are unusually distinctive, while the prices are most reasonable for goods of the highest grades.

60-62 West 23d Street

If you will read the editorial page in this week's (date of February 12) number of

THE SATURDAY EVENING POST

Edition 1,575,000 Copies

you will find it clearly proved from the Post-Office Department's own reports, that it is totally unnecessary to put any additional tax on magazines and periodicals, and that a deficit of $17,500,000 is *not* chargeable to the periodicals.

> "For instance, the Post-Office Department is charging $13,821,100 of the cost of rural free delivery against the second-class mail. Now, rural free delivery was established as a matter of Government policy, and we believe in it, but it is not fair to charge one dollar of this expense against the magazines. It is undoubtedly of benefit to the daily newspapers, *but the Department is trying to exempt them from an increase in rate.* The magazines do not need or want once a day or twice a day deliveries on these rural routes.
>
> "Page 256, Postmaster's Report, 1908, says: 'Franking privileges weighed 4,555,634 pounds. They certainly cost the average price of all mail in all ways. And Governmental matter for Departments other than the Post-Office weighed 18,644,010 pounds.'
>
> "*This report says* that if the matter was charged at postal rates it would yield a revenue as follows:
>
> | | |
> |---|---|
> | Second-class | $ 531,560.94 |
> | Franked matter | 3,987,546.44 |
> | Government matter | 16,362,131.95 |
> | Total credit due Department | $20,881,239.33 |
>
> "And that awful deficit disappears.
>
> "It is impossible that a business of over $200,000,000 should not offer an opportunity for enormous savings. And a business like that of our great Postal Department, with endless ramifications, must offer endless opportunities.
>
> "No Postmaster-General entering his position to-day, with all the duties befalling a Cabinet official besides running his Department, no matter how great his intelligence or how fine his training, can grasp the details of this enormous business before he disappears. There is no time given to him to find these opportunities to save expense. The affairs of the Department must, for the most part, be administered by those under him."

Given a chance they would save in business economies more than the alleged deficit of $17,500,000.

We ask Congress to give us a Director of Posts—as recommended by the joint Congressional committee of 1907, an officer who shall be non-political, and whose term of service shall not be subject to political changes, and who shall conduct the workings of the Post-Office Department with the efficiency, economy and business-like methods which distinguish high-class American business enterprise.

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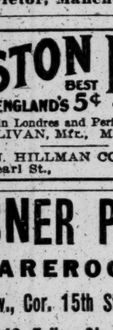

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NATURE WILL DOWN THE SUFFRAGISTS

So Says Dean Walsh in Telling Civic League of Their Previous Rise and Fall.

REVERT TO DOMESTICITY

Head of Fordham Medical School Says Woman Has Always Lost Interest in Public Affairs After a Time.

Dr. James J. Walsh, Dean of the Fordham University Medical School, told the members of the National League for the Civic Education of Women at a meeting in the Colony Club yesterday that even if women were now granted the suffrage nature would eliminate from the race all who cared about exercising it in the course of three or four generations. He quoted history in support of his argument, and showed how often women had made a sudden burst to the front in intellectual matters, to fall back again inevitably to domestic duties through the working of some unknown biological law.

The speaker began by quoting Ambassador Bryce as doubting the reality of the world's must boasted progress. "Surely," said Dr. Walsh, "no one would say we are making many improvements in the matter of literature. Our writers depend on their plot; Shakespeare, Sophocles, and Aeschylus were quite willing to take a story well known to their audiences and make it interesting by the genius in their study of character.

"Our architecture is beautiful, but not our own; the Cathedral in Morningside Heights has a twelfth century design, and the Cathedral in Fifth Avenue copies the thirteenth. No one now discusses such deep matters as Plato, and the one thing we have done well is the transportation of the human body and voice."

Then Dr. Walsh considered the influence of women in the world.

"We are prone to say," he declared, "that advanced woman has come into her own and that she has an influence she never had before. Yet every literature has been made for women. Much of the Iliad and all the Odyssey were written for women. Love-poetry has been written sometimes by women and always for women. Literature always puts woman on a pedestal, and Shakespeare has many flawless women, but not a single, perfect man.

"The women always get what they want provided they all want it," remarked Dr. Walsh, and the anti-suffragists, thinking of their opponents' coldness toward the referendum proposal of Senator Brackett, cheered. "Women's will is as the will of God, because they always get it," the speaker said.

Dr. Walsh declared he had once told the Mother Superior of a convent that a young and beautiful woman had been senior wrangler at the University of Bologna about 1250.

"If she was really young and beautiful," the Mother Superior said to him, "I don't believe the rest of your story."

Nevertheless, Dr. Walsh said, it was to women of the Middle Ages that medical science owes two great inventions—a preservative for the cadaver and wax models of the human body.

He told, too, how Aristophanes, in one of his plays, deals with the women's suffrage movement, and how the women, disguised as men, seized the reins of government. Then the speaker said:

"Yet we always find that in three or four generations the interest of women in these intellectual movements drops out. There seems to be a biological law that the women who take an interest in things outside the home get rubbed out. It is not the Creator who does it, but nature. They rub out themselves. It is done quite smoothly, and we, in the midst of it, don't notive it.

"Just as after the tremendous slaughter of men in the Thirty Years' War and the siege of Paris nature adjusted the balance by a sudden rise in the male birth rate, so she seems not to want women to get away from domestic habits and in her own way manages things."

MACKAY A SUFFRAGE OFFICER.

Elected Third Vice President of Society of Which His Wife Is Head.

Clarence Mackay has been elected Third Vice President of the Equal Franchise Society, of which Mrs. Mackay is President, and he is glad of it. He takes the place of William M. Ivins, resigned. This was announced at the regular meeting of the society at the Garden Theatre yesterday. Mr. Mackay's election was telegraphed to him, as he was out of town, it was said, and he accepted with alacrity.

W. J. Schieffelin presided at the meeting, and Miss Ethel Arnold and Mrs. Gabriel Stewart Mulliner were the speakers.

"The antis," said Miss Arnold, "hold that it was not God's intention for women to take part in affairs, but far be it from me to decide what was the intention of the First Cause. I leave that impiety to our opponents."

Mrs. Mulliner, who is a lawyer, said that mothers and teachers would be exempt from jury duty when women have the vote, but that women of leisure would serve. "They are the most intelligent class of women in the world," she said.

At the new headquarters of the Collegiate Equal Suffrage League, 20 East Thirty-third Street, last evening Prof. W. I. Thomas, author of "Sex and Society," who gives a lecture for the league on "Eugenics" at the Berkeley Theatre this afternoon, talked to reporters on his belief in woman suffrage. He told of the work of the Chicago women in what his wife calls "maternal methods" of working for suffrage, in contradistinction to militant methods. They have brought about a complete organization of the finest children's court system in the country and have been active in other lines of social helpfulness. "They have demonstrated their ability to serve the State," said Prof. Thomas, "and the State cannot afford to do without them. Women will never reach their highest development until they can express themselves individually," he declared.

Prof. Thomas personally believes in a limited suffrage, and says he would disfranchise as many men as he would enfranchise women.

HEINZE IN $200,000 NOTE SUIT

Morse Agreed to Indorse Them by Wireless, He Testifies.

F. Augustus Heinze, former President of the Mercantile National Bank, was a witness in its behalf before Justice Greenbaum and a jury in the Supreme Court yesterday in a suit brought by it against the National Bank of North America to recover $200,000 on note transactions made June 24, 1907, by Primrose & Braun.

Army Medalist Guilty of Abandonment.

Adolph Feller of Troop B, Fifteenth United States Cavalry, in full uniform, was before Judge Rosalsky in General Sessions yesterday to answer a charge of abandonment made by his wife, Rosie, who lives with their little girl at 52 Avenue D. He carries a medal for distinguished service in the army of occupation in Cuba. He pleaded guilty to the charge and was sent to the Tombs to await trial.

Boy Hurt Under Big Automobile.

Louis, the five-year-old son of Joseph McBride of 238 East Thirty-third Street, was run down last night and hurt by the big emergency automobile of the Consolidated Gas Company. At Bellevue Hospital it was said he would recover. David Hirt, driver of the automobile, was arrested.

Frank S. Howells Left $350,000.

MINEOLA, L. I., Feb. 10.—The will of the late Frank S. Howells of Port Washington, who died Feb. 6, was filed for [illegible] to-day. The estate was put at

DOG SCANDAL AT GARDEN.

Elkwood Monarch Said to be Duke of Ridgefield, Stolen a Year Ago.

Interest in the dog show, which is in progress at Madison Square Garden, was diverted yesterday from the hanging of the ribbons to a lively row that ensued after John Stokes, proprietor of the Morey Kennels, at Ridgefield, N. J., declared that one of the dogs on the St. Bernard benches was his.

Stopping suddenly in front of Elkwood's Monarch, a big, smooth St. Bernard that is being shown by the Elkwood Kennels of Long Branch, and which got second in the novice class, Stokes exclaimed: "That's my dog; he was stolen while being sent to me from the Hellgate Kennels, in Woodside, L. I., about a year ago."

Montifiore Kahn and Lewis Heyman, owners of the Elkwood Kennels, were both near by, and they at once asserted that Mr. Stokes was mistaken, and that they had bought the animal from a dealer on Eleventh Avenue, who raised the dog himself.

"But I know better," said Stokes. "I am sure that is my dog. His name is Duke of Ridgefield."

Leaving the Garden hurriedly, Stokes took out a writ of replevin, and soon Deputy Sheriff Mayforth turned up with a handful of legal documents and gave notice to both parties that bond must be filed until the ownership of the dog could be discussed in the City Court some time later.

Kahn secured Lawyer Theodore Prince of 15 William Street, and Stokes got Thomas A. Eager, a counselor at 32 Nassau Street, and then all hands go together in front of the dog's bench to talk the matter over. Finally, Kahn and Heyman, as defendants, filed a bond of $1,000 and Stokes one of $500, and then the matter was ended, temporarily, at least.

Kahn and Heyman made public the name of the man from whom they bought the dog last September. They said they had telephoned to him, and that he told them he could bring many persons to court to identify the animal, and that he would swear he raised him himself.

Stokes, on the other hand, said that a year ago, when he had the dog, its name was Duke of Ridgefield. He said he bought it from Frank Smith of the Hellgate Kennels, and that while the driver of the wagon that took the animal across town was having luncheon some one broke open the crate and carried the dog off.

After the lawyers had talked with one another a while it was agreed that even if the dog did belong to Stokes, Messrs. Kahn and Heyman were not to blame, for they had bought it in good faith. Until the issue is decided in the City Court the animal will remain in Kahn's keeping and on his bench until the show closes.

KILLED RUNNING AN ELEVATOR

15-Year-Old Girl Crushed Against the Shaft Wall as She Leaps from the Car.

Riva Melvin, 15 years old, of 2,495 Eighth Avenue, was crushed to death yesterday afternoon in an elevator in the Alhambra apartment house at 126th Street and Seventh Avenue. She had gone into the building with several girl companions and tried to run the elevator herself.

The car made several trips while the elevator boy and the girl's companions remained on the ground floor. Suddenly there was a scream and the car stopped between the third and fourth floors. The party went to the fourth floor and, looking down the shaft, they saw the body of their companion on the top of the car.

The police believe, that becoming frightened, the Melvin girl attempted to jump from the moving car and was caught between it and the shaft wall.

CONSPIRED TO ROB EMPLOYERS

Counsel Tells the Story in Court When Milk Wagon Driver Is Sentenced.

When David Weil of 401 East Seventy-eighth Street, lately a driver for the Manhattan Street branch of the McDermott Dairy Company, was sentenced in Special Sessions yesterday for the theft of $2 from his employers, Maurice P. Davidson, counsel for the dairy people, told of a conspiracy between bookkeepers and drivers to defraud his client, unearthed last November by the confession of one of the bookkeepers. He said that consistent shortages in collection returns had been covered by false entries, amounting, as far as they had verified, to $800 in the last six months.

Weil was sentenced to thirty days in the City Prison.

CHARGE $100,000 SWINDLE.

Rhode Island Men Say Bogus Broker Defrauded Them.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Feb. 10.—Rhode Island people were defrauded of more than $100,000, according to the allegations of P. J. Hennessy of this city and others, by Charles Clark, alias Chappie Moran, now under arrest in Philadelphia charged with using the mails to defraud. Mr. Hennessy to-day said that Clark, while in Rhode Island, went by the name of Turner, and told his clients that he had "inside information" on the grain markets. Mr. Hennessy said that Clark got loans under a promise to pay 10 per cent. weekly dividends. "The dividends never came," said Mr. Hennessy.

Hugh J. McGinn of Pawtucket is another of Clark's clients who says he was swindled.

Scotch Dinner of the Arkwright Club.

Five hundred guests attended the "first annual Scotch dinner" of the Arkwright Club, at 320 Broadway, last night. They dined exclusively on Scotch dishes, including finnan haddock, haggis, and oatmeal cakes, and sang Scottish airs. They were marshaled into the dining room by two pipers. Harry Lauder was the guest of honor. The comedian started for his theatre after singing several Scotch songs, and returned and sang others after his "turn" was over.

BROOKLYN WOMEN'S $100,000 CLUBHOUSE

Organizations in the State Federation Unite to Erect a Suitable Meeting Place.

MUCH STOCK ALREADY SOLD

In Addition to Meeting Rooms New House Will Provide the Usual Features of a Social Club.

A woman's clubhouse to cost $100,000 will be erected in Brooklyn, according to an announcement made yesterday by the Organization Committee, of which Mrs. Cornelius Zabriskie, ex-President of the State Federation of Woman's Clubs is Chairman. The matter has been under discussion for some time, but now the plan is well enough in hand to open the subscription list, and pledges already mounting into the thousands have been made.

A committee of nine made up of the representatives of the organizations interested in the project is in charge, which includes some of the wealthiest and most influential women in the borough. Mrs. Samuel Bowne Duryea, a member of the Brooklyn Woman's Club, for years a supporter of the "parks and playgrounds" work, and Mrs. Walter Burritt Moore, the President, are members of the committee. The club, made up of the old conservative families, has immediately voted $2,000 from the treasury, while individual members have taken $5,000 worth of stock. Mrs. William H. Zeigler of the committee is the President of the Packer Alumnae, members of which are subscribing generously, and Mrs. Frederic B. Pratt, representing the Civitas Club, reports that active support will be given by her organization. The "Chiropean," a society very strong in the Williamsburg section, reports through its representatives, Mrs. E. J. Grant and Mrs. Don C. Seitz, that the club hopes to carry $10,000 worth of stock, although no pledge of the entire sum has been made.

The so-called "patriotic societies," including the Brooklyn Society of New England Women, "Colony No. 8," the Long Island Society of the Daughters of the Revolution, the Colonial Daughters of the Seventeenth Century, and the Brooklyn Chapters of the Daughters of the American Revolution are joining in individual or club subscriptions. Two small study clubs, the Cambridge and Photercone, have voted to give up their annual luncheons, and pledge the money instead for clubhouse stock.

The plans for the building have been thoroughly formulated and the location discussed, but no announcement of choice of site has been made, for the reason that the price of the property wanted would immediately soar. It is known that the clubhouse will be between the new Academy of Music and the Masonic Temple.

The clubhouse project is rather startling for Brooklyn, where the societies, no matter how wealthy, have until lately followed the old idea of meeting in their members' houses. Several organizations are now so large that this is practically impossible, but there is no building in the borough practical for their use, so the various societies have been put to it for meeting places. Accordingly it is planned that the organizations can rent the auditoriums or committee rooms wanted in the clubhouse. Besides this, a separate club will be formed, with clubhouse privileges for the members, and it is expected that the two sources of income will make the place profitable.

"We do not promise, but we hope to pay 10 per cent." said Mrs. D. C. Seitz. "Similar enterprises in other cities are paying more than that."

The entire matter is being financed and managed by women. The organizers are Mrs. Samuel Bowne Duryea, Mrs. E. J. Grant, Mrs. W. B. Moore, Mrs. Frederic B. Pratt, Mrs. Don C. Seitz, Mrs. J. O. Williams, Mrs. Cornelius Zabriskie, and Mrs. William H. Zeigler.

BREAKS JAIL; ATTACKS WOMAN

Negro Is Recaptured and Attempt at Lynching Is Feared.

TAMPA, Fla., Feb. 10.—Roland Flower, a negro convict, escaped to-day, went to the home of Mrs. Mary Ellerbee, two miles away, attacked her, and made his escape. Officers with rifles went in pursuit and captured the fugitive, who was shot down.

At 6 o'clock Flower was lodged in a cell here and a strong guard was thrown around the jail. The structure is an unusually strong one, with a high brick wall encircling it, and if any attempt is made to take the negro Sheriff Jackson believes he can frustrate it.

Autotruck Killed Man and Sped On.

While going east through West 132d Street yesterday afternoon a large green autotruck struck a man shoving a push-cart, and tossed him aside. The truck driver put on full speed and escaped. At the Harlem Hospital the man regained consciousness long enough to say he was Louis Marmi, an Italian junk dealer, 62 years old, of 342 East 110th Street. He died two hours later. Last night detectives arrested as the driver of the truck George Mellen of 434 Bronx Park Avenue.

TAME BROOKLYN HUSBAND.

Comes on a Whistle and Pleads Guilty to a Double Life.

What Magistrate Dooley regarded as probably the tamest and most docile husband in Brooklyn was before him yesterday in the Gates Avenue Court, that borough. He had been so well broken and trained that he came in to be arrested when his wife whistled for him.

A well-dressed young woman bustled into court and asked for a warrant for the arrest of her husband, whom she charged with abandoning her and their children. The warrant was made out and placed in the hands of Probation Officer McCann.

"Where can I find the man?" asked McCann.

"Who, Frank?" returned the wife. "Oh, I'll have him here in a minute."

Going to the outer door of the court she whistled and in a moment or two returned, leading a meek little man who grinned sheepishly.

"This is Frank," explained the woman. "I told him to wait outside while I got the warrant for him. He has been leading a double life, your Honor. Yesterday I visited a house in Decatur Street and was told to my face that he was living there with his wife. That settled it, and to-day I went and got him and brought him here. Frank, just tell the court what I say is true. You plead guilty, don't you?"

Without hesitation, Frank followed instructions. He said that his backsliding was due to his being out of employment On his promise to hunt for work, he was paroled.

"You just come right home with me, now," ordered the wife, and the tame and docile Frank trotted grinningly out behind her.

POISONED, JURY FINDS.

Strychnine Killed Mrs. Lustig—Husband Sent Back to the Tombs.

Maurice Lustig, a private detective, was held for the Grand Jury yesterday by a Coroner's Jury, which found that his wife, Rhoda Irene Lustig, hbad died on Oct. 28, 1909, of strychnine poisoning, probably administered by her husband. Lustig was sent to the Tombs. The inquest has lasted two days, and the jury considered the evidence an hour before handing in their verdict. Mrs. Margaret Sweigard, who lived in the same house with the Lustigs, at 4 East 116th Street, last August, testified that she had heard the couple quarreling; that Lustig had called his wife a vile name on one occasion when she happened to hear them; that the husband had threatened his wife, and that Mrs. Lustig, during the illness that preceded her death, went into convulsions when her husband came into her presence.

An insurance agent said Lustig had asked for and obtained an endowment policy for $500 in favor of himself in case of his wife's death last June. Two clerks in a drug store at Madison Avenue and 116th Street said that several days before Mrs. Lustig's death her husband had tried to buy strychnine from them, and had been refused; that a bottle of strychnine tablets had disappeared while he was in the store; that he had later returned with a similar empty bottle, asking for another just like it, and that he had inquired about the effect of strychnine poisoning upon the human body.

Capt. Carey of the Detective Bureau said that Lustig had maintained when he was arrested that he had never heard of strychnine before the name was read to him and Detective Miller testified that he was living with a woman not his wife when arrested.

RAILROAD'S PLANS BLOCKED.

Attitude of Massachusetts Legislature Held Up New Haven's Projects.

BOSTON, Feb. 10.—Vice President T. E. Byrnes of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad declared before the Committee on Railroads to-day that the attitude of the Massachusetts Legislature toward the New Haven Company had prevented the expenditure of $25,000,000 in improvements in the immediate vicinity of Boston.

The company is willing, he said, to build a tunnel connecting the north and south stations. He estimated the cost of the electrification of the New Haven and Boston & Maine lines at between $25,000,000 and $40,000,000.

JILTED MAN SHOOTS GIRL.

Wounds Her Three Times and Then Shoots Himself.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., Feb. 10.—Albert Leeson, a New York Central brakeman, shot and mortally wounded Gladys Chargo, a stenographer, here to-night, and then killed himself. He was 28; she was 19.

Leeson, whose home is in Antwerp, N. Y., had been jilted by the girl. To-night he attempted to bring about a reconciliation, and telephoned her to meet him at a corner near her home. Evidently fearing trouble, the girl asked her fifteen-year-old brother to accompany her.

When they met the young brakeman shot her three times, the bullets taking effect in the arm, the breast, and the abdomen.

GUSTAV LINDENTHAL WEDS.

New York Architect Marries Miss Carrie Herndon of North Carolina.

DURHAM, N. C., Feb. 10.—Gustav Lindenthal, a New York architect and consulting engineer, was married to Miss Carrie Herndon of this city to-day. They met in New York, where Miss Herndon went recently to nurse a friend back to health. Mr. Lindenthal is a widower, 59 years of age. The couple have known each other for about three months. They will go abroad on a honeymoon trip.

Mr. Lindenthal has an office at 45 Cedar Street and lives at Metuchen, N. J.

PREFERS JAIL TO ITALY.

Long Term Better Than Going Back to Face Authorities There, Says Prisoner.

When Giovanni Iala, a silk finisher, of 156th Street and Morris Avenue, was arraigned before Judge Rosalsky in General Sessions yesterday, he insisted on pleading guilty to assault in the first degree on Sebastiano Tobacco of 60 Morris Avenue, another finisher, despite the advice of the interpreter that he consider some lesser form of the crime.

A little questioning brought forth the information that he wanted a long prison sentence in this country, rather than deportation to Italy, where he would be under the surveillance of authorities he had found unkind.

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$5 & 6 Trousers	$3.65	$1.25 & 1.50 Shirts	85c
7 & 8 Trousers	4.65	2 & 2.50 Shirts	$1.15
50c Suspenders	25c	3 to 5 Hats	1.75

$7.50, $8 and $9 Children's Suits & Overcoats, $5.75

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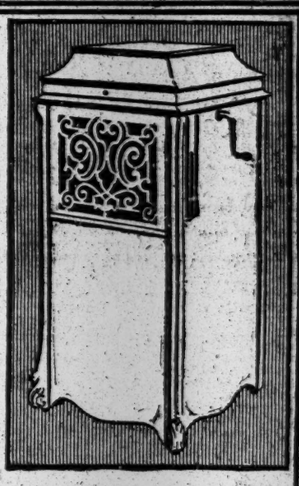

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HAVE NOW READY MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S SHOES, IN SUITABLE MODELS AND LEATHERS FOR EARLY SPRING WEAR.

DANCING PUMPS AND SLIPPERS.

BOYS' AND YOUTHS' DRESS AND SCHOOL SHOES.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

MADE $65,000 PROFIT IN TELEPHONE DEAL

Banker Remick so Testifies in Stockholders' Suit to Enjoin Morgan's Purchase.

HOW DAVISON MANAGED IT

First Told Morgan of It in a Taxicab and He Replied: "Go Ahead; I Want My Dinner."

William H. Remick, resident partner here of the banking firm of R. L. Day & Co., was a witness yesterday in the hearing being conducted here to take testimony for a suit instituted in the Ohio court by minority stockholders of the United States and Cuyahoga Telephone Companies to enjoin the transfer of the control of those companies to J. P. Morgan & Co. The United States and Cuyahoga Companies were part of a group of independent concerns operating local and long distance service in the Middle West, which R. L. Day & Co., on money furnished by the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, acquired between October and December and subsequently sold to the Morgan firm.

At the hearing on Wednesday it was brought out that the independent companies were obtained from the Cleveland Trust Company, where the Everett-Moore syndicate had deposited considerable holdings, and also from J. A. Brailey, Jr., President of the United States Company.

Mr. Remick's testimony brought out, among other things, that after he had the independent companies in his hands he retained William H. Baker, formerly general manager of the Mackay Companies, to look after them. This was at the suggestion of the American Telephone and Telegraph people, who had attended to many of the details of the matter.

The question of a sale to Morgan & Co., said Mr. Remick, came up through a telephone message which he received from H. P. Davison of that firm, about Dec. 7, asking for an appointment. Mr. Remick went over to the Morgan office.

"What was said?" asked the counsel for the complainants.

Mr. Davison said he understood that I had telephone securities and asked if I wanted to sell them. I said that I had such securities subject to an option and that if the option were released I should be very glad to sell them."

Mr. Remick told how he went up to the American Telephone and Telegraph Company's offices and got the option released, after which he returned to Morgan & Co. and informed Mr. Davison, who requested a memorandum of the securities. This was subsequently furnished and the sale was completed of such of the telephone securities bought by the Day firm as had been delivered up to that time, with the exception of the stock and bonds of the Huntington Mutual Telephone Company of Huntington, W. Va.

Asked who had bought the Huntington Company, Mr. Remick replied that all he remembered them was that a New Jersey Senator had bought it. He could not recall the name. Counsel for the complainants asked if Mr. Remick were sure that it wasn't a Massachusetts Senator, referring to the fact that W. Murray Crane is a director of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company. Mr. Remick insisted it was a Jerseyman, and subsequent access to his records showed that that individual was Edmund W. Wakelee, a member of the New Jersey State Senate.

It was also brought out that the purchase by the Morgan firm was not preceded by any inquiry whatever as to the condition or value of the independent companies, and that the transaction netted the firm of R. L. Day & Co. about $65,000 profit. Counsel did not ask him on what basis he and Mr. Davison came together as to the price of the Morgan purchase.

The hearing will continue next Thursday, when Theodore N. Vail, President of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, and Mr. Davison will be examined. All of the witnesses are appearing voluntarily, and counsel for the telephone combination asked the visitors if they wanted Mr. Morgan on the stand. A definite answer will not be made until Mr. Davison has been examined.

One of the lawyers in the case said after the hearing yesterday that Mr. Morgan's first and last information came through a conversation with Mr. Davison in a taxicab. Mr. Davison explained that he was considering the purchase of some telephone securities.

"All right," Mr. Morgan is reported to have said, "go ahead. I want to get to dinner."

MORGAN MAY RIVAL BELL.

Ohioan Says He Intends to Build Up Big Telephone System.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 10.—O. M. Bake, an Ohio capitalist, said to-day that J. Pierpont Morgan had not purchased the independent telephone interests in Ohio to turn them over to the Bell Company, but that he intended to build up a powerful organization of telephone companies and operate it in opposition to the Bell. Mr. Bake says that Mr. Morgan intends to buy as many of the large independent concerns as he can, and that he will allow the local interests to operate the minor companies. That this will be done with hundreds of small companies, Mr. Bake says, is certain.

"There has been much conjecture since the purchase of independent telephone stock by Morgan & Co.," he continued, "as to whether this stock has been purchased to maintain the independent interests or for the Bell interest. All I can say is that when Frank H. Davis of Columbus was elected President of the independents he was assured by Morgan & Co. that no Bell money was in the deal, and that the companies would be maintained wholly as independents. Mr. Davis accepted the Presidency under the condition that the independence of the companies from the Bell system was to be maintained, that he name the Board of Directors, and that he be allowed sufficient money to develop properties independently.

"This was agreed to, and since Davis has become President all the independents have been ordered not to make connections with Bell lines."

MAY ABSORB TELEPHONE LINE.

Bell Company Reported to Have Bought Into Independent Kentucky System.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 10.—What many believe to be an attempt of the Bell Telephone interests to obtain possession of the independent lines in Kentucky, as it is said has been done recently in Ohio and Indiana, was the sale yesterday of large blocks of stock in the Louisville Home Telephone Company to Flexner & Co., New York brokers. The purchase was made through John L. Dunlop, a local broker.

Among those who are said to have sold their interests in the Louisville Home Telephone Company are George B. Cox and R. C. Heineke of Cincinnati and C. C. Bickel, one of the largest of Louisville stockholders.

No statement could be obtained either from Mr. Dunlop or from Mr. Bickel as to the amount of stock that changed hands, or to whom the stock was transferred.

$7,000,000 FOR JAMAICA BAY.

Improvement Provision to be Reported in Rivers and Harbors Bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—To make Jamaica Bay the greatest harbor in the world, the rivers and harbors appropriation bill provides $550,000 as an initial sum and authorizes the expenditure by the Federal Government, as needed from time to time, of $7,000,000 for this project, conditional upon the City of New York spending an additional $10,000,000.

It was expected that the bill would be reported to the House to-day by the Committee on Rivers and Harbors, but a delay, largely in printing the big document, made it necessary to defer reporting it until to-morrow, and possibly not until Saturday if the House then should be in session.

There is an aggregate of $8,528,650 appropriated in the bill for all the waterway projects in New York State including the Jamaica Bay [illegible]

UNION LEAGUE ON LEGISLATION

Indorses Bills Raising Governor's Salary, Extending His Term, and Other Measures.

The Union League Club, at its monthly meeting last night, adopted two resolutions, submitted to it by its Committee on Political Reform. The first approves the five Dana measures introduced into the Legislature providing for increasing the Governor's salary from $10,000 to $25,000; extending the term of the Governor and Lieutenant Governor to four years, Senators to four years, and Assemblymen to two years; biennial sessions of the Legislature, and making the office of Secretary of State, Attorney General, Treasurer, State Engineer and Surveyor, appointive, and requiring a two-thirds vote of each house in favor of an amendment to the constitution before its submission to the people.

The second indorses the attitude of the present National Administration and the present Commissioner of Immigration "as manifested in the more efficient enforcement of existing laws"; declares in favor of "such amendments to the present law as will authorize the deportation of any immigrant who becomes a public charge for any cause within one year of landing, and will permit the deportation within one year after landing of such persons as were in fact at the time of landing paupers, or likely to become public charges, even though such disability was not detected at the time of said landing," and urges the enactment of laws "which will secure the selection of a better class of immigrants by the exclusion of such adult aliens as are unable to read a language or dialect, and of such as have not in their possession sufficient money to assure their support while seeking employment."

The resolutions are to be forwarded to President Taft, the Secretary of Commerce and Labor, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and to the Senators and Representatives of this State.

BOY ARTIST STOLE SHOES.

Worked as an Elevator Man, Finding Art Unprofitable.

Louis H. Piersen, who told the police he was an artist and exhibited some pictures in his rooms at 217 East Thirteenth Street to substantiate his statement, was arrested last night charged with stealing 135 pairs of shoes from the Clark-Hutchinson Shoe Company, 121 Duane Street. Since last April Piersen had been employed at the Clark-Hutchinson wholesale shoe house as an elevator man. He admitted last night, so the police say, that he has been taking the firm's shoes. A private detective employed by the firm detected Piersen taking shoes from the warerooms of the concern.

SAVED AS BOMB BURNS.

Poolroom Watchman Warned by Son Just Before Explosion Occurs.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 10.—The house known as the "Hanover Poolroom," near Lawrenceburg, Ind., was blown up with dynamite to-night. The building was wrecked and the watchman had a narrow escape. The explosion occurred shortly after 10 o'clock, and a few minutes previously the young son of the watchman, returning home, saw the bomb with a bupruing fuse. He ran into the house and awoke his father, who escaped in his night clothes just in time.

The house was well known among sporting men throughout the country. It was understood that it was operated by Cincinnati racing men.

BLOODY FIGHT IN CONGO.

Belgian Troops Lose 30 Killed in Capturing Rebel Band.

BRUSSELS, Feb. 10.—Advices from the Congo say that Col. Proko's column recently surrounded and captured a rebel band but a frightful cost.

The troops lost thirty killed and forty others who succumbed to wounds or sickness. In addition sixty-five men were seriously wounded. The rebel loss was sixty-five killed.

King Receives Minister Bryan.

BRUSSELS, Feb. 10.—Charles Page Bryan, the American Minister to Belgium, accompanied by U. Grant Smith, who has been Chargé here since the departure of Minister Wilson, to-day presented his letters of credence to the King. His Majesty gave the Minister a most cordial welcome and recalled pleasant memories of his visit to America.

CITY BREVITIES.

Bishop Rowe of Alaska will speak of "Missionary Work in the Far North" to-night at St. James's Church, Madison Avenue and Seventy-first Street, describing the missionaries' journeys with dogteams in Winter and by boat during the brief Summers among the camps and settlements of the Indians and Eskimos.

Some 2,000 Bronx Republicans are expected at the annual celebration of the Park Republican Club of the Thirty-fifth Assembly District to-night at Huber's Casino, 161st Street and Jerome Avenue. Speeches will be made by County Chairman Lloyd Griscom, President Cyrus C. Miller of the Bronx, Thomas W. Whittle, Commissioner of Public Works, and Deputy Controller Douglas Mathewson, President of the club.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—The following is the forecast for Friday and Saturday for the cotton and grain States as issued by the United States Weather Bureau:

North and South Carolina—Increasing cloudiness, followed by rain by night. Saturday, rain; increasing northeast and east winds.

Georgia—Rain Friday and probably Saturday; increasing easterly winds.

Florida—Rain Friday and probably Saturday; increasing easterly winds, becoming high over western portion.

Alabama—Rain Friday. Saturday, unsettled and colder; brisk and high northeasterly winds.

Mississippi—Rain in southern and rain or snow in northern portion Friday. Saturday, fair; brisk and high northerly winds.

Louisiana—Rain Friday. Saturday, fair; brisk and high northerly winds.

Eastern Texas—Rain in southern, rain or snow in northern portion, Friday. Saturday, fair; brisk high north and northwest winds.

Western Texas—Fair and colder Friday. Saturday, fair.

Utah—Fair Friday and Saturday.

Arkansas and Tennessee—Rain or snow Friday. Saturday, fair.

Kentucky—Rain or snow Friday. Saturday clearing and colder.

Indiana—Unsettled and probably snow Friday. Saturday fair.

Illinois—Snow Friday. Saturday partly cloudy.

Lower Michigan—Partly cloudy Friday. Saturday snow flurries; moderate variable winds.

Upper Michigan—Snow flurries Friday and probably Saturday.

Wisconsin—Snow flurries Friday. Saturday partly cloudy; moderate variable winds.

Minnesota—Snow flurries Friday. Saturday fair.

Iowa—Snow flurries Friday; colder in southern and western portions. Saturday fair.

Missouri—Snow flurries and colder Friday. Saturday fair.

North Dakota—Fair Friday and Saturday.

South Dakota—Partly cloudy and colder Friday. Saturday fair.

AVIATION MEET FOR ATLANTIC CITY

$200,000 in Prizes to be Offered to Owners of Flying Machines.

LEVEL TRACT AT CHELSEA

Hotel Men Propose to Hold a Series of Flights in June—Race from New York Talked Of.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Feb. 10.—Every aviator of prominence will be brought here in an international aviation meeting about June 16, according to plans being formulated by George Homans of New York. Mr. Homans is being ably seconded in his proposition by Robert E. Delany and a score of the most prominent hotel men in Atlantic City.

It will require about $200,000 to make this meeting possible, but Mr. Delany said that he had only seen a few of the hotel men and had already received pledges for more than $50,000 in backing the scheme.

Mr. Homans came to the shore a few days ago for the benefit of his health. He was directed by his physician to practically live out of doors, and walk all he could. He has walked from one end of the island to the other and in doing so strolled across a tract of land between the inside and beach thoroughfares known as Chelsea Heights, on which at one time it was proposed to build a large automobile racing track. He had never seen or heard of this piece of land, but was immediately struck with its special adaptability to the purposes of aviators, and there formed in his mind a plan to bring to Atlantic City all of the well-known aviators, with as many of the amateurs as he could get.

There is not a place in the whole of the United States, said Mr. Homans to-night, that is better suited to aeronautic trials than Atlantic City. It has a stretch of land that is nearly a mile in length and nearly three miles in width in which to operate the machines, and there are no obstacles that will detract from the success of the flights or bother the operators.

The country all about Atlantic City is so level that there will be no bad air currents to affect the aviators. In fact, there is nothing in the way of big hills or low valleys between Atlantic City, Philadelphia, and New York, and, while there are strong winds, yet they blow steadily for long periods from one direction or another.

The machines of any of the well-known aeronauts can make from forty to sixty miles an hour, and therefore we can arrange for races between Atlantic City and Philadelphia, and from New York to Atlantic City. None of the machines would be obliged to sail more than 200 feet in the air and there would be none of the cross currents to cope with such as would be found in a flight up the Hudson River Valley from New York to Albany.

It was suggested that there would be a possibility that some of the machines would drop in the ocean in event of a mishap, but it was pointed out that in that event the occupant would not be crushed to death on hard rock, and as his machine would float, he would not even be drowned. He would get wet, perhaps, but in the month of June that would not be a serious drawback.

Every effort will be made to obtain the entries of Paulhan, who holds the world's record for height of flight, and who captured most of the prizes at the recent meeting in Los Angeles; Glenn W. Curtiss, MacDonald, Beach, Blériot, Farnham, Latham, Capt. Kelly of London, Baroness De La Roche, the daring woman aviator, who is showing this week in Cairo, Egypt; and possibly the Wright brothers. Ex-President Roosevelt will be invited to open the meet.

MEDALS GIVEN TO WRIGHTS.

Wilbur Promises That Brothers Will Make Some Startling Discoveries.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—The Langley Medal of the Smithsonian Institution was presented to-day to the Wright brothers. It was created in 1908, in commemoration of Prof. Langley and his work in aerodromics.

Orville and Wilbur Wright were both at the presentation, at which Chief Justice Fuller, as Chancellor of the institution, presided. Vice President Sherman also was there.

Wilbur Wright, after some urging, made a speech, in which he said that when the Wright brothers had perfected their commercial flying machine organization they intended to go back to research work and announce some startling discoveries. He declared there was research work awaiting which could keep six men busy a lifetime.

DEFEND COTTON EXCHANGES.

One Big Dealer Declares Problem is for Preachers, Not Legislators.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—Defending the cotton exchanges as the gatherers of facts that were disseminated by thousands of brokers to everybody interested, Solomon Napoleon Cone of Greensboro, N. C., attacked the proposed Anti-Option bill during the hearing before the House Committee on Agriculture to-day. S. T. Hubbard, ex-President of the New York Cotton Exchange, and George W. Neville of that body were also among the opponents of the measure.

Mr. Cone described himself as a spot cotton dealer, a stockholder in various mills, a member "of all the cotton exchanges of the world," and the handler of over $4,000,000 worth of spot cotton annually.

"I do not defend gambling," he explained. "I am an old bachelor; some of you others are married, but I have never even taken that chance. I think this whole matter before the committee is a matter of ethics, and one for the preachers to deal with."

"Why is it that such a boon to the cotton trade as a future market," inquired Chairman Scott, "has not evoluted in the iron business, newspaper property business, hay, and other lines of industry?"

Mr. Cone did not furnish much information on this point, but declared that he believed he would make more money if the exchanges were abolished, although he did not favor any such step. He characterized the mill men as "the worst lot of pessimists I ever knew."

Mr. Cone referred to the Galveston Exchange as a dead letter, and that if the future transactions were inhibited, all the exchanges would be dead letters.

"There is more honor in Wall Street," he volunteered, "and in Beaver Street, than there is in the heart of the country."

Lindau
"Sterling Quality Furs"

OPEN LINCOLN'S BIRTHDAY ALL DAY

TO COMMEMORATE THE OCCASION WE MAKE A SPECIAL 2-DAY SALE ON

Men's Fur-Lined Coats

MARMOT and SQUIRREL LINED COATS, 52 inches long; made of fine English Kersey; Persian Lamb collars. VALUE $50.00, at.... 24.50

AUSTRALIAN MINK and MUSKRAT LINED, 52 inches long; of imported Broadcloth and Kersey; finest Persian Lamb and natural unplucked Otter shawl collar. VALUE $100.00, at..... 47.50

MINK and SOLID SKIN MUSKRAT LINED, 52 inches long; 36 to 50 chest; Persian Lamb or Seal shawl collar and facing. VALUE $150.00, at..... 69.50

Motor Fur Coats for Chauffeurs from $15.00 up—in various Furs

18 West 23d Street Near 5th Ave.

CONVICT ATTACKS WOMAN.

Negro Escapes, but is Captured After Being Wounded in Fight.

TAMPA, Fla., Feb. 10.—Escaping from a turpentine camp six miles from here, Roland Flowers, a negro convict, went to the home of Mrs. Jane Ellerbee, two miles away, this afternoon and attacked the woman. As soon as the negro left the woman ran two miles barefooted and gave the alarm.

Officers from Tampa procuring bloodhounds were soon on the trail of the negro. Half a hundred men on horseback also took up the chase, but the Sheriff's posse was first to sight the fugitive. This probably saved him from summary punishment.

The negro had a revolver which he had taken from the Ellerbee home. When commanded to halt he started to shoot, but the officers fired first, one of the bullets piercing his thigh. The negro was then placed in an automobile and hurried to Harney, and later was brought here and placed in jail. He is now under heavy guard.

Mrs. Ellerbee is 54 years old and lives with her son in a small farmhouse. Flower admits that he went to the house and got the gun, but denies that he attacked the woman.

It was reported early to-night that a son of Mrs. Ellerbee was at the head of a mob which was proceeding to Tampa to attack the jail and take the negro, but the officers do not credit the report.

FATAL DUEL IN THE STREET.

Chattanooga Men Fight with Pistols and One is Dead.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Feb. 10.—Standing so near together that they were all but locked in each other's arms, G. W. Thomas, a jail guard, and Matthew Godsey, Superintendent of the street force, fought a duel on the streets here this afternoon.

Thomas died in a hospital two hours after the encounter, his body perforated with bullets. Godsey, it is believed, will recover.

BASHFUL SUFFRAGETTES.

Organization Fails at Binghamton Because Nobody Will Lead.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., Feb. 10.—The State campaign for woman suffrage, backed by Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, was opened in this city this evening with an audience that crowded the Monday Afternoon Club to hear the addresses from Mrs. Belmont, the Rev. Anna Howard Shaw, and Max Eastman.

Mrs. Belmont said that every one admits that woman suffrage would come eventually, and asked why the inevitable should not be recognized by extending the suffrage at once. Miss Shaw reviewed the history of the suffrage movement, strongly opposed the proposed bill for a test vote for women, and urged the immediate passage of a bill calling for a constitutional amendment giving the right of suffrage to women. Mr. Eastman used the shirt waist strike in New York City as an argument in favor of the suffrage.

It had been intended to organize a suffrage club in this city at the conclusion of this meeting, but it was impossible to effect the organization, as none of the women suggested for President would accept the position and head the movement. The organization was accordingly postponed until a later date.

Vardaman Gains in Mississippi.

JACKSON, Miss., Feb. 10.—After completing the forty-ninth ballot, the Legislative caucus adjourned until to-morrow, still deadlocked as to a successor to Senator McLaurin. To-night's balloting, however, established new high totals for the leading contestants, ex-Gov. Vardaman on the second ballot scoring 78, within 8 of the nomination, while Leroy Percy had 54 on the same ballot.

Charleston Saloons to Reopen.

CHARLESTON, West Va., Feb. 10.—After having been "dry" for eight months, due to refusal of the City Council to renew saloon licenses, West Virginia's State capital is to be "wet" again. The council to-night passed an ordinance providing for licenses to thirty retail liquor houses and ten saloons.

BOTH SHOPS OPEN ALL DAY ON SATURDAY

All our twenty-five and twenty-eight dollar suits for men are now $15.50.

Nor have all the Choice Ones found their way out. The variety of fabrics, styles and sizes is big.

Hackett, Carhart & Co

846 Broadway, at 13th St. 265 Broadway, near Chambers St.

Stern Brothers

DRESSMAKING AND LADIES' TAILORING DEPARTMENTS

Orders will be accepted Until February 15th

At Special Concessions from Regular Prices

Particular attention is directed to

Several Advance Models for Street and Dinner Gowns of Foulards, Pongees, Glacé Satin, French Crêpes, Glacé Eolienne and other fashionable materials, from $95.00 Up

Tailor-made Gowns, of choice materials, at $59.00

Riding Habits of Linen, Side or Cross-Saddle, 35.00

(THIRD FLOOR)

West Twenty-third Street

A. SULKA & CO
SHIRTMAKERS
34 WEST 34TH STREET
NEW YORK

Our perfect mechanical equipment, combined with the skill and individuality of our shirt specialists, lend an out-of-the-ordinary distinction to our garments.

The Book Exchange
IN
The New York Times
Saturday Review of Books

The meeting place for seekers and sellers of rare books.
25 cents per line for second hand books wanted, for sale or exchange.
8 words to a line. No display allowed.

Piano Sale!

One hundred new and renewed pianos at prices that represent large savings.

A Clearance!

This is one of the best and most important offerings made in recent years.

Save Over $200

There are uprights returned from rental; wareroom samples of uprights; some fine "used" uprights; 11 square pianos.

Lincoln's Birthday

Saturday Only—Feb. 12.

STEINWAY WEBER HARDMAN BENT BRADBURY WALTERS FISCHER GABLER ANDERSON & CO., and other makes.

Upright Pianos $90 and up Grand Pianos $350 and up

Square Pianos—Sohmer, Weber, Anderson, and others—$15 to $60.

We shall esteem it a pleasure to provide any reasonable terms.

Any instrument you buy in this sale is returnable within a year at full price, as part payment on a new piano.

But come to-morrow and see for yourself. Come early, and come prepared to buy, for none of the pianos will linger long at the prices they are marked.

Open Saturday Evenings. Anderson & Co 370 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

1 BLOCK ABOVE BORO HALL SUBWAY.

Pictures and Features of The Sunday Times.

"Spring Cleaning" is the title of a painting with rare humor which will be reproduced in full-page form in The Times next Sunday. It is a portrayal of a serving woman, including her master's cherished 'cello and violin in her scrubbings with soap and brush, to the horror of her master, who comes upon her in the act. It is an exceptionally enjoyable picture. Other pages of the forthcoming Picture Section will be similarly entertaining. There will be a series of photographs of well-known artists of New York City at work in their studios. Splendid Winter-time photographs will appear on two pages. The great work being done on the Panama Canal will be shown in excellent pictures on another page. Then there will be photographs of well-known personages of the Drama and Opera, photographs of women prominent in society at home and abroad, and many other interesting pictures.

The Magazine Section will offer many notable features to its readers. America's Entry in the Race for the South Pole will be the subject of one article. . . . A complete short story, "The Spy," by the great Russian writer, Andreyev, will be another feature. . . . Can a Poor Man Be a United States Senator? This question will be answered at length by Senator Flint of California, who avers that he cannot. Senator Flint gives interesting reasons. It is an article of much significance. . . . The inevitable end of the Wall Street plunger will be told in another article. . . . The Romance of the Sackville-West estate and its claimant will be another feature. . . . The wonderful sweep of "Wireless" over the world's oceans and what it is doing in saving life and property will be told in another good article. . . . There will be many other features.

READERS SHOULD PLACE THEIR ORDERS FOR THE SUNDAY TIMES WITH THEIR NEWSDEALERS TO-DAY.

Does this seem like Summer?

It's really just a hint that we're ready with Summer outfits for lucky men going South.

White serge suits, duck and flannel trousers, neglige shirts, tennis shoes.

Even straw hats.

Spring suits of course.

Cravenetted raincoats for travelling.

Trunks, suit cases and travelling bags.

Steamer rugs.

Wardrobe trunks are now recognized as the tourist's greatest comfort.

"All good things are three," says a German proverb.

Our $1.50 Saddler sewn glove is good—three specially good things about it too.

Hand-sewn throughout; smart "broad cut" fingers; taped buttons.

Ask for No. 31—

If you want a 25 cent sock that out-classes any of the "guaranteed" socks.

Exclusive with us.

Guaranteed not for a specific time, but to wear to your satisfaction—and no "insurance" charge for that either.

25c.—six pairs for $1.22.

Two sizes in one—that's our "Two-Shoe" shoe.

The upper being one size smaller keeps the toes from pushing forward and pinching. $5.

A balm for men with low insteps.

Red-Man ads. are well read.

So many good talking points about Red-Man collars.

That's why you want them and why we have them in all their shapes.

2 for 25c.

ROGERS PEET & COMPANY.

Three Broadway Stores,

at Warren st. | at 13th st. | at 34th st.

MIKE, FIREMAN'S DOG, GETS PRIZE AT SHOW

Pet of Engine Company No. 8 Also Rides on Street Cars as a "Deadhead."

VANDERBILT ENTRY BEATEN

There are several of the champions of the canine world who are nursing injured feelings as a result of the judging of yesterday in the thirty-fourth annual show of the Westminster Kennel Club at Madison Square Garden. Dogs whose supremacy has been invincible in former shows had to give way to some of the newcomers, and it is likely that the owners are just a bit more put out over it than the dogs are themselves.

Probably the most noteworthy instance of where an erstwhile leader in his class was dethroned came in the class for smooth fox terriers. Champion Sabine Fernie, owned by the Sabine Kennels, took the measure of W. Rutherfurd's Warren Remedy. It was a complete surprise to the fanciers, for Warren Remedy has for three years past been judged the best dog in the annual bench show, regardless of age, breed, or sex. It was considered that the entry would again come through the judging with a neat little blue ribbon as a present, but Sabine Fernie, a toyish dog, which was one of the strongest points of Warren Remedy, was the pick of the judges after considerable deliberation. The challenge cup for fox terriers went to the Sabine Kennels' Sabine Rarebit, which was judged over Sabine Fernie for the honor, so that there are two dogs in the show that outclass the former champion for the honor of being the best all-around animal on the benches.

Another upset came in the judging of the Old English Sheepdogs in the open class. Reginald Vanderbilt's champion, Sandy Point Rags, considered by many to be the best of his breed ever shown, failed to get better than third in his class. Mrs. Tyler Morse's Shepton Hero, a magnificent specimen, carried off the blue ribbon. He was shown for the first time last December in Newark, where he won a first place, and before that he had acquired a notable list of victories in England, having won more than one hundred prizes. Mrs. Tyler Morse was the largest winner in the classes for Sheepdogs, Shepton getting two blue ribbons, Endcliffe Capricious one, Dame Doris another. The latter was picked in the winner's class.

Owing to the postponement of the field trials because of bad weather the showing of the sporting dogs is not as good as usual. There were only three entries in the retriever class, and George Gould's Mountain Waite was the choice. He won third place with Lansdown Devonside Darkey, and he also won in the brace class.

There was considerable interest in the judging of the Dalmatians, particularly in the event closed to firemen's dogs. Mike drew first place out of the four entries in the class. Mike incidentally has quite a history. He is the only dog in the world which holds a street railway pass, and this was granted to him by F. W. Whitridge of the Third Avenue Railroad. Mike's home is with Engine Company 8, in East Fifty-first Street, and he is owned by Dan M. Lynx. Mike is a son of Oakey by Bess, the former having been presented to Engine Company 39 in East Sixty-seventh Street by William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., who raised him on his Long Island farm. The mother of Mike was the class, but her sire outclassed her for the blue ticket. Bess failed to get a place. The second award went to Smoke L of Hook and Ladder Company 8 of Brooklyn, and third choice was to another Bess, owned by Lieut. Wise. When the judging of the class was on there were many firemen and their friends about to see how things were going.

The Cocker Spaniels were out for their turn in the judging ring yesterday and attracted much interest. The Mepal Kennels' entries carried off a large number of the prizes. In the open class for dogs bred by the exhibitor, Mepal's Shotover was a blue ribbon winner, and Mepal's Iole duplicated in the class for black bitches, the latter defeating a number of champions. Mepal's Iole was also first in the winners' class for black bitches. In the open class for bitches of any color bred by the exhibitor the same dog came through a winner. The Mepal Kennels' entries took everything in the brace and team classes, being first in the team and brace classes for black dogs and first in the team and brace classes for dogs of any other color.

The awards yesterday in the principal classes were:

Winners' Classes.

Greyhounds, Dogs.—Won by R. F. Lewis, Jr.'s, Lansdowne Royal Magpie; reserve, B. F. Lewis, Jr.'s, Lansdowne St. Nicholas.
Greyhounds, Bitches.—Won by Killearn Kennels' champion Killearn Rockabout; reserve, John W. Patten's champion Towonda Kennels' Ruenaut.
Eskimos, Dogs.—Won by Alfred H. Weller's Ipsu; reserve, Robert Guggenheim's champion Jack.
English Setters, Dogs.—Won by Meadowview Kennels' Meadowview Yale; reserve, Dr. J. E. Hair's Albert's Rummy Spot.
English Setters, Bitches.—Won by Meadowview Kennels' Meadowview Lass; reserve, Meadowview Kennels' Lady Allister.
Gordon Setters, Dogs.—Won by Lloyd D. Kirby's champion Octo A.; reserve, Yeadike Kennels' Carlo.
Gordon Setters, Bitches.—Won by Clinton Hills Kennels' Lorna Clinton; reserve, Walter Gummey's Elinor.
Irish Setters, Dogs.—Won by Miss Elise Ladew's St. Patrick of Elsinore; reserve, J. C. Hanna's Montrose Larry.
Irish Setters, Bitches.—Won by Miss Elise Ladew's champion St. Cloud's Star; reserve, S. B. Waters's Midwood Ruby.
Cocker Spaniels, Black, Dogs.—Won by Daffodil Farm Kennels' champion Le Noir; reserve, W. T. Payne's Waverley Squire.
Cocker Spaniels, Dogs, Other Than Black.—Won by Gedney Farm Kennels' champion Mepal's Rous; reserve, Mepal Kennels' Mepal's Shotover.
Cocker Spaniels, Bitches, Black.—Won by Mepal Kennels' Mepal's Iole; reserve, Mepal Kennels' Mepal's Flavia.
Cocker Spaniels, Bitches, Other Than Black.—Won by Charles H. Mason's Brookside Fantana; reserve, Mepal Kennels' champion Mepal Iris.
Beagles, Dogs.—Won by Joe Lewis's Rock Ridge Driver; reserve, Neatherlands Beagles Neatherlands Hendrik.
Old English Sheepdogs, Dogs.—Won by Tyler Morse's Shepton Hero; reserve, W. R. Mason's Southport Safeguard.
Old English Sheepdogs, Bitches.—Won by Tyler Morse's Champion Dame Doris; reserve, Tyler Morse's Endcliffe Capricious.
Chow Chows, Dogs.—Won by James W. Decker's Ming; reserve, Green Acre Kennels' champion Chinese Idol.
Chow Chows, Bitches.—Won by The China Kennels' Ting-Loo-Foo of China; reserve, James W. Decker's Babbie.
Bull Terriers, Bitches.—Won by E. C. Huntington's champion Ukepais Papoose; reserve, John Miles's Inferno Queen.
Airedale Terriers, Dogs.—Won by Lynford Biddle's Champion The Norseman; reserve, Andrew Elbright's Tintern Royalist.
Boston Terriers, Bitches.—Won by George F. Parker's Sister Carrie; reserve, Albert Brennan's Revlio Beauty.
Smooth Fox Terriers, Dogs.—Won by Sabine Kennels' Champion Sabine Rarebit; reserve, Sabine Kennels' Sabine Reckoner.
Smooth Fox Terriers, Bitches.—Sabine Kennels' Champion Sabine Fernie; reserve, W. Rutherfurd's Champion Warren Remedy.
Wire-Haired Fox Terriers, Dogs.—Won by Charles W. Keyser's Endcliffe Corn Cob; reserve, Charles Lyndon's Johnny Cannuck.
Wire-Haired Fox Terriers, Bitches.—Won by Henry Higginson's Champion Grandmire; reserve, Henry Higginson's Middlesex Frida.
Irish Terriers, Dogs.—Won by John J. Bates's Champion Blarney Redeemer; reserve, Newry Kennels' Champion Newry Shamus.
Irish Terriers, Bitches.—Won by John J. Bates's Champion Blarney Irene; reserve, Newry Kennels' Newry Achusla.
English Toy Spaniels, Dogs, Orange and White.—Won by Mrs. C. Waterman's champion Loyal Monarch; reserve, Cottage Kennels' Cottage Nugget.
English Toy Spaniels, Bitches.—Won by the Nao ni Gan Kennels' champion Buckingham Be Be; reserve, Cottage Kennels' Cottage Pearl.
English Toy Spaniels, Dogs, Any Other Color.—Won by E. Kornandorfer's champion Sweetie Tommy; reserve, the Nao ni-Gan Kennels' champion Buckingham Little Magnet.
English Toy Spaniels, Bitches, Tricolor.—Won by Cottage Kennels' Cottage Bracon; reserve, Cottage Kennels' Cottage Delight.
English Toy Spaniels, Dogs, Red.—Won by E. [illegible]
Airedale Terriers, Bitches.—Won by Mrs. W. H. Mellord's Hedgeley Flirt; reserve, J. N. R. Bryant's Tanglewold Una.
Beagles, Bitches.—Won by Somerset Beagles' Somerset Fairy; reserve, Sir Sister Beagles' Sister Gaylass.
Mrs. W. R. Beam's champion Puku dog; reserve, Miss Elisabeth N. Blake's Ishi dam.

Miscellaneous Awards.

Irish Wolfhounds—Judge, Dr. J. E. De Mund—Open, Dogs and Bitches.—Won by T. Douglas Robinson's Landsdowne Royal Barney; Mrs. Frederick Freyer's The Harp, second; Mrs. Frederick Freyer's Brady, third.
Scottish Deerhounds—Judge, Dr. J. E. De Mund—Open, Dogs.—Won by Midlothian Kennels' Matchless of Midlothian; Midlothian Kennels' Mayor of Midlothian, second; Gregory U. McLoughlin's Red Gauntlet, third.
Open, Bitches.—Won by Midlothian Kennels' Mistress of Midlothian; Midlothian Kennels' Midlothian Modiste, second.
English Setters—Judge, Mr. Hockwalt—American-Bred Dogs (Champions Barred.)—Won by W. A. Pixley's Captain Whitestone; C. S. Jones's Deodora Duke, second; Dr. J. E. Hair's Albert's Rummy Grouse, third.
Open, Dogs.—Won by Meadowview Kennels' Meadowview Yale; C. S. Jones's Deodora Duke, second; G. Blatstein's Bloomfield Rap, third.
American-Bred Bitches—(Champions Barred.)—Won by Meadowview Kennels' Meadowview Lass; R. Storey's Dandy's Kate, second; C. S. Jones's Deodora Duchess, third.
Open, Bitches.—Won by Meadowview Kennels' Lady Allister; C. S. Jones's Deodora Duchess, second; Louis MacAfee's Deodora Princess, third.
Open, Dogs and Bitches (Brace.)—Won by Meadowview Kennels' Meadowview Pride's Hope; W. A. Pixley's Captain Whitestone, second.
Open, Dogs And Bitches, (Field Trial Class.)—Won by Dr. J. E. Hair's Albert's Rummy Grouse; Dr. J. E. Hair's Albert's Sportsman, second.
Gordon Setters—Judge, Mr. Hockwalt—Open, Dogs.—Won by Yeadike Kennels' Carlo; L. D. Kirby's Octo A., second; Walter Gummey's Du Brig, third.
Open, Bitches.—Won by Miss Elise Ladew's St. Cloud's Star; Walter McRoberts's Holly of Culbertson, second; Miss Elise Ladew's Carntyne Clodagh, third.
Retrievers—Judge, Mr. Muss-Arndt—Open, Dogs and Bitches.—Won by George J. Gould's Mountain Waite; Mrs. B. F. Lewis's Lansdowne Devonshire Darkey, second; George J. Gould's Furlough Guess, third.
Cocker Spaniels—Judge, Mr. Farewell—Open, Dogs, (Black.)—Won by Daffodil Farm Kennels' Le Noir; Mepal Kennels' Mepal's Norman, second; Annandale Kennels' Annandale Ronod, third.
Open, Dogs, (Any Solid Color Except Black.)—Won by George Douglas's Plaindman; Brynwood Kennels' Brynwood Rainbow, second; W. T. Payne's Bloodstone, third.
Open, Dogs, (Parti-Colored.)—Won by Gidney Farm Kennels' Mepal's Rous; Mepal Kennels' Mepal's Ridge, second; W. T. Payne's Jocko Rinkwood, third.
Open, Dogs, (Any Color, Bred by Exhibitor, Champions Barred.)—Won by Mepal Kennels' Mepal's Shotover; Brynwood Kennels' Brynwood Footpad, second; George Douglas's Red Hermit, third.
Open, Bitches, (black.)—Won by Mepal Kennels' Mepal's Iole; Brynwood Kennels' Brynwood Narida, second; Brookside Kennels' Rose Lee, third.
Open, Bitches, (Any Solid Color Except Black.)—Won by H. F. Thomas's Red Maiden; H. M. Syment's Brookdale Violet, second; Miss A. W. Thayer's Robinsurst Madcap, third.
Open, Bitches, (Parti-colored.)—Won by C. H. Mason's Brookside Fantana; Mepal Kennels' Mepal's Iris, second; Mepal Kennels' Mepal's Hilma, third.
Open, Bitches, (Any Color Bred by Exhibitor, Champions Barred.)—Won by Mepal Kennels' Mepal's Iole; George Douglas's Marrion, second; H. M. Syment's Brookdale Violet, third.
Fox Terriers—Wire-Haired—Judge, Mr. Lynn—American-Bred Dogs, (Champions Barred.)—Won by Mrs. W. Rutherfurd's Warren Brittle; Mrs. J. L. Frothingham's Ragged Samaritan, second; G. S. Thomas's Endcliffe Joker, third.
Open, Dogs.—Won by C. W. Keyes's Endcliffe Corn Cob; C. Lyndon's Johnny Cannuck, second; Mrs. A. H. Higginson's Endcliffe President, third.
American-Bred Bitches, (Champions Barred.)—Won by Mrs. H. Strawbridge's Randa Ruth.
Open, Bitches.—Won by Mrs. A. H. Higginson's Grandmire; R. H. Strawbridge's Randa Ruth, second; Mrs. J. C. Frothingham's Endcliffe Precision, third.
Irish Terriers—Judge, Mr. Lynn—American Bred Dogs, (Champions Barred.)—Won by J. Y. Bates's Kenmare Clincher; J. R. Thorndike's Thorncroft's Marksman, second; S. P. Martin's Edgecomb Terry, third.

N. Y. U. Team Has Close Call.

The New York University basket ball team won a close victory from the five of the Rochester University last night on the victor's court by the score of 34 to 30. The visitors were a bit slow in their guard work in the first half, and the remarkable guarding by Smith and Dale was alone responsible for the large lead which the local men secured in this period. The Rochester delegation turned the tables in the second half, in which Harman played an exceedingly fast game, and had the time been prolonged a few minutes the outcome would have been different, as the visitors were going at a fast pace when the whistle blew, and had only a few points to go in which to tie the score, running from twelve points in the first half up to thirty, scoring eighteen points in the latter and against their opponent's twelve. The line-up:

N. Y. U., 34.	Positions.	Rochester, 30.
Wachenfeld	Left forward	Woodams
Smith	Right forward	Harman
Brodhead	Centre	Ramaker
Oldansaky	Left guard	Cox
Dale	Right guard	Carey, Edwards

Goals from field—Smith, (5,) Wachenfeld, (5,) Harman, (4,) Ramaker, (3,) Brodhead, (3,) Dale, (3,) Woodams, Cox, Carey. Goals from foul—Harman (10.) Referee—Lieut. Stillwell, West Point. Umpire—Dr. Nichols, of Hamilton.

In the preliminary game the New York University freshmen defeated De Witt Clinton High School by a score of 12 to 11. The line-up:

Freshmen.	Position.	Clinton.
J. McLoughlin	Left forward	Grossman
Davis	Right forward	Kapper
C. McLoughlin	Centre	Levy
Moore	Left guard	Gollubier
Dorf	Right guard	Wolf

Goals from the field—Dorf, (2,) Moore, C. McLoughlin, 2, Loughlin, Kapper, J. McLoughlin, (2,) Gollubier. Goals from fouls—J. McLoughlin, (2,) Grossman. Substitutes—Risner for Davis, Harver for Wolf. Referee—Mr. Murphy, N. Y. U. Time of halves—Fifteen minutes.

Five Teams Still Tied in Race.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, Feb. 10.—There was some lively sprinting to-night in the six-day bicycle race at the First Regiment Armory, the feature being the dash of Smith and Hill which gained them a lap and tied them with the second strong men. Hehir led in the sprint on the last mile when the race closed for the day at 10 o'clock, and won the special $100 prize. West was second and Lawrence third. The standing of the teams is now as follows:

Kramer and Fenn, Lawson and Moran, Pye and Hehir, Bedell and Bedell, and Lawrence and Wiley, 894 miles and 8 laps each; Krebs and Anderson, Upperco and Mitten, Collins and Bordgett, Galvin and West, and Smith and Hill, 894 miles and 8 laps each.

Lasker Retains Chess Title.

BERLIN, Feb. 10.—Mr. Emanuel Lasker of New York retains the title of chess champion of the world. His series of ten games with Carl Schlechter of Vienna, who challenged him for the title, resulted in equal scores, each winning one game, and eight games were drawn. The final game to decide the championship proved most exciting. It lasted three days, and seventy-one moves were made. If drawn, Schlechter would have been the champion. A big crowd watched every move with keen interest, and there was an outburst of cheering when Dr. Lasker won. Both players received an ovation. Arrangements are proceeding for another match for the championship.

Kid McCoy's Brother Wins $10,000.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Feb. 10.—Kid McCoy's brother, H. H. Selby, furnished a surprise here to-day and incidentally relieved the Moncrief layers of $10,000 when his filly Starter won the opening event at 15 to 1.

YALE HOCKEY TEAM DOWNS COLUMBIA

New Haven Skaters Show Better Team Work and Win Handily, 5 to 1.

A LONG SHOT BY JOHNSON

The Yale hockey team easily outclassed Columbia University at St. Nicholas Rink last night, winning by a score of 5 to 1 in the Intercollegiate League series. Columbia played a ragged game and lacked the sureness of play and the team work which the team has displayed in previous games. The individual work of the Columbia players at times stood out, but there was a lack of concerted action and accurate shooting. Yale showed lots of dash and vim, and a few of the points tallied by the Blue were the result of taking chances on long shots. This was especially true of the third goal scored by Johnson, who caged the puck from the centre of the rink on a long accurate drive which found its way uninterrupted through several of the Columbia players and caught Murphy, the Columbia goal tender off his guard.

The passing of the Yale players was quick and accurate, and most of the time baffled the Columbia defense, which at times utterly failed to break up the harmony of the Yale rush line as it swept down the ice. Yale showed more skill at toying with the rubber disc and passed it in and among the Columbia players artfully. The game was unusually free from roughness, and not a penalty was imposed during the first half. Toward the end of the game, Brooks and Harding got into a mix-up and began to slug, for which both were ruled off the ice for a couple of minutes. Cassidy, the energetic Columbia centre, was the only other offender during the game, and twice he disregarded the rules so flagrantly that he was ordered off the ice, once for a period of three minutes.

Columbia started off with a rush, and for a time kept the Yale skaters scattered. Trimble took the puck from a scrimmage in front of Columbia's goal, carrying it down the ice at lightning speed, and shot it past French for the only score the Morningside Heights seven was able to tally. Yale got together soon after this, and Martin, with no aid from his team mates, carried the rubber into Columbia's territory and shot it into the net for the goal which tied the score. Lautrel and Brooks, by pretty team work, soon after, brought the puck in front of the Blue and White's goal, Lautrel sending it home on a long, swift shot. Then Johnson brought the crowd to its feet by his long lucky smash from the centre of the ice for a third goal.

Martin scored both the Yale's goals in the second half, one of them on a pass from Swenson and the other by his own speedy skating and powerful drive. Mackenzie on two occasions broke loose and carried the rubber up the rink within easy scoring distance of the Yale goal, but found no willing hands there to help him. Harding was also successful in keeping the puck away from the Yale skaters on several occasions, but his efforts at shooting it home proved unsuccessful. The line-up:

Yale.	Position.	Columbia.
French	Goal	Murphy
Brooks	Point	Mackenzie
Johnson	Cover point	Lovejoy
Laurel	Centre	Cassidy
Martin	Rover	Harding
Swenson	Left wing	Harrison
Merritt	Centre	Trimble

Goals—First Half—First for Columbia by Trimble in 8:45; first for Yale by Martin in 9:45; second for Yale by Lautrel in 9:00; third for Yale by Johnson in 10:40. Second Half—Fourth for Yale by Martin in 3:40; fifth for Yale by Martin in 13:00. Penalties—Brooks, 2 minutes; Harding, 2 minutes; Cassidy, 3 minutes. Referee—O. Clegg. Assistant Referee—S. Cleghorn, Goal Umpires—G. Harmon, Wanderers Hockey Club; L. Richards, St. Nicholas Hockey Club. Timers—B. Woods, Wanderers, and L. Peabody, Wanderers. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

Crucial Hockey Test is on To-night.

If the New York Athletic Club hockey team wins from the Wanderers to-night at the St. Nicholas Rink it will effectually settle the latter's chance for the championship. Both teams started the season with a pretty well defined understanding that one or the other of them would win the cup, and the struggle has been very keen. The Athletics succeeded in taking the lead from the Wanderers at the outset of the season in one of the most sensational games of hockey ever played in the local rink. The new Montreal players, Cleghorn, Smeaton, and Dufresne, introduced all the features of Canadian hockey and fought the New York champions through two exciting periods, only losing the final goal in an extra period after three of their players had been penalized or injured sufficiently to cause their withdrawal from the game. Since then both teams have gone through the season defeating all the other teams in the league, and the race has finally narrowed down to a struggle between the two. The line-up will be as follows:

New York A. C.	Position.	Wanderers.
Mills	Goal	Woods
White	Point	Smeaton
Broadfoot	Cover point	Dufresne
Shirreff	Rover	Harmon
Castleman	Centre	S. Cleghorn
Peabody	Left wing	Bulger
Denisha	Right wing	O. Cleghorn

Soccer Men Protest to Association.

When the proposed line-up of the Scottish-American soccer eleven of Newark was sent to the West Hudsons of Harrison some six weeks ago, a protest was at once lodged against the Scots playing Mike Toman in the cup tie contest on last Sunday. Notwithstanding the protest, Toman took part in the contest, and he scored the deciding goal. The West Hudsons have asked the American Football Association to decide the matter. The Scots contend that Toman is the property of their club and was eligible to play, while the West Hudsons claim the player was never awarded to the Scots by the association. They point to the fact that Toman after his suspension early in the season was obliged to sign a registration blank fourteen days before participating in a game, which he failed to do.

Polo Association Frames Rules.

A meeting of the recently formed indoor polo organization to be known as the National Indoor Polo Association was held last night at Durland's Academy. The object of the meeting was to adopt the by-laws, draw up the playing rules, and arrange a schedule. The greater part of the evening was taken up in arranging playing rules, which would be suitable for all academies and players. The season will be from Nov. 1 to April 15, the schedule to be arranged later. Among those present were A. De Cernea, Dr. F. T. Robeson, William Durland, S. Heineman, K. Guggenheim, J. H. Meyer, M. Goodman, J. Wilmerding, K. Wylie, C. Geerhardt, C. Gillen, W. Jay, A. W. Kinney, J. Breen, and H. Rose.

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MIDWINTER AUTO RUN.

New York to Boston Contest Scheduled for March 5.

Tom Moore, as manager of the popular car-voting contest, or the annual midwinter New York to Boston run for the trophy donated by L. H. Perlman, says that the rules and conditions of this contest have been devised with the intention of dispelling the impression Massachusetts and Connecticut State authorities have concerning the motorists who seemed to have converted the highways of those States into race courses.

The date of the contest is March 5, the opening day of the Boston Automobile Show, and it has the sanction of the A. A. A. The entrance fee has been fixed at $50 for each car, and the trophy is to be awarded to the car receiving the greatest number of votes. The principal rules and conditions follow:

Pacemaker.—Under no circumstances are the speed ordinances to be violated at any time during the day. There are no speed requirements, and it is specifically understood and agreed that none will be indulged in, consequently no one will be permitted to pass the pacemaking car. Any entrant who passes the pacemaking car will be disqualified and must withdraw from the contest.

Ballot Boxes.—Each car will receive when arriving on the starting line the official ballot box. When reaching a voting station or control the representative of the car must place this box in a conspicuous place, but under no circumstance must he allow it out of his possession.

Voting Stations.—The controls or voting stations are at the following points: Bridgeport, New Haven, Hartford, Springfield, Worcester, and Boston.

Time in Control.—A contestant must not stay more than thirty minutes in the control or the vicinity.

Passengers.—There is no restriction as to the number of passengers or the method of soliciting votes.

Votes and Ballots.—A daily paper in each city which has been selected as a station will for one week, beginning Monday, publish in its columns the official ballot; none other will be recognized. The daily printed ballot will carry the names of the cars entered up to the time of going to press.

Joint Ballots.—When there is more than one car entered of the same make each will receive a ballot box, but the votes will be counted collectively.

Polls.—The polls will be under the jurisdiction of the Show Committee at Boston, which will appoint tellers. Polls will close at 9 P. M. Saturday night. If a contestant has not reached Boston by that hour he will be considered out of the contest.

LICENSED AUTO DEALERS.

New Association of Local Concerns Elects Officers for the Year.

At a meeting held at the Automobile Club of America yesterday afternon the Licensed Automobile Dealers' Association of New York was formally organized. Robert Schlusser of the Harrolds Motor Car Company acted as temporary Chairman, with S. B. Bowman as temporary Secretary.

The Director nominated at the last meeting were elected as follows: Carl H. Page, George W. Bennett, Gen. John T. Cutting, Harry Fosdick, C. P. Skinner, R. D. Garden, M. J. Budlong, S. B. Bowman, James Joyce, John F. Plummer.

The following members were present:

Acme Motor Car Company, American Locomotive Company, F. Bowman Automobile Company, Cadillac Motor Car Company, Cimmiotti Brothers, Cloud-Marts Company, Corbin Motor Vehicle Corporation, Franklin Automobile Company, Harrolds Motor Car Company, Hol-Tan Company, George C. John, Locomobile Company of America, Mercer Auto Sales Company, Mitchell Motor Company, Mora Motor Car Company, Oldsmobile Company, Packard Motor Car Company, Carl H. Page & Co., Peerless Motor Car Company, Pope-Hartford Auto Company, Alden Sampson Manufacturing Company, Stoddard-Dayton Motor Car Company, White Company, Winton Motor Car Company, Wyckoff, Church & Partridge, Buick Motor Company.

Billiards and Pool.

In the amateur handicap pool tournament now in progress at the Broadway Billiard Academy Dr. Howe (100) defeated R. Vincent (100) 1ft 1ight by the score of 100 to 71. Howe's high run was 21 and Vincent's 16.

In the 18.2 amateur billiard tournament at the Morningside Billiard Academy Dr. Tuggle defeated T. B. Levy by a score of 150 to 62. Tuggle's high run was 21.

Thomas Hueston won a three-cushion billiard match at Doyle's Academy, Broadway and Forty-second Street, yesterday, defeating William Crell by a score of 40 to 22, making a high run of 7.

The five-mile professional handicap race at the Metropolitan Roller Skating Rink last night was won by W. McCormick, (50 yards.) Harry Burke of Bridgeport came in second, and S. Kirkbride, (80 yards,) of Newark finished third. Time—8:20.

C. Sheidig (136) defeated F. A. Boyd (216) in the triple tie play-off of the amateur 18.2 balkline tournament last night at the Knickerbocker Billiard Academy, Brooklyn. To-night W. St. John (200) will oppose Sheidig, (235.)

Yale Beats Harvard at Chess.

In the first of the annual team chess matches between the Yale Club and the Harvard Club of this city, contested at the clubhouse of the Yale Club yesterday, the home team was victorious by the score of 6 to 3. The summary:

Boards.	Yale Club.		Harvard Club.
1—S. B.	Chittenden	1	H. B. Barnes	0
2—A. S.	Jameson	1	R. Campbell	0
3—J. H.	Watson	0	A. E. Goddard	1
4—W.	Carmait	1	F. Powers	0
5—J. L.	Lockwood	½	E. F. Weld	½
6—H.	Holt	1	M. Hyman	0
7—G.	Richardson	0	J. Davis	1
8—R. G.	Guernsey	½	T. Michaud	0
9—A. F.	Smith	½	R. F. Putnam	½
Total		6	Total	3

The Harvard Club players had the white pieces on the odd numbered boards. The openings: Board 1, Queen's gambit declined; 2, Van Kruy's; 3, Sicilian defense; 4, Ruy Lopez; 5, Ruy Lopez; 6, Queen's gambit declined; 7, Queen's gambit declined; 8, Ruy Lopez; 9, irregular. Referee—H. Helms.

W. J. TRAVIS A GOLF VICTOR IN SOUTH

Perrin, Fournes, and Foot Also Winners of Matches at Pinehurst.

J. P. GARDNER OFF HIS GAME

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., Feb. 10.—Walter J. Travis of Garden City, H. W. Perrin of the Merion Cricket Club, Henry C. Fownes of the Oakmont Club, and J. D. Foot of the Apawamis Club are the survivors of the first and second rounds of the first division of the sixth annual St. Valentine's golf tournament now in progress here. Travis and Perrin will be opponents in the semi-final round to be played to-morrow.

The surprise of to-day's competition was the defeat of J. P. Gardner of the Midlothian Club by Mr. Snare. Gardner made the lowest score in the qualification round played Wednesday. The results to-day in the first three divisions were:

First Division—First Round.—W. J. Travis, Garden City, beat F. V. Sullivan, Garden City, 9 and 7; Frederick Snare, Englewood, beat J. P. Gardner, Midlothian, 4 and 3; Theodore Camebon, Oakland, beat Robert Hunter, Wee Burn, 2 up; H. W. Perrin, Merion Cricket, beat Wilbur C. Johnson, Canoe Brook, 6 and 5; C. L. Becker, Woodland, beat I. S. Robeson, Oak Hill Country, 5 and 3; Henry C. Fownes, Oakmont, beat Paul E. Gardner, Midlothian, 3 and 1; C. H. Matthiessen, Ardsley, beat Nathaniel W. Dean, Woodland, 1 up; James D. Foot, Apawamis, beat Dr. G. J. McKee, Pittsburg, 7 and 5.

Second Round.—Travis beat Snare, 2 and 1; Perrin beat Cassebeer, 2 and 1; Fownes beat Becker, 2 and 1; Foot beat Matthiessen, 2 and 1.

Second Division—First Round.—J. Curtis, Rochester Country, beat H. R. Mackenzie, St. Andrew's, 1 up; L. E. Beall, Untactown, beat P. S. MacLaughlin, Wykagyl, 1 up; H. Wendell, St. David's, beat D. Dorchester, Oakmont, 3 and 2; G. H. Chasmar, Columbia, beat C. S. MacDonald, Toronto, 4 and 3; E. S. Parmelee, New Haven Country, beat C. R. Hudson, Rochester, 2 and 1; C. S. Fownes, Oakmont, beat Spencer Waters, Apawamis, 6 and 4; Col. J. E. Smith, Wilmington, Del., beat H. H. Cutler, Bluemound, 2 and 1; R. C. Collier, Dunwoodie, beat W. M. Weaver, Camden, 4 and 3.

Second Round.—Curtis beat Bell, 3 and 1; Wendell beat Chasmar, 4 and 3; Parmelee beat C. B. Fownes, 2 and 1; Collier beat Col. Smith, 2 and 1.

Third Division—First Round.—G. Small, York Country, beat L. C. Limeman, Shawnee, Ohio, 3 and 2; F. B. McFeeley, Latrobe, Penn., beat A. C. Sumner, Nassau, 6 and 4; J. G. Nicholson, New Bedford, beat F. A. Sedgwick, Hartford, 4 and 3; W. L. Baldwin, Wee Burn, beat W. L. Hurd, Oakmont, 2 and 1; T. Rushmore, Garden City, beat S. Higgins, St. Andrew's, 3 and 2; H. O. Smith, Brookline, beat J. E. Kellogg, Fitchburg, 3 and 2; T. B. Baird, York Country, beat W. J. Faith, Wykagyl, 1 up, (19 holes;) H. H. Cook, Albemarle, beat T. B. Boyd, Algonquin, 4 and 3.

Second Round.—McFeeley beat Small, 1 up; Baldwin beat Nicholson, 2 up; Smith beat Rushmore, 2 and 1; Cook beat Baird, 3 and 2.

NOTES OF THE TURF.

Maryland sportsmen have arranged a competitive hunt for Washington's Birthday that should prove an interesting event. Three hunt clubs, the Elkridge, Green Spring Valley, and the Patapsco, will oppose each other. The conditions are that each club hunt five couples of dogs of their own breeding. The country chosen for the run is back of Pimlico race course.

Andrew Miller, Secretary of the Saratoga Racing Association and a Steward of The Jockey Club, met with a painful accident yesterday. His hand became caught in a taxicab door, and a finger was broken as a result.

Amos Turney, who contemplates a season of racing over the Eastern tracks, is reported at the Bennings track, Washington, with a string of eighteen horses. The Bennings track has been a favorite Spring training ground for several seasons, and is rapidly filling up with thoroughbreds.

James B. Haggin, for a long time the most extensive breeder of thoroughbreds in this country, will race a considerable string of horses over the tracks of The Jockey Club this season. Several years ago the orange and blue silks of the Haggin establishment were famous, but in recent years Mr. Haggin has turned his attention more to the breeding and marketing of horses than the racing. He will come back to the sport with a string of a dozen horses of his own breeding that are at present in the care of the veteran trainer, Charles Littlefield, at Sheepshead Bay.

Jockey J. Sumter will sail for Hamburg on the Amerika Saturday. Sumter goes to Germany to fill his engagement to ride for Baron Oppenheim the coming season. James E. McCormick, the American trainer, is in charge of the stable, and when he returned to Germany recently he took with him Withers McCreery, who will be his foreman. Later Jockey Willie Shaw, who is also under contract to the stable, will sail. Walter Miller, is still another American jockey on whom McCormick has a call, so that the establishment will be almost exclusively American, except in the matter of the horses. Baron Hindel has first call on Miller. On his trip to Germany McCormick was seriously injured during a storm, and a late letter from Withers McCreery intimates that his recovery from his injuries is not as rapid as could be desired. He is convalescing now, but is still suffering from his hurts.

Monte Attell and Conley Matched.

PORTLAND, Ore., Feb. 10.—Monte Attell of San Francisco and Frankie Conley of Kenosha, Wis., were matched to fight forty-five rounds in Los Angeles on Feb. 22 at 116 pounds, ringside. The boys were to have fought a ten-round bout here this month.

ICE YACHTS IN A CRASH.

The Princeton Carried Away in Gale and One Man is Injured.

Special to The New York Times.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Feb. 10.—In a driving gale at Shallow Point to-day Capt. Henry H. Munro's ice yacht Princeton was wrecked in collision with the Hazel, Clarel, and Blanche. The Princeton got away from Capt. Asher Wardell before he could get control. Warner Heyer was thrown from the Princeton under the cockpit of the Blanche and cut about the face. Capt. Wardell escaped injury. The Princeton's backbone was broken, but the yacht will be refitted with a new keel for to-morrow's race. The Hazel broke loose and brought up in the channel without serious damage.

The Foxy won the fourth-class pennant of the South Shrewsbury Club, after the Iola had been disabled, the gale dismantling her sails.

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NEW YORK, FRIDAY, FEB. 11, 1910.

REFORMING THE CORPORATIONS.

Mr. GARY, speaking for the Steel Corporation specifically, and Mr. PERKINS speaking regarding Federal regulation of corporations in general, have expressed themselves favorably regarding the principle of Mr. TAFT's National corporation bill. Both make reservations whose importance it is worth while considering in trying to discover what practical men think about the merits of the proposal.

Mr. GARY promises that his corporation will promptly and cheerfully accept the law and incorporate under it, if "practicable." He could do neither less nor more. His concern has hundreds of millions of capital irretrievably "fixed" in both an economic and physical sense. There are billions of capital in like relations to the law. It is worthless for any uses except the ones designed, and its worth can be realized only by social service under conditions of law which the owners of the property cannot determine. It is good citizenship to accept the necessities of the case with good-will and hopes for the best, but there is no alternative. If the people so command the corporations will, because they must, do as they are bid, if "practicable."

There's the rub. Mr. PERKINS makes the same reservation in other words. All corporation managers, he says, would welcome National supervision, "acting through an intelligent and fair-minded official." There is no way of judging the future but by the past, and it is a fair question to address both to Mr. PERKINS and to the forty-seven Legislatures, State and Federal, whether the regulation of corporations is of the character described. Selecting the average Legislature, and the average corporation, which has done the Republic greater disservice? Taking the courts as impartial judges, and qualified to speak upon evidence, is it not possible to cite greater condemnation of the lawgivers than of the lawbreakers? Recalling the 2-cent fare laws, were not the railways more sinned against than sinning? Is it possible to say anything regarding corporations worse than that they are an affront to Christian civilization, and was not that phrase used in annulling an anti-railway law, passed in the name of reform, and fondness for the people, who thought that something good was done for them, when in fact nothing whatever was achieved?

These considerations do not apply to an excess of reform rage which has been outlived, and was characteristic only of granger legislation. They apply to the proposals of the very day, and especially to the most conspicuous examples of all. Assuming that corporations should, as they must, submit to National legislation, if practicable, and if fair and intelligent, are they therefore called upon to submit to legislation springing from mere caprice, motived by unprincipled politics, and expressed with almost incredible carelessness, if not actual malevolence? Assuming that corporations should submit to a National income tax, are they not entitled to have the tax levied in a less barbaric manner than the one against which the best mercantile thought of the Nation is protesting, regardless of the monetary burden involved? But why assume that corporations should tamely submit to an impost whose motives are worse than the manner in which it was levied? Is it endurable that a tax of that sort should spring solely from the political game, played with such recklessness that competent and well-meaning advice regarding the details of the law should have been rejected with brusqueness approaching insult?

It is almost useless to multiply instances regarding Governmental misconduct by a Congress capable of acting as the present one did regarding the tariff, but another example, because so recent and so flagrant, may be given. The Republican caucus the other day placed in the forefront of the programme of Administration measures the postal savings bank scheme. Surely this measure should be treated upon its merits, with sole regard to the public good. Yet this project was thus characterized by LEWIS E. PIERSON, President of the American Bankers' Association, speaking in this city this week:

> Our association does not believe this country should be committed to so important a proposition as postal savings banks merely to redeem a party pledge. . . . Before the trusts it is the duty of the Republican Party to power . . . had no opportunity thoroughly to study and understand the effect on the Government's finances and the country at large of a postal savings bank system.

Have the corporations done anything worse than the Administration? They have made too much money, and are extorting more for their goods than the people want to pay. Is that any reason for commercializing politics, for inviting worse conditions at Washington than are being testified to regarding Albany, and disturbing the political basis of our institutions by throwing the Constitution into the melting pot, and submitting it to strains which it perhaps cannot withstand? In short, are we not rather punishing ourselves than the corporations by measures which are even more inescapable for ourselves than for the corporations?

INVESTIGATION, NOT TRIAL.

The essence of humor lies in veiled and suggestive allusions to something well understood by those to whom it is addressed. There was plenty of humor in Mr. OSBORNE'S opening in the Conger-Allds investigation at Albany. Among the Senators and in the crowded galleries many laughed when the lawyer blandly offered to "gratify the curiosity of any Senator" who might desire to know who, besides the leader of the Senate majority, had received envelopes alleged to contain bribes. The offer was blandly made, but there was a ring of defiance in it, as if Senator CONGER were prepared to make the revelation complete.

Of this temper and disposition the Senate, or some of its members, should take advantage. It cannot be urged too often or too earnestly upon the Senators that they are not conducting a formal trial of Mr. ALLDS. They are conducting an investigation into official corruption revealed in part by the charges of CONGER against ALLDS. They are not limited as a court would be to finding simply whether ALLDS is or is not guilty of a specific act alleged. That, indeed, they must find, if they can. But in the course of their inquiry they must find also what is the truth in connection with the whole course of business described by CONGER and his witnesses. It is the duty of the Senate to discover in what way and to what degree ALLDS and all the others involved are guilty. There should be no hiding of facts, no screening of names. The Senate should insist on the fullest information attainable, and act on it.

FIFTH AVENUE'S GOOD REPUTE.

The formal admission by an association of Fifth Avenue merchants and property owners that the reputation of one of the world's most renowned thoroughfares has been damaged by recent highway robberies on and near it, seems to have been subordinate to a specified and attractive plan for brilliantly lighting the avenue at night. But there is no doubt that a sort of ancient Hounslow Heath repute has settled on the heart of the Murray Hill district of late because of the pernicious activity of footpads and female thieves. The admission of the fact may disturb Mayor GAYNOR, who seems to have made up his mind that residents of New York should stop abusing the city.

We sympathize with the Mayor's view, measurably. New York is a splendid city, full of noble monuments. But its majestic greatness helps to make its defects conspicuous and, moreover, people who are privileged to enjoy the many comforts of New York are all the more likely to complain of its comparatively few discomforts.

Thievery on Fifth Avenue is sufficiently alarming to justify vigorous protest and concerted action. To be sure, the thieves follow their calling in all other parts of the city. The upper west side, a supposedly well-guarded residential section, has had its full share of burglaries and highway robberies of late. The prompt suppression of the footpads of Fifth Avenue, however, ought to be easy. By all means, let the thoroughfare be well lighted from Madison Square northward, and let the police double and redouble their efforts to restore its good repute. If distinguished citizens will walk abroad in the small hours, carrying small fortunes in their pockets, let them be safe from molestation until they go far enough east or west to relieve the avenue from any share of blame for their misfortunes. Of course all the electric lights in the world, and an army of policemen, could not always save a careless man's money from an expert thief. The Fifth Avenue property owners and merchants do well, however, to insist that every precaution shall be taken to make their handsome street as safe as possible. If it is "infested with thieves," as Magistrate CORNELL says, they should be rooted out.

MANOEUVRING FOR POSITION.

Wall Street and Mr. TAFT have now adjusted themselves to whatever decision the Supreme Court may render in the trust cases. As for Wall Street, it is evident that its prices are in the position of having discounted the worst, and if the court's decision is adverse they may be expected to go no lower, or perhaps to astonish the tape readers once more by rising when they should fall. For it is almost as sound a rule to buy when the bad news is out as to sell when the good news is out. If the decision is against the trusts it is the shall save the country suffering by putting to the best possible use the cash realized from the recent liquidation.

President TAFT is equally prepared for either contingency. If the decision is against the trusts he can point to his life preserver, and claim that he did his best for the mainstay of his party's campaign chest. On the other hand, if the decision should favor the activities of trusts operating without unreasonable restraint of trade—and this is a possibility worth bearing in mind—it is evident that the President will not be caught without his own life preserver. It is above all things necessary to fool the people while doing as little real harm as the case permits, and if the trusts shall receive a lease of life conditioned upon good conduct nobody can charge that the President and his Attorney General did not do their best to slay the monsters. Everything being thus made snug alow and aloft—that is to say, in Washington and Wall Street—the scenes are set, and it is only necessary to raise the curtain and let the country know what is concealed behind the forthcoming decision of the court.

FEDERAL ART AND EMBASSIES.

In the House of Representatives yesterday the bill to establish an art commission to exert an aesthetic influence over the erection by the Federal Government of statues, monuments, and buildings in Washington and elsewhere was passed, after a slightly acrimonious and quite futile debate. The plan originated with President ROOSEVELT, who appointed such a commission, in his somewhat high-handed manner. It is a good plan, but Congress is the sole authority in such matters. Doubtless most of the members of the Roosevelt commission will be reappointed when the bill becomes a law.

Coincident with the passage of this bill in the House was the announcement of the decision of the Committee on Foreign Affairs to report favorably the Lowden bill, appropriating $500,000 annually for the erection of buildings for the American embassies abroad. It is to be hoped that the Art Commission will be permitted to exert its beneficent influence in this matter. Half a million yearly is a large sum to expend for embassy buildings, and it should be wisely expended. Architecturally they should be in harmony with their surroundings.

The committee's favorable report indicates the probable acceptance of the measure in the House. It has been pushed through, thus far, a little too quickly. The matter requires careful consideration from many points of view. In most of the foreign capitals suitable buildings could doubtless be purchased and fitted to the purpose of the embassies at comparatively small cost. The reformation of our Diplomatic Service, however, is not to be secured merely by providing permanent homes for Ambassadors and Ministers.

PREACHERS FROM ABROAD.

Since the Rev. J. H. JOWETT of Birmingham, England, declined a call to the pulpit of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church of this city there has been an ill-authenticated rumor that the same position has been offered to the Rev. G. CAMPBELL MORGAN of London. Much criticism has ensued of American churches for going abroad to get preachers. The English and Scotch clergymen who have come to our pulpits in late years have done well. But the question is raised whether the race of American preachers is dying out.

It is gratifying to learn from a well-informed religious weekly, The Christian Work and Evangelist, that there is no cause for alarm on that head. It can name ten American preachers who can preach as well, for instance, as Dr. JOWETT. But the English people "go to church, here they have to be drawn or coaxed." Therein the trouble seems to lie. The Nonconformist churches of England seem to develop more eloquent speakers, and the successful American preacher must have the individuality, the magnetism, the "passion of utterance" to draw people to church. It will not do, these days, to read a sermon, however well written it may be.

Another point The Christian Work and Evangelist makes is that the English ministers have a much better opportunity to make themselves known in a short time. Their country is small, their church journals, published in London, are circulated in all parts of it. "Some young man in Seattle may be doing apostolic wonders and New York not hear of him for years." This is obviously wrong. Here is a comprehensible situation to be grappled with. The religious newspaper we have quoted believes that the American-bred minister is better able to meet the church conditions prevailing in this country than the Englishman. It ought to be easy enough to learn where the promising young American preachers are, to look them up, and have the eye of the whole body of Protestant churches fixed upon them.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Must Pay High for Safety.

French scientists, having duly considered the phenomenal rise of the Seine from which Paris has suffered so severely, have reached the conclusion that it resulted, not from rains heavier and more prolonged than have fallen in all the years that have elapsed since the city has been thus flooded, but because the rains came at a time when the region drained by the Seine and its affluents was already saturated and usually its light soil is able to absorb large quantities of water. This year, however, great rains came at a time when further absorption was impossible and the consequence was that the water ran off as from an asphalted or cemented street.

Commenting on these facts, The Scientific American says that if Paris is to be safe from repetitions of this disaster, it must adopt one of two plans. The first is that of dredging and widening the Seine until it has a channel large enough to carry off the maximum amount of water that will ever try to pass through the city, and incidentally it must remove all of its present bridges, the many piers of which have a marked effect in decreasing the speed of the current, and substitute for them either tunnels below the river bed or bridges of the suspension type. The alternative plan is that which has been adopted in Vienna. There, to prevent the flooding of the city by the Danube, the Austrian engineers cut an artificial channel entirely around the city, into which, after the river has reached a certain elevation, all the surplus water is diverted and discharged into the river below the city.

To carry out either of these plans at Paris would be enormously expensive, and the cost of the second would probably be prohibitive, owing to the value of the land that would have to be condemned. Intelligent forestry in the upper part of the Seine basin would remove or minimize the danger in the best of ways, but forests cannot be grown in a day or a year, and meanwhile the city would be exposed to another flood whenever the peculiar conditions of this Winter were repeated. The chances are, therefore, that Paris, like many an American city, will do nothing effective, and accept occasional overflow as the price to be paid for the privilege of occupying a convenient site.

A Bill Too Large to be Broken.

Nothing has yet been heard of the ten-thousand-dollar bill which, with that touching confidence in human nature which is Wall Street's most notable characteristic, was intrusted to a little messenger boy the other day for conveyance to a near-by bank. The boy has been put under arrest, but apparently rather to have him at hand as a witness in case of need than from any real belief that he stole the money or even knows what became of it. His conduct on the day of the big bill's disappearance was not that of a thief, and the indications are that it was stolen from him or that he simply lost it.

On the first of these theories, somebody has it certainly, on the second probably, though of course there is a remote chance that the precious bit of paper still remains in some sequestered nook to which it was blown by the vivacious breezes which circulate through the downtown cañons. Assuming that the bill has a possessor, the question arises, "What can he do with it?" Notes of that denomination have practically no circulation except between banks in the settlement of balances, and comparatively few people could offer one of them for deposit without exciting the wonder and curiosity of the receiving teller. As the number as well as the denomination of this particular bill is now widely known in banking circles, the man who offered it for addition to his account would be pretty sure to find himself at once the target of many questions.

Nobody whose possession of a ten-thousand-dollar bill would not excite surprise is of the class at all likely to get other people's money in the crude way of outright theft. And of course such a bill could not be "changed" at the corner grocery, or even at the corner saloon. So, though a thief would eagerly seize an opportunity to steal a fortune in form so easily portable, and would for a while enjoy all the sensations he had expected to get from great wealth, the very size of his acquisition would make it dangerous as well as useless. Sooner or later, doubtless, he would find somebody who would give him $50, or perhaps $100, for it, ask no questions, and assume the risk of its disposition. He could hardly make a better bargain, and he might not do even as well as that, since the only people with whom he could negotiate would be sure to take merciless advantage of his helplessness.

Poison in the Tail of a Comet.

People who were disturbed by the recent news that the "cyanogen line" had been found in the spectrum of the tail of HALLEY'S comet by the astronomers at the Yerkes Observatory have now been kindly relieved of their anxiety by Prof. HUSSEY of the University of Michigan. He does not deny that cyanogen is a most terrible poison or that a comet would not have to add much of it to our atmosphere to destroy very promptly all terrestrial life. He only calls attention to the fact—which anybody, by the way, can find in any recent astronomical work—that the tails of comets are of such almost inconceivable tenuity, and that even though they were composed of nothing but cyanogen the earth could pass through a dozen of them without producing the slightest effect upon the most delicate of its inhabitants.

Cometary tails are so near to nothing at all that the thinnest mist of which we have any knowledge is grossly material in comparison. The spectroscope's verdict is always beyond question, and wherever it finds cyanogen or anything else there the thing indicated by the "lines" undoubtedly exists, but the discovery, though sure, may mean amazingly little as to quantity, and such is undoubtedly the case in regard to comets. Only to ignorance or superstition are they alarming.

"The Frozen Grail."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I saw yesterday in the account of the Peary celebration at the Metropolitan Opera House Tuesday night that an original poem by Percy MacKaye was read, "To the Commander and His Men."

I have heard several people ask why it was that those who had this programme in charge instead of asking anybody to write a new poem did not ask Elsa Barker to read her poem, "The Frozen Grail," which was published in THE TIMES on the day Peary started north, and which Peary himself took with him to the pole.

It seems to me that "The Frozen Grail" is the poetic classic of arctic exploration, and that the fact of its having been taken by Peary himself to the very pole gives it a unique historical place. WALTER RUSSELL.

New York, Feb. 10, 1910.

Cost of Boiled Eggs and Ceilings.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

To answer the query of R. A. Dix relative to the price of boiled eggs by an "artist" or simply by an ordinary cook, I would quote a story handed down from the years long ago, when Taylor's was the restaurant par excellence, located at Franklin Street and Broadway. A country uncle, visiting his nephew on business near by, was invited to dinner at Taylor's. While the meal was being prepared the old gentleman was busy viewing the ceilings and side walls and their expensive decorations. After enjoying the meal the guest learned the cost for the two—about $2.50—and his remark, "Gosh! John, did you have to pay for the ceilings?" I think answers Mr. Dix. Many-five

TWO NOTABLE SURVIVORS.

Gen. Eckert and Miss Clara Barton of Civil War Fame.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Two notable persons, now approaching their ninetieth year, who were prominent in the civil war, are still spared to us—Gen. Thomas T. Eckert and Clara Barton. Gen. Eckert was an Assistant Secretary of War, in charge of the Military Telegraph Corps, and Miss Barton was conspicuously associated with both the Sanitary and the Christian Commissions.

After the close of the war, in 1865, Gen. Eckert withdrew to private life and continued in the telegraph service, and for many years was the President of the Western Union Telegraph Company. He retired last Summer from the business in which he had been engaged for nearly sixty years.

Miss Barton, after serving to the end of the civil war, visited Europe, and while there became attached to the army of the Grand Duke of Baden, and served throughout the Franco-Prussian war as an honorary member of the Red Cross. The Emperor of Germany honored her with the Iron Cross. On her return to the United States she organized the American Red Cross, whose President she became, serving as such for more than twenty years, retiring but a few years ago, when the organization, having assumed gigantic proportions under her fostering care, was taken over by the United States Government. She is now living at Glen Echo, Md., and is busily engaged in literary and other work—a most remarkably active woman.

If you refer to the books you will find that Miss Barton is put down at 80 years of age, and that Gen. Eckert has had his birth year moved forward to 1823. But I have it over Miss Barton's own signature that she was born in 1821, and in furnishing his birth year to his old friend and associate, David Homer Bates, Gen. Eckert brushed aside all the misinformation concerning him contained in the books of reference, and gave the year as 1821, and so it appears in Mr. Bates's historical work, "Lincoln in the Telegraph Office."

There may have been others who took part in the civil war who were born prior to 1821, and if that is the case it would be interesting to hear about them. The late Major Gen. Daniel H. Rucker, who died in Washington on Jan. 6, was born in 1813. He participated in the Mexican as well as the civil war. Is there any one now living who comes in between Gen. Rucker and these eminent people of 1821—Miss Barton and Gen. Eckert? FAIRFIELD.

Bridgeport, Conn., Feb. 7, 1910.

A $5 FEAST.

Enjoyed at the Expense of the Theatre Ticket Seller.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Anent the courtesy versus discourtesy of New York theatre ticket sellers, here's a hitherto unpublished instance, now almost ancient. About sixteen years ago, when Sir Henry Irving and Miss Ellen Terry opened a new theatre with Tennyson's "Becket," my old neighbor, Henry Naber of Pike County, Mo., and myself attended. There was an average crowd seeking tickets, just before the performance was to begin. Naber bought ours, two $1.50 seats, proffering a five-dollar bill. The ticket seller tossed out the change in two bills. Naber picked it up and we started to ascend the steps.

When half way up Naber glanced at his change and turned back. "He's given me $7 change," he said. I paused on the stairway a few feet above the ticket man's window to wait. Naber pushed back through the throng and approached the window. He was ever a modest youth, but the soul of honesty.

"You've made a little mistake in my change," timidly said Naber, poking out the two bills—a two and a five.

"Move on!" yelled the ticket seller. "No time to correct it now; you ought to have discovered the mistake before you left the window. Move on! You're keeping these people waiting."

Naber made another ineffectual effort, but was waved away. Then the man from Missouri grew indignant. As he was pushed away by the crowd he waved his change at the ticket seller and cried:

"All right, pardner. You've given me $5 too much, and you've tried to insult me. Thanks, I can use the money."

We enjoyed Irving and Terry, after which we enjoyed a five-dollar feast at the expense of the ticket seller. ROBERTUS LOVE.

New York, Feb. 7, 1910.

"Hygienic Tomfoolery."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Joel Benton's letter on the fresh-air crank or fiend is timely and hits it pat. This is an age of finnicking hygienic tomfoolery, and we have to remember every moment of our obsessed lives the catalogue of our belongings—that we have heads, hearts, livers, kidneys, lungs, and we have to be constantly "thinking what to do with them. The ancient Greeks had none of these things, and neither should we have them, if we hadn't gone mad over our many new diseases and the constant contemplation of our precious internal anatomy. But of all the offensive creatures one meets commend me to the selfish and aggressive and ignorant fresh-air crank. Of course we never had any fresh air before he came on the scene, and we elders must have therefore been a puny, unhealthy breed—Were we? A little while ago I nearly died of fresh air—administered "through a hole"—in an up-to-date hospital; and a few days ago, coming down from Pompton in the train I received a stiff neck at the hands of one of those fresh-air missionaries. Why doesn't the whole abominable clan of them take up their beds and go and pitch their tents in the Hackensack meadows? DUNCAN MACDONALD.

Brooklyn, April 9, 1910.

A Work for Col. Roosevelt.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Col. Roosevelt has done many great things in his time, but there is still one thing that he could do that would be greater than all.

Before he returns to America he might settle the differences (whatever they may be) between Germany and England.

Every one seems to suppose that a war between these two great nations is not only possible but probable. Both Germany and England consider themselves Christian and civilized powers, and the idea of a war between them is monstrous.

Col. Roosevelt is persona grata with both parties, and the Kaiser would probably pay more attention to him than to any other living man.

It is a great opportunity, and if properly utilized Col. Roosevelt will earn the thanks and approval of the whole world.

This country would then, indeed, give him a great reception on his return.

EDEN E. GREVILLE.

New York, Feb. 9, 1910.

JAMAICA NEGRO PROVERBS.

Keep calm; a shillin' worth o' fret
Can't pay a pennyworth o' debt.

Eb'ry one say dat de Mule is bad
W'en he plunge an' kick an' rear;
Nobody know dat de Mule is mad
'Cause de Gadfly bite his ear.

Doan' run too fas' wid dat load o' limes!
Ef you run too fas', you will run two times.

De Black Thief steal from you 'an me;
De Debbil help him do dat sin.
At las' God make de Watchman see,
An' den?—De Debbil stan' an' grin!

Dis is true widout a doubt:
W'en de Rum is in, de Wit is out.

Man wid Cash doan' bodder his head
Ef Meat is high or not.
Rock-a-stone on Riverbed
Doan' know de Sun is hot.

Save your stick to drive a Donkey;
"Softly, softly," catchee Monkey.

De Yaller Whelp he whine an' yelp
An' slink an' sneak from door to door;
But w'en he guard his Master's yard
He t'ink his Bark a Lion-roar!

To make much Trade spen' your Money like a man.

JAPAN'S MANCHURIAN SHIFT.

Plans to Make Military Arms Less Conspicuous in Administration.

TOKIO, Feb. 10.—Marquis Katsura, the Prime Minister, acting in conjunction with the Minister for Foreign Affairs, Count Komura, has formulated a plan that will entail a very considerable change in the method of Japan's administration of her interests in Manchuria and in the leased territory. Up to the present the army and the navy have been well to the fore, the army being represented by Gen. Oshima, the Governor General of Kwangtung, and the navy has had a station at Port Arthur. The Governor General resigned last week.

The Premier has decided to remove all military elements, the Governor General of Kwangtung will be reorganized on a much smaller scale, and the naval station at Port Arthur will be abolished. The stations at Sasebo and Chinampo, Korea, will, however, be enlarged. The administrative work of the South Manchurian Rialway, together with the control of the police, will be turned over to the railway company. The Consuls are to take charge of all foreign affairs.

The reasons given for these proposed changes is a realization that suspicion has been unnecessarily aroused among the powers and that a handle has been given for charges that in reality were not well founded. This may, too, be regarded as an outcome of the agitation over the proposition advanced by Secretary Knox which, while it has solidified the interests of Japan and Russia in Manchuria, has nevertheless awakened Japan to the necessity for extreme caution.

CHARITIES GET $200,000.

Belden R. McAlpine Also Leaves $80,000 to Nephew—$1,000 to Blind Newsseller

The will of Belden R. McAlpine, who died on Feb. 1 at his residence, 1 West Seventy-second Street, was filed yesterday with the Surrogate. The testator left no real estate, but made ample provision for numerous relatives and various charitable projects out of a large personal estate. John Hurley, the blind proprietor of a newsstand at the Seventy-second Street Ellevated Station on Columbus Avenue, was bequeathed $1,000.

The Rochester Home for the Friendless, the Rochester Orphans Asylum, the Association for the Relief of Respectable, Aged, and Indigent Females of the City of New York, and the New York Society for the Relief of the Crippled and Ruptured are given each a fifth of the residuary estate. It is believed that these portions will be about $50,000 each. The fifth portion of the residuary estate goes to Sophia L. McAlpine, daughter of the testator.

In addition to a fifth share of the residuary estate, Miss McAlpine receives an annuity of $6,000 a year, 200 shares of the stock of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad Company, and all her father's household effects, silverware, jewelry, books, papers, and ornaments. Addison G. White of Montclair, N. J., a nephew, receives $80,000 in cash. He is also made trustee of a fund of $4,000 for the care of Julia McAlpine, daughter of the late Philo McAlpine, now an inmate of the Middletown State Homoeopathic Hospital. Among some forty bequests to relatives and friends are one of $20,000 to Fannie L. Mather of East Orange and one of $10,000 to Clara Shepard, a niece.

Among the local charitable bequests is one of $10,000 to the Central Presbyterian Church for the relief of the poor, and for no other purpose, and one of $5,000 to the State Charities Aid Association of this city. George F. Canfield, Beverley Chew, Augustus W. Kelley, and Addison G. White are executors of the will, which was executed April 28, 1909.

$1,132,000 FOR NEW SCHOOLS.

Prendergast to Ask for the Money—The Mayor Cuts Meloney's Salary.

Controller Prendergast will ask the Board of Estimate, at its meeting to-day, to appropriate $1,182,000 to build three new schoolhouses and one addition. The sites for the new buildings are Clarkson and West Houston Streets, between Varick and Hudson Streets; Schenectady Avenue, Eastern Parkway, and Lincoln Place, Brooklyn, and Lott and Hopkinson Avenues and Amboys Street, Staten Island. The proposed addition is to School 19, at South Third and Keap Streets, Brooklyn.

Important salary changes will come before the board to-day. The Mayor wants to reduce the salary of his newly appointed Executive Secretary, William B. Meloney, to $4,000 a year. William A. Willis, his predecessor, received $6,000. The Mayor wishes to take the $2,000 thus saved, and $1,000 of the $1,050 salary of the present Executive Clerk, which place he plans to abolish, and appoint an assistant Secretary at $3,000 a year. Philip Kohler, the Mayor's former private Secretary while he was on the bench, and now in the Executive Offices at the Mayor's own expense, is slated for this job.

President Cromwell of Richmond also wants an Executive Clerk at $3,600 a year. The Municipal Art Commission wishes to raise the salary of its Assistant Secretary, John Quincy Adams, from $3,000 to $3,600 a year.

District Attorney Whitman's application for eight new assistants at $3,000 each will come up again. He will also ask for six deputy assistants.

SZECHENYI INSPECTS A COURT

Count Sees Two Children Sentenced—Aids a Similar Tribunal in Hungary.

Count Laszlo Széchényi, who is visiting this country with his wife, the former Gladys Vanderbilt, spent several hours in the Children's Court yesterday as the guest of Justice Olmsted.

The Count sat on the bench with Justice Olmsted and Justice Wyatt, who is presiding at the court this month. He watched Justice Wyatt sentence to the Catholic Protectory two youths who confessed to having committed twenty-two burglaries since they were paroled on Jan. 29.

Before leaving Count Széchényi said that Hungary was now arranging to have a Children's Court conducted on American lines. He said that he was giving financial aid to the care of delinquent children in his native land. From court the Count went to the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children. He told Supt. Walsh that he would try to organize a similar society at Budapest.

UNITED AGAINST 3-CENT LINE.

Metropolitan and Brooklyn Tractions to Fight Franchise Together.

There was a conference yesterday afternoon in Brooklyn between representatives of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, the Coney Island & Brooklyn Railroad, and the Metropolitan Street Railway Company, over the application of the Manhattan Bridge Three-Cent Line for a franchise.

It is understood that the result of the conference will be further opposition to the new company when the matter again comes before the Public Service Commission on Monday.

All the men present at the conference were of counsel to the three companies.

It was said that the legal points involved in the fight were discussed, and that there was talk of an apeal to the courts should the franchise be granted to the Three-Cent Line.

Spends $100,000 on a World Tour.

The White Star liner Cedric, which got here from the Mediterranean yesterday, had among her passengers Alfred Catella, a Buenos Ayres banker, who is completing a trip around the world. With him is his wife, her sister, Miss Villatte, his daughter and son, his sister, Mrs. M. C. Campos, and the latter's son, and several servants. They left South America in April. The trip to date has cost about $100,000.

To Study Language Teaching Abroad.

Prof. Adolph Cohn of the Chair of Romance Languages at Columbia sailed for France with his wife yesterday on the methods

CROUCHING VENUS IN ART MUSEUM

Splendid Replica of Lost Masterpiece Rivals That in the Louvre in Paris.

REMARKABLE GREEK LION

Original Piece of the Fifth Century, B. C., Another Acquisition at Metropolitan—Whistler Exhibition.

A replica of the Crouching Venus, of which the most famous known is in the Louvre in Paris, is one of the recent acquisitions of the Metropolitan Art Museum, shown with a remarkable Greek lion among other pieces for the department of classical art. Yesterday's monthly announcement contains the most valuable list given out for some time. There were included a fine terra cotta polychrome relief of the Madonna and Child by Verrocchio and several pictures, and announcement was made of the coming Whistler exhibition. This will open about March 15, and will include paintings and pastels of the artist, nothing in black and white or water colors. While it is not intended to give a comprehensive exhibition of Whistler's works, those shown will represent it at its best.

The exhibition will be arranged with the approval and co-operation of Miss Rosalind Birnie-Philips, the artist's niece and executor, in London, who owns several of his pictures. Charles L. Freer of Detroit, whose collection of Whistler's work is well known, has made a generous offer for the exhibition. He has told the museum authorities to get all the pictures of Whistler's that they can and he will promise to fill up the room from his collection. Richard A. Canfield will be another generous contributor, who will send "Count Robert," "Rosacorder," "The Ocean," and "La Napolitainne."

There will be seven pastels, "Venetian Scenes," from Col. Frank J. Hecker of Detroit, whose music room is the most famous in the country; Mrs. Samuel Untermyer will send "Falling Rockets," John H. Whittemore "The Andalusienne" and "The White Girl," John G. Johnson of Philadelphia, "Lange Leizen"; the Boston Art Museum "Little Rose of Lyme Regis" and "The Master Smith of Lyme Regis," and from the Brooklyn Institute will come the portrait of "Florence Leyland." It will be the first exhibition of importance of work in color by Whistler in New York. The exhibition will remain open until the last of May.

It will be held in the large hall in which the Dutch pictures were recently exhibited, and will inaugurate an interesting new departure by the Museum of holding these temporary exhibitions, and the hall will now be devoted to that purpose. On Monday, Feb. 21, the Museum will celebrate the fortieth anniversary of its incorporation with a meeting of its members and an address by Joseph Choate, who is the last survivor of the original Board of Trustees.

In its collections of Greek art the Museum accumulates the different pieces on the other side, and they are brought over together, and the exhibition now opened represents the accumulation of a year. The crouching Venus, one of the replicas of a lost masterpiece, is a particularly fine specimen in a beautiful tone of the marble, and Museum authorities consider it perhaps finer than that of the Louvre. A plaster cast of this latter has been placed beside the Museum's original work that students may compare the two. The lion, another original Greek piece of the fifth century, B. C., is in remarkably fine condition, the body and head, with the exception of part of the ears, being intact. There is a fragmentary piece, a Greek philosopher, a study in draperies, which is signed by the artist, Zeuxis, and there is a portrait bust perfect with the exception of a few cuts in the throat made by the excavators.

Popularly the most interesting new feature of the month will be the little cubiculum or bedroom from Boscoreale, the town buried by Vesuvius with Pompeii. These frescoes forming the walls of the room, the only Roman frescoes outside Naples, have been in the possession of the Museum for several years, but now a small room has been built out from one of the galleries on the ground floor, the dimension and form exactly those of the original room at Boscoreale which was photographed at the time the Museum frescoes were taken from it. The ceiling above is arched, the floor tiling reproduced, and at the rear is a window with the original iron grating. A table from Boscoreale gives an idea of furnishing, and a charming little Eros from the same place loaned by J. Pierpont Morgan is on a pedestal at the rear.

Among the new pictures is a portrait of Edward G. Kennedy by Whistler, presented by Mr. Kennedy; "An Opalescent River, Deerfield Valley," Gardner Symons, from Emerson McMillan; "The Old Mill," by Theodore Robinson, from Mrs. Robert W. Chambers; "Adam and Eve," School of Mabuse, Mrs. Stanford White, and "Taking the Veil," Albani, from Mrs. Russell Sage. The rearrangement of the galleries with a new systematic grouping is an improvement visitors will notice, and a soft, dull background an improvement which is notable, as it brings out the attractiveness of the John Crosby Brown collection of musical instruments which can be seen to much better advantage in its new arrangement. The Sorolla pictures are now all together in Gallery 19.

$1,150 FOR A VERBOECKHOVEN

Same Price Paid for an Aime Perret at Galleries Sale.

"Sheep and Lambs," Verboeckhoven, went to the Holland Art Galleries for $1,150 at the picture sale at the Fifth Avenue Art Galleries last evening; Richard Dixon paid $1,150 for "Sunset." Aime Perret; J. Buchanan $400 for "Farm in Normandy," Frederic Ede; C. Flexman $1,100 for "Harvesting," Perret, and J. H. Proctor $1,400 for "The Concert," Cesare Detti. The returns for the evening were $23,870, and for the two evenings $31,298.

Prof. George N. Olcott bought a large Rekka tile in the sale of Eastern glass and pottery in the afternoon, C. H. Parker a Rekka pottery vase, and T. E. H. Curtis of Plainfield, N. J., a Greek bronze incense holder, 300 B. C., and a Greek bronze with lotus flower handles of same date, among other things. An iridescent glass bottle, sapphire blue, brought the highest price, $175, going to E. E. Bodman.

CORPORATIONS MUST REPORT.

Collector Informs Them Failure to Receive Blanks Will Be No Excuse.

Corporation managers are being informed by Collector of Internal Revenue Anderson that failure to receive blanks and specific instructions for reports on which the new corporation tax will be levied, will not relieve them of the necessity to file such reports on March 1, and that delinquents will be penalized under the law.

The Collector has endeavored to locate as many corporations as possible and place blank forms for the reports in their hands, but the headquarters of many of them are not known to him.

The provision in the corporation tax law guarding against the making of false reports to the Government carries with it a term of imprisonment in the event of conviction.

There is also a provision which imposes an addition of 100 per cent. to the tax in the event of a false or fraudulent return. And in addition to the penalty for refusing to file the report of profits with the Commission of Internal Revenue, 50 per cent. will be added to the tax.

Collector Anderson has received word from Washington to preserve all envelopes containing corporation reports which may be received after March 1, as they will be taken as proof that the reports were mailed

BLANCHE RING IN "THE YANKEE GIRL"

Gets a Rousing Welcome and Has Another Song Success.

SOME VERY GOOD FUN

Harry Gilfoil Again Makes a Hit with Imitations, and a Beauty Chorus Helps to Keep Things Lively.

THE YANKEE GIRL, a musical comedy, in three acts, book and lyrics by George V. Hobart; music by Silvio Hein. Herald Square Theatre.

Jessie Gordon	Blanche Ring
Dolly Dean	Eva Francis
Willie Wiggs	Harry Gilfoil
Captain John Lawrence	William P. Carleton
J. Phillip Gordon	William Graham
Ambrose Castroba	William Burress
Loleta	Dorothy Jardon
Salvatore	William Halliday
P. C. Gonsado	Peter Curley
Maraquita	Naomi Dale
Oyama	Frederick Paulding
Rudolph Schnitzel	Charles J. Winninger
Pedro	E. J. Caldwell
Angelique	Vinnie Bradcome
Blanco	Juan Villasana

A good many different kinds of things go to make up the new musical piece, "The Yankee Girl," at the Herald Square, but the main thing in it, as always when she appears, is Miss Blanche Ring herself, who, as is a way with her, manages to dominate the stage every minute she is on it. That is what people want, for Miss Ring has a large following, the largest following, in fact, of any actress in her line on the American stage, and she deserves it. Which goes to show, for one thing, that though some people may fool themselves some of the time, and others fool themselves all of the time, a good many of them have the good sense not to fool themselves once in a while. In short, Miss Ring deserves her popularity, for whether she is singing a rollicking song, being fed by a comedian or feeding him, she may be trusted to do it in a way that is her own. To speak of her as rollicking and wholesome is merely to quote another "bromide."

"A Yankee Girl" isn't exactly the fastest thing in town, as another play describes itself further down the street, and there are moments when the antiquated joke-book stuff rather gets on one's nerves, but for all that it is a pretty fair sort of a show of its kind, with a book by George V. Hobart that defies analysis, and some really charming tunes by Silvio Hein that can be acquired much more easily. Also, there is a really and truly cross-your-fingers beauty chorus, with half a dozen or more American girls, headed by Harriet Leidy, who bring no discredit to the Nation, and an equally pulcritudinous bunch of dancers, with a Dolly Fly and half a dozen others, not exactly three-year-olds, who live up to that high-stepping name. Also, for this foreign ground, with the big Ned Wayburn dance number to come somewhere before the show is over, there are Spanish girls in bright-colored mantillas, bound to do a langorous song and dance, with lights down, and castanets a-clacking.

Try to tell the plot would be to spend time in vain, for after all how can one tell in a paragraph what the author has wound in and out—principally out—of three long acts. The scene is Brilliantina, not the place where the hair invigorator comes from, but an imaginary locality where nitrate mines abound, and where for the sake of the love interest and the comedy there must be plotting natives and jealous foreigners to interrupt for a time the course of true love and true red, white, and blue enterprise. Father, who has an option on the mines, is due to arrive on a mail steamer, but does not come in time to keep his claims, which appears about to go into the hands of a scheming agent for Japan.

But stay!

Who is it that suddenly appears to foil the plotting villains?

It is "THE YANKEE GIRL"—aha!—and father's property will be sav—ed.

In the meantime, however, there are so many things going that the terrors of the story are nearly all forgotten. Miss Ring has several good songs, ranging from the breezy good-natured kind which she does so well to a plaintive little number which brings the second act to a close, while a sentimental German ditty, very neatly played by Charles J. Winninger, stands by her side talking of happy days at home. Her rollicking manner almost at the very end in the song "Nora Malone," which soon had lips in a whistling pucker, though the would-be singers in the house felt more at ease when she went back to "Yipp-a-addy" and one or two of the old favorites.

But Miss Ring did not stop at singing—not she. When it was necessary for the sake of the complication to roll down a flight of stairs she did it as though it were the pleasantest and easiest thing in the world, following the lead of Harry Gilfoil, who proved himself useful and amusing in many different ways.

Away back in the days of old Hoyt farces Harry Gilfoil was the best imitator of animate and inanimate things. He hasn't lost any of his skill. And in a silly nonsense scene—one of the kind which moves you to say "how foolish" even while the tears are rolling down your cheeks—he was indescribably funny. In a more legitimate way, and in a make-up that was very droll, William Burress got a good deal of fun out of the rôle of the President of the republic, while Frederick Paulding, the man who played Romeo to Margaret Mather's Juliet in the famous hundred nights run, was quiet and artistic as the Japanese. Eva Francis, wearing some very charming gowns, added her prettiness to the general picture, and Miss Naomi Dale, as a drummer boy, with something to stand on, hasn't anything on Miss Ring who subsequently masqueraded in her place. William P. Carlton and Dorothy Jardon were others who helped to keep things moving melodiously along. A pair of burlesque actors, Halliday and Curley, added their turn to the general fund.

MR. SPIERING'S RECITAL.

Concertmaster of the Philharmonic Plays in Mendelssohn Hall.

Theodore Spiering, the concertmaster of the Philharmonic Society, gave a violin recital yesterday afternoon that was largely attended by his fellow-musicians and by music lovers. Mr. Spiering was not a stranger to New York before he came to take the part he now occupies; he had given a concert here with a string quartet which he organized some years ago. His playing as a soloist has been made known here also this Winter by his performance of Bach's E major violin concerto at one of the Philharmonic concerts.

The work of an orchestral player, even of a concertmaster, is not always conducive to the finest finish in the performance of solo music, and Mr. Spiering's playing did not show such finish. There was sound and intelligent musicianship in it, and breadth of style, but some of the refinements of the art were missing. He played Tartini's sonata called "The Devil's Trill"; Spohr's "Gesangsscene" concerto, and Vieuxtemps's "Fantasia Appassionata." Then there were five "Artist's Studies," by Mr. Spiering, from his Op. 4, and pieces by Christiaan Kriens, Edward Behm, and Novacek.

There was abundance of vigor in the sonata by Tartini; but greater beauty and smoothness of tone and repose of style were needed in Spohr's sugary music; and in his own studies, largely written in double stops, Mr. Spiering did not always succeed with the difficulties of intonation.

Feathery Comedy for Vaudeville.

Following the production of "Chantecler" in Paris, Martin Beck of the Orpheum vaudeville circuit has arranged for the immediate production of a one-act play by Edgar Allen Wolff called "A Crisis in a Chicken Coop." Unlike "Chantecler" this play is a comedy, and the only characters are roosters, hens, and chickens. A feature is a fight between a bare-yard rooster and a Cochin-China rooster and an incubator baby-rooster that

SOCIAL NOTES.

Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., whose engagement is announced to Miss Eleanor B. Alexander this morning in another column, is spending several days in town.

The New York Mozart Society, of which Dr. Adelaide Wallenstein is President, will give its second private concert of the season on Wednesday evening, Feb. 16, in the grand ballroom of the Waldorf-Astoria.

The first meeting of the Nursery and Child's Hospital Sewing Class will be held to-day from 11 to 1 o'clock at the home of Mrs. Edward Berwind.

Mrs. August Heckscher entertained yesterday evening at her residence, 622 Fifth Avenue, with a dinner of eight covers.

Miss Harriet Anderson has concluded her visit to the White House and returned to town.

Elr Edgar Speyer, Bart., P. C., the brother of Henry Speyer, arrived yesterday on the George Washington, and is staying at the St. Regis.

Mrs. G. Hunter Brown and her débutante daughter, Miss Ursula Brown, have returned from Pomfret School dance, with Richard W. Stevenson, Jr.

CALICO DANCE FOR CHARITY.

Ladies' Auxiliary of Lying-In Hospital to Aid Poor Mothers.

The Ladies' Auxiliary of the Lying-In Hospital will give a calico dance or micareme Thursday evening, March 3, at Sherry's to raise funds for its work in the east side and other tenements.

The wearing of calico frocks, however, is not obligatory, and any sort of fancy costume may be worn, and evening dress is also permitted. The tickets at $5 each may be obtained from the Ballroom Committee. The proceeds are to be used in providing food and clothing for poor mothers and children.

The President of the Ladies' Auxiliary is Mrs. Charles Steele, Mrs. L. L. Stanton is First Vice President, Miss Rhett, Second Vice President; Mrs. Effingham Lawrence, Treasurer; Mrs. Morton Paton, Recording Secretary, and Mrs. William P. Douglas is the Corresponding Secretary.

The Directors are Mrs. W. P. Hamilton, Mrs. W. Barclay Parsons, Mrs. James W. Markoe, Mrs. Price Collier, Mrs. R. Stuart Wortley, Mrs. Willard Parker, Jr., Mrs. C. Ledyard Blair, Mrs. Austen Gray, and Mrs. Arthur Iselin.

The Ballroom Committee is made up of Mrs. A. S. Burden, Mrs. Frederick M. Davies, Mrs. W. Earl Dodge, Mrs. John R. Drexel, Mrs. Austen Gray, Mrs. Arthur Iselin, Mrs. W. De Lancey Kountze, Mrs. W. Goadby Loew, Mrs. John H. McCullough, Mrs. Robert D. Fruyn, Mrs. Joseph Earl Stevens, Mrs. Norman de R. Whitehouse, Mrs. Payne Whitney, and Mrs. William Woodward.

Prichitt-Howard Wedding Plans.

Mr. and Mrs. Morton A. Howard of Yonkers-on-the-Hudson have issued invitations to the marriage of their sister, Miss Caroline Perot Howard, to Hugh Kirkman Prichitt of New York, on Feb. 22. The wedding will be followed by a reception at the Howard home, Delevan Terrace. Miss Sarah Lee Perot will be the bride's only attendant. Henry Clark Prichitt will be his brother's best man.

Huguenot Society to Give Concert.

Mme. Tetrazzini will be one of the artists to sing at the concert to be given by the Huguenot Society of America to raise money for the historical work of the society. The concert will be held in the grand ballroom of the Waldorf-Astoria on Thursday afternoon, March 10.

Among the patrons and patronesses are Bishop Greer and Mrs. Greer, Mrs. William Rhinelander, Mrs. Russell Sage, William P. Douglas, Mrs. Temple Merritt, Robert W. de Forest, Mr. and Mrs. George S Bowdoin, Colonel and Mrs. William Jay, Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Oakley Rhinelander, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Fulton Cutting, Mrs. Anson P. Atterbury, Mrs. Hamilton R. Fairfax, Mrs. John Erving, Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius B. Mitchell, William Mitchell, Mrs. Sanford Bissell, Mrs. Dwight Harris, Mrs. Julia Chester Wells, Mrs. E. A. Hoffman, Mrs. Howard Townsend, Profs S. M. Jackson, Albert Morris Bagby, the Rev. N. B. Clinch, Howland Pell, Mrs. Alfred Ely, and Mrs. J. Warren Goddard.

GET HORSE THIEVES, THEY SAY

Gang Which Has Been Pestering New York Probably Caught in Paterson.

Special to The New York Times.

PATERSON, N. J., Feb. 10.—In the arrest here to-day of John Markie, Abram Lazarus, and Louis Friedman, the police of New York believe they have the leaders of a gang of horse thieves that has been operating extensively in Manhattan and Long Island for months.

Lieut. Herbert Graham and Detective Reynolds learned that the thieves had made this city a shipping centre and came here in search of evidence. Detective Sergt. Lord of Paterson accompanied them to the Erie freight yards. There they found several horses in box cars ready for shipment. The three men were captured while making a final inspection of the stolen horses.

Lieut. Graham recognized Friedman as a man who has served time for horse stealing and is regarded as one of the cleverest of the thieves. The prisoners will be held for the New York authorities.

LONDON SUNDAY LETTERS.

You Can Have Their Contents Telephoned at 6 Cents for Each 30 Words.

Arthur Gurney, a California merchant, who arrived a few days ago from England, told with unction of a highly conservative response of the British postal authorities to the demand of London business men for a Sunday postal delivery in that city.

Since Feb. 1 persons having mail sent from the country on Saturday or arriving from abroad can have their letters opened and the contents telephoned at a charge of 6 cents for every thirty words. The sender of the letter must address it to the Central Telegraph Office, London, and mark the envelope with a broad line from top to bottom, in addition to inclosing enough postage stamps to cover the number of words telephoned.

"The opening of the letters by the telephone operator," said Mr. Gurney, with some sarcasm, "and the fact that this plan can be followed only by subscribers to the telephone system, should make this highly popular. Of course, the Postmaster General never stopped to calculate that any person could send twelve words by wire for 12 cents, and 1 cent for each additional word, at any time, day or night. The strange part of it is that Liverpool, Manchester, Bristol, and even the smaller cities in England have had a Sunday delivery for years. But London still waits."

REPROACH TO THE LADIES.

Strenuous Brooklynites Gasped, but the Conductor Made an Impression.

The women, just out from an afternoon performance of vaudeville, began tumbling over each other in the effort to enter a Fulton Street car in Brooklyn the other afternoon. They tussled and pushed until the conductor had to interfere.

"Now look here," he said reproachfully, "can't you act like ladies, no matter what you are?"

There was a gasp, but the riot was quelled.

Many Intercede to Keep Italian Here.

The deportation of Michele Gervasi of Brooklyn, his wife, and two children was stayed by the immigration officials yesterday after an appeal had been made for the man by Congressmen Bennet and Calder, Dr. Lyman Abbott, and others. Gervasi, who has been living here since 1907, was found by detectives some days ago and sent to Ellis Island. In Caltanisetta, Sicily, nine years ago, he had been found guilty of stealing a $2 bill. On

KLAW GIVES WARNING IN SPECULATOR FIGHT

Tells Aldermen Theatre Managers Will Sell Freely to Speculators If They Are Licensed.

ADMITS THEY DO IT NOW

Louis Marshall Advocates Regulation and High License by City Ordinance or Legislative Enactment.

New light was thrown yesterday upon the relations between the theatrical managers of the city and the sidewalk ticket speculators, when the public hearing upon the several proposed ordinances to regulate or do away with the traffic was continued before the special committee of the Aldermen. Many speculators told in detail of their relations with the theatrical managers, and Marc Klaw of the firm of Klaw & Erlanger, representing the theatrical syndicate, said that unless speculation was abolished altogether he would hereafter sell the speculators all the seats they wanted at a fair premium.

Louis Marshall of Marshall, Guggenheim & Untermyer, as counsel for speculators belonging to the Theatre Ticket Speculators' Association, argued in favor of the ordinance proposed by Alderman Dowling providing for a license fee of $500 and a bond of $2,000.

"There exists at present," said Mr. Marshall, a very unfortunate condition of affairs regarding the ticket speculators. It is a business of importance, and it is entirely without regulation. The Aldermen or the Legislature ought to deal with it and bring some relief to a suffering public. I think the only relief can come through some proposal along the lines of the Dowling ordinance. I concede that a great many abuses exist in the present condition of affairs, but the business should be regulated, and not abolished."

"Do you think the public will be benefited more by a $500 fee than by a $50 one?" inquired Alderman Marx.

"Yes, I do," replied Mr. Marshall. "It would insure a better class of speculators, and these men would treat the public decently."

"Then why not make the license $2,500?" the Alderman asked.

"Because," replied Mr. Marshall, "that would put all of them out of business."

Marc Klaw, who had been sitting in the rear of the chamber with Charles Burnham, President of the New York Theatrical Managers' Association, spoke earnestly in favor of an ordinance abolishing the speculators altogether.

"We had an ordinance last year," he said, "which seemed to me to be all right, but somewhere between here and the Mayor's office it got the double cross. On behalf of the theatre managers of New York I will say that I am against sidewalk speculators. I think, however, if the business has got to be licensed a fee of $500 is too much, as I do not think the price of a license should be made the gauge of respectability. If the Aldermen cannot regulate the traffic, then I am in favor of every theatrical manager in the city standing in with the speculators. I do not mean that we will make terms with them regarding the taking back of tickets, but that we will sell the tickets to them at a premium. If we don't do it some one else will, as the middleman generally gets the profits. I am not going to speak in favor of either ordinance, but rather let the speculators fight that out themselves."

Mr. Klaw admitted that speculators bought seats at the box offices of the theatres, and he said he didn't see any way to stop them. They even stopped him on the streets and asked him to buy tickets, he said. When one member of the committee wanted to know how the speculators managed to get whole rows of seats he replied that they had various ways of doing it. In England, he said, speculators go to dress rehearsals, and if a show looks good to them they buy hundreds of seats for every performance at a premium on the box office price.

"Two years ago," said Mr. Klaw, "I came to you with clean hands. At that time I advocated that the evil be wiped out. Is different now. The managers are beginning more and more to do business with the speculators. There is a law of supply and demand, and prices must always rise according to the demand of a commodity."

All the speculators admitted that the story published recently in THE TIMES regarding the combination of what is known as "The Big Five" among the speculators to control the business was true. Most of them spoke in favor of a small license fee which wouldn't drive them out of business.

Several theatregoers then told of ill-treatment at the hands of speculators, and at 4:30 o'clock the hearing was over. The committee will report to the Aldermen at their next meeting.

SEEK MORE CITY PIERS.

Maritime Exchange Would Buy Jamaica Bay Front.

Dock Commissioner Calvin Tomkins held two hearings yesterday on pier facilities. L. J. Callanan of the Maritime Exchange asked that at least one more open pier should be established on the East River and another on the North River.

Commissioner Tomkins said that he had not yet formulated his policy in this respect, but that whenever the lease of a pier fell in he would consult the Maritime Exchange, and that in future no special pier permits would be granted without advertisement in the City Record or posting a notice on the bulletin board of the Dock Department building.

It was also represented that considering the present congested condition of the city's water front and the approaching opening of the barge canal, the city should acquire at least one-half mile along the Jamaica Bay front. In this way it was represented that the danger that New Jersey would gain all the benefits of the canal improvements would be avoided.

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NEW PLAY GIVES SURPRISE.

"The Eye of the Needle" and Student Actors Win Genuine Applause.

At the matinee of the American Academy of Dramatic Arts at the Empire Theatre yesterday afternoon a new play, "The Eye of the Needle," by Henry Kirk, was presented by a cast of students. From the applause and the comments in the lobby of the theatre between the acts, both the play and the acting took the audience by surprise.

The play is in three acts, and tells the story of the struggles of a wealthy man to preserve both his honor and his fortune. His wife and her mother are luxury-loving, society-seeking people, to whom the possession of wealth is of first consequence. The man, Franklin Dennie, is trustee of a large fund. A time comes when he must choose between using this fund to his own ends and retaining his position in society, and sacrificing his own money, and perhaps his wife, and keeping his self-respect. The habits of his wife and the nagging of his mother-in-law add to his difficulties. He finally makes the sacrifice. The wife at first decides upon a divorce, but in the end realizes she loves her husband more than she does wealth or position.

The wife was played by Edna Baker, whose performance seemed to meet with much favor. The husband was Philip Perry, the mother-in-law Rachel Ridgley, Dennie's sister Jean Marcet, and others who had parts were Philip Barrison, Franklin S. Robbins, Herbert D. Delmore, and Grant Ervin.

Hermann Sudermann's one-act play, "The Last Visit," preceded "The Eye of the Needle."

PINERO COMPLIMENTS BARRIE.

Ethel Barrymore Discovers a Hidden Meaning in Her Play, "Mid-Channel."

In a letter just received from Sir Arthur Pinero, Ethel Barrymore has become the discoverer of a hidden meaning in the manuscript of her present play, "Mid-Channel." It is a concealed compliment from Pinero to J. M. Barrie, and Miss Barrymore thought she found it in a speech in the first act. The lines are: "You haven't seen the new play at St. Martin's? It's all about children—kiddies. There are the sweetest little tots in it. * * * The man who wrote the thing must be awfully fond of children. I wonder if he has any little 'uns? If he hasn't it's of no consequence to him; he can imagine them."

About a week ago Miss Barrymore cabled to Pinero asking if he meant Barrie in this speech. Yesterday his answer came. "My dear Miss Barrymore," he said, "you have won your wager. St. Martin's years ago used to be the name of the present Duke of York's Theatre. The play I speak of is 'Peter Pan,' and the playwright who has no children, but can imagine them is J. M. Barrie."

TREMONT THEATRE OPENS.

Newest Vaudeville House in the Bronx Is an Elaborate Building.

Bronx's latest theatre, the Tremont, located on Webster Avenue near Tremont, was opened last night with considerable ceremony. The house, under the management of Louis J. Beck, is to be devoted to vaudeville and motion pictures. It is an elaborate building, erected especially for this type of entertainment, and seating 1,250.

At the opening last night it was impossible to admit more than two-thirds of those who came to buy tickets. In the audience were many officials of Bronx Borough, Magistrate Breen, Assistant District Attorney Elder, and Thomas S. Lonergan. Mr. Elder and Mr. Lonergan made speeches congratulating Mr. Beck and the proprietors of the theatre, the Echo Amusement Company, upon the success of the opening.

The programme consisted of the Paris Chambers trio, Mr. and Mrs. Murray Ferguson in "The Elocution Fiend"; Harriet Millar, the Regal Trio, the Dixie company, Cooper and Parks, comedians, and the Toy Toon company.

Claude Hagen to Leave New Theatre.

Claude L. Hagen, Technical Director of The New Theatre, has tendered his resignation, to take effect on May 1. Mr. Hagen was appointed in November, 1908, and under the stipulations of his contract either party had a right to terminate it on giving three months' notice. He is negotiating with a Western manager for the establishment of a "fire show" that he has invented.

"Alessandro Stradella" Repeated.

"Alessandro Stradella" was sung for the second time at the Metropolitan Opera House last evening. In the cast were Miss Gluck and Messrs. Slezak, Reiss, Goritz, and Mühlmann. Following the opera a scene from the ballet, "Wiener Waltzer," was presented. Mr. Bendix conducted both the opera and the ballet.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Holbrook Blinn has been engaged by Harrison Grey Fiske to support Mrs. Fiske in her coming season of plays. He will play Consul Hernick in "Pillars of Society," Gottwald in "Hannele," and Henri in "The Green Cockatoo."

Low Fields has decided upon "The Summer Widowers" as the title of his Summer review that will be produced at the Broadway Theatre in June. The book will be by Glen MacDonough and the music by A. Baldwin Sloane. Mr. Fields also announces that Frederick Solomon has returned to the Broadway Theatre as director of music for the Fields productions.

Mme. Marietta Olly, the German actress, who has been in this country for several months perfecting herself in English, has begun rehearsals of an emotional play by a foreign author, and will soon make her first appearance in English under the direction of the Shubert. John Emerson, who starred "The City," and who is playing in "The Watcher," has charge of the rehearsals.

Two hundred members of the American Society of Civil Engineers have arranged for a theatre party at the Hackett Theatre to-morrow night to see John Mason in "None so Blind."

Friends of Montgomery and Stone, who are now appearing in "The Old Town" at the Globe Theatre, are arranging to celebrate the fifteenth anniversary of the comedians' first appearance together next Wednesday night after the performance. Their first appearance as a team was with Haverly's Minstrels at the Grand Opera House, New Orleans, on Feb. 16, 1895.

There was a theatrical performance on the White Star liner Cedric while she was journeying from Naples to Alexandria. A stage was constructed in the dining saloon. The players were members of the ship's crew.

TWO CONCERTS FAIL; DIRECTOR BANKRUPT

W. S. Watters, Brooklyn Choir Leader, Lost Money, Though Nordica and Sembrich Sang.

HIS LIABILITIES ARE $5,348

Owes for Singers, Musicians, Rent, and a Gambling Debt, Which Is in Dispute.

Wilford S. Watters, choir director of the Church of the Saviour, in Pierrepont Street, Brooklyn, filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday afternoon, saying that his finances had become inextricably entangled by two concerts last Fall in the Brooklyn Academy of Music, which had failed, although Sembrich, Nordica, and Joseph Malkin, the 'cellist, were the attractions. He lives at 26 West Eighth Street, Manhattan.

His liabilities are $5,348; there are no available assets. He has a verbal contract as choir director at $900 a year, but there is nothing now due on that. Among the creditors are Robert E. Johnston, $1,527, and Loudon Charlton, $500, both debts being for singers and musicians for concerts; William S. Kendall, $600, rent for his Eighth Street home, and Edward J. Brady, address unknown, $361, for a gambling debt, dated November, 1907, which, however, is disputed and now in litigation.

Besides these debts he owes $224 for medical services to five doctors, $176 to two osteopaths, $128 to three dentists, $186 for advertising, $97 for clothes, $127 for coal, and other smaller personal debts.

BAR REAL BABY ON STAGE.

Baltimore Authorities Threaten Arrest of Lyric Theatre Manager.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Feb. 10.—If a real baby is carried on the stage at the Lyric to-morrow night at the production of "Madama Butterfly," by the Metropolitan Opera Company, a warrant will be sworn out and served on Manager Bernhard Ulrich, charging him with violation of the Child Labor law. Such was the ultimatum issued by Superintendent Fox of the State Bureau of Statistics and Information.

This threat has not alarmed Ulrich, who says he intends to put on a real child in the production. "I have no desire to violate the law," said Ulrich, "but I am fully determined to have Miss Farrar carry a real baby during her appearances in the production here. I have been informed by persons who ought to know, that it will not be a violation of the law, and if a test has to be made it might as well be made now."

SYNDICATE RECEIPTS GROW.

Statements Show Increase of More Than 20 Per Cent. Over Last Year.

It was announced yesterday that on the eve of the sailing of Charles Frohman for Europe, last Tuesday, contracts renewing the agreements of the so-called theatrical syndicate for a long term of years, following the expiration of the present contracts which still have another year to run, were signed by him, Klaw & Erlanger, Nixon & Zimmerman, and Mr. Hayman.

It was also announced that the syndicate statements of the present season, up to last Saturday night, in spite of talk of so-called theatrical depression, showed an increase in receipts of more than 20 per cent. over last year.

Klaw & Erlanger continues the executive head of the syndicate.

Russian Orchestra and Greet Players.

The subscription concert of the Russian Symphony Orchestra at Carnegie Hall last evening was unusual in so much as the Ben Greet Players presented "The Tempest" on this occasion, the orchestra merely furnishing the incidental music to the play. Besides Sir Arthur Sullivan's music the orchestra played Glazunow's "Enchanted Isle," and Tschaikowsky's "Tempest" fantasie overture.

FitzGerald Campaign Cost $37,540.81.

BOSTON, Feb. 10.—Further light on cost of the election of Mayor John F. FitzGerald was furnished in a statement of campaign expenses filed late to-day by the treasurer of the John F. FitzGerald committee. Mayor FitzGerald recently announced his personal expenses as $10,500. The report of his committee showed that in addition $17,426.60 was paid out, and that there were liabilities of $9,714.21, thus making the total expense of the FitzGerald campaign $37,540.81.

Obituary Notes.

Count VON TATTENBACH, the German Ambassador to Spain, died on Wednesday in Madrid in his sixty-fifth year. He was appointed Ambassador to Spain in December, 1908.

ANDREW M. CLARKE, a civil war veteran, who was formerly in the newspaper business in this city, died suddenly on Wednesday night while attending a vestry meeting in Grace Episcopal Church, Buffalo, in which city he had held a municipal appointment for some years.

KARL DEMMLER, formerly Treasurer of the Pullman Palace Car Company, died on Wednesday at his home in Chicago of heart disease fifty-eighth year. He was born in Germany.

HENRY HOLSTEIN of the coal firm of J. Henry Holstein & Son died on Wednesday at his home, 1,077 Second Street, Parkville, in his fifty-eighth year.

CHARLES V. HERBECK, who served in the civil war with Hawkins's Zouaves and also in the navy, died on Tuesday of heart disease at his home, 100 Sumpter Street, Brooklyn, in his sixty-fourth year.

FREDERICK SHEARS, one of the first "forty-niners," died of Wednesday at his home in Sea Cliff, L. I., in his eighty-sixth year. He was born in Sheffield, Mass.

EDWARD R. BRADY, who was at one time proprietor of the Central Market, on Broadway between Forty-eighth and Forty-ninth Streets, died on Wednesday at his home, 416 West Forty-third Street, in his fifty-fifth year.

LOUIS A. LANTHIER, one of the oldest dealers in antiques in this city, died on Wednesday of heart disease in his home, 151 East Twenty-ninth Street, in his sixty-first year. He was born in Montreal in 1840 and came to New York in 1865 and opened "The Old Curiosity Shop" at 747 Broadway, later removing to 354 Fourth Avenue. He was an authority on old pictures, porcelains, furniture, silverware, antique jewelry, armor, and precious stones. Mr. Lanthier was also an authority on the dress and customs of different periods in the history of the civilized world. He is survived by a widow, a son, and a daughter.

FREDERICK WENTWORTH MERCER, who was a surgeon in the civil war, died on Wednesday at his home in Chicago. Dr. Mercer was born in St. John, N. B., and was a member of many prominent medical societies.

SOLOMON MAY, a brother of Moses May, whose death occurred on Jan. 9, died yesterday at his home, 10 Newell Street, Brooklyn. He was born in Alsace-Lorraine seventy-five years ago. For many years he was in the wholesale meat trade with his brother in Brooklyn. He retired some years ago. Mr. May was a Director of the Brooklyn Hebrew Orphan Asylum Society, and a member of the Masonic Order, the Free Sons of Israel, B'nai B'rith and of the Temple Beth Elohim. He is survived by his wife, three sons, and seven daughters.

JOSEPH DEMPSEY, who was for forty-five years in business as a boot and shoe dealer in Myrtle Avenue, Brooklyn, died at his home, 259 Macon Street, that borough, on Tuesday. He was 65 years old.

Capt. WILLIAM C. SECCOMBE, for many years commander of Cunard liners, died at his country residence in Peterboro, N. H., yesterday, aged 61 years. His last command before his retirement was the Cunarder Cephalonia.

JOHN O'ROURKE, a wealthy contractor and coal and lumber dealer, is dead at his home, 112 Centre Street, Orange, N. J., from a complication of diseases. He was 86 years old.

JAMES EDWARD ALLAIRE, one of the oldest residents of Red Bank, N. J., died at his home there yesterday, aged 93 years. He was born in New York City, and in 1844 he was appointed on the old metropolitan police force.

Capt. ALEXANDER SHARP, President of the Navy Inspection Board, and recently commander of the battleship Virginia, died at the Naval Hospital in Washington, aging from heart disease. He was 58 years old.

Mrs. Susan de Puyster Livingston.

Susan de Puyster Livingston, widow of Robert Edward Livingston, mother of Frederick Livingston, and mother-in-law of Mrs. Robert Livingston, who was a Miss Tailer, died yesterday at her home, 271 Fifth Avenue, in her eighty-seventh year. She had lived for a number of years in the old mansion next door to the Calumet Club while her children all grew up and married. Another son of Mrs. Livingston is Edward de Puyster, the well-known clubman. She was a sister of the late Gen. Frederick de Puyster, who died some years ago.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married.

BEAM—JONES.—Wednesday evening, Feb. 9, 1910, at the residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. William T. Jones, Elizabeth, N. J., by the Rev. Eben B. Cobb, D. D., Harriett Elizabeth Jones to Kenneth Eagles Beam.

ELTINGE—FORDE.—On Saturday, Jan. 29, at the Church of the Holy Trinity, Brooklyn, by the Rev. John Howard Melish, Ethel Stewart Forde to Frank R. Eltinge of Philadelphia.

BURLEY—DIDIER.—Feb. 8, Eugenie V. Didier to Dr. Charles F. Burley.

COGHLAN—WOODWARD.—Feb. 2, Katharine Woodward to Joseph Coghlan.

HENDRICKSON—JEWELL.—Feb. 8, Jennie Jewell to Joseph E. Hendrickson.

Connecticut.

SIMMONS—BOHMAN.—Feb. 9, Danbury, Anna M. Bohman to Luther A. Simmons.

SMITH—NEUHS.—Feb. 8, New Haven, Elizabeth P. Neuhs to Christopher R. Smith.

UTCHENICK—HARLEM.—Feb. 9, Hartford, Augusta B. Harlem to A. Utchenick.

New Jersey.

BOOTH—KENNEDY.—Feb. 8, Hoboken, Brenda Kennedy to Clinton Booth.

IRWIN—PERRY.—Feb. 8, Jersey City, Helen Perry to Henry T. Irwin.

McLEOD—PARKIN.—Feb. 9, Paterson, Frances J. Parkin to William McLeod.

WORDEMANN—MEHL.—Feb. 8, Hoboken, Emily Mehl to Bertram Wordemann.

WURZER—BERNIUS.—Feb. 8, Morristown, Kathrine Bernius to Andrew J. Wurzer.

Died.

ADAMS.—Mary, Feb. 9, 1910, at her residence, 1,148 2d Av., Feb. 9, aged 26. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

BENDER.—Martin, 538 East 84th St., Feb. 8, aged 75. Funeral to-day.

CLANCY.—William, 1,699 Lexington Av., Feb. 8.

CORCORAN.—Thomas, 303 East 63d St., Feb. 9. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

DANIELS.—Harriet R., Bronxville, Feb. 9. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

DOUGLASS.—Frances, 2 State St., Feb. 8. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

EBERLEIN.—William, 763 9th Av., Feb. 8, aged 30. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

GLOVER.—Amelia, Feb. 9, aged 38. Funeral 171 8th Av.

HINDMARSH.—Margaret, 208 West 135th St., Feb. 9, aged 54. Funeral private.

HUGENIN.—Edgar D., Feb. 9, aged 65. Funeral 171 8th Av. to-day, noon.

HURDEN.—Mary, Manhattan Hospital, Feb. 9, aged 68. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

LANTHIER.—Louis A., 151 East 29th St., Feb. 9. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

LEBOST.—Amelia, 247 Lenox Av., Feb. 9. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

LEHR.—Elizabeth, 501 West 168th St., Feb. 9. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

LEVISON.—Barnett, 108 West 141st St., Feb. 9, aged 78. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

LOHR.—Wilhelmina, M. E. Church Home, Feb. 9, aged 82. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

McMAHON.—John, 257 Hudson St., Feb. 9. Funeral notice later.

McMAHON.—Mary, 73 Clarkson St., Feb. 9. Funeral to-morrow, 1 P. M.

MAGUIRE.—Catharine, 3,078 Perry Av., Bronx, Feb. 9. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

MURPHY.—Rosanna, 508 East 16th St., Feb. 9. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

RATTEY.—Henry G., Feb. 9, aged 48. Funeral 171 8th Av., to-day, 1:30 P. M.

REGAN.—Timothy, 351 East 52d St., Feb. 9. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

ROMEE.—Emma L., 1,475 Williamsbridge Road, Feb. 7. Funeral to-day, 2:15 P. M.

SCHILLINGER.—Katherine, 2,404 Bathgate Av., Feb. 8. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.

SCHMITT.—Evelyn, 410 East 70th St., Feb. 8, aged 2d. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

SCHOPP.—Julius C., 430 East 80th St., Feb. 9. Funeral notice later.

VAN DYKE.—Sarah L., 224 Lexington Av., Feb. 8.

Brooklyn.

BRUMMERLOH.—Annie, 142 Flatbush Av., Feb. 9, aged 48. Funeral to-morrow.

CARRY.—James W., 134 30th St., Feb. 8. Funeral to-morrow.

CARNEY.—John F., 999 Bergen St., Feb. 9. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

CONNOR.—Dominick, 96 Henry St., Feb. 8.

CONWAY.—Bridget J., 350 16th St., Feb. 8. Funeral to-day.

DOYLE.—Mary, 328 Chalmers St., Feb. 8. Funeral to-day.

FEIBINGER.—Otto, 289 Grove St., Feb. 8, aged 46. Funeral private.

HALLEY.—Mary D., 437 Shephard Av., Feb. 10, aged 73. Funeral to-morrow.

JAHN.—Ida A., 1,475 Greene Av., Feb. 8, aged 76. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

KELLY.—Ellen, Kings County Hospital, Feb. 8, aged 56.

LA FORGE.—Eliza F., 312 McDonough St., Feb. 8.

LAWLER.—Michael, 166 Stuyvesant Av., Feb. 8.

LEE.—Katherine, 1,435 58th St., Feb. 8.

LOFTUS.—Mary A., 120 India St., Feb. 9. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

MacENTEE.—Margaret J., 455 Franklin Av., Feb. 9. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

MAY.—Solomon, 571 Jefferson Av., Feb. 10, aged 77. Funeral Feb. 13.

QUINN.—Annie, 271 Gold St., Feb. 9. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

RUFF.—Annie, 76 Underhill Av., Feb. 9. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

TENSCHERT.—Victor, 894 Glenmore Av., Feb. 9, aged 49. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

VON URFF.—Catherine, 166 Barbey St., Feb. 9, aged 73.

Connecticut.

BOYLE.—John, New Britain, Feb. 9, aged 32.

CAMPBELL.—Mary B., Danbury, Feb. 7, aged 82.

COOK.—Henrietta F., Hartford, Feb. 9,

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

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BANKS LOSE CASH AGAIN

Estimates of Week's Currency Movements Point to Decrease—Foreign Discount Rates Down.

Following its sharp advance on Wednesday the stock market was called upon yesterday to absorb a heavy volume of selling, representing profit-taking on purchases made during the declines at the week's opening, and the closing out of substantial lines of stocks bought for the sole purpose of protecting the market at that time. Selling of the latter kind is always in evidence after disturbances, such as securities markets have passed through recently and does not necessarily reflect any lack of confidence on the part of those engaged in the liquidation. So far as prices went yesterday the fact that in spite of the pressure supplied from these two sources they closed in a majority of instances above the quotations of Wednesday night, although changes in either direction were small, bespoke a fair degree of strength. Sentiment was helped by the news of the reductions made in their discount rates by the Bank of England and the Bank of Germany and by the publication of the January statistics of the Copper Producers' Association, these figures making by far the best showing of the thirteen months of the association's existence. The decrease in production for the month was only nominal, amounting to 1,281,000 pounds, but consumption for home and foreign account increased by above 30,783,000 pounds, and at the month's close stocks on hand had been reduced 43,302,000 pounds. Opposed to the favorable influence exerted by these matters was the frank statement of President Earling of the St. Paul that he had learned that the West is "canceling orders" and that "one must be very optimistic to look for a continuance of general business throughout the Spring at its present rate." On the Stock Exchange a statement of this sort from a man of Mr. Earling's standing has more immediate effect than the indefinite promise of betterment held out by reductions in foreign bank rates. It is well, however, to note the reservations which St. Paul's executive makes, the chief of these being that his own road is getting all the business it can possibly handle, and the fact that no one has really looked for a continuance throughout the Spring of general business at its recent volume. There may be quoted the returns on the building trade made public yesterday by one of the leading commercial agencies; attention is drawn to a decrease of 10.8 per cent. in expenditures for construction at ninety-five cities during the month of January, and the accompanying explanation is that the severe weather was responsible for practically all of this decline. Another source of dissatisfaction with the outlook was found in the day's dispatches from Chicago announcing that the executives of the unions of railroad employes who have been seeking substantial concessions from the railroads had submitted an ultimatum. The negotiations both East and West between the railroads and their men are now approaching the critical stage.

While the lowering of the discount rates of the English and German banks may be accepted as reflecting in the main a genuine easing of conditions at all European money centres and the disappearance of any anxiety over the financial effects of the Paris flood, yet there undoubtedly entered into the calculations of the Directors of the two banks the Government financing either already under way or about to be consummated in both England and Germany. The local banks appear to have lost cash on the week's currency movements, but last week's statement was so at variance with the known movements of money as to make forecasts of the return which will be made to-day, owing to the holiday on Saturday, practically worthless.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

American Tobacco Co. for dividend on common.
Anaconda Copper Co. for annual meeting.
Butte Coalition Mining Co.

ANNUAL MEETING.

National Biscuit Co.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on Stock Exchange collateral loaned at 2½@3 per cent., with the last loan at 2½ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2¾ per cent.

Time money rates, 3½@3¾ per cent. for sixty days, 3¾ per cent. for ninety days, 3¾@4 per cent. for four months, and 4 per cent. for five and six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 4½@5 per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 4½@5 per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 5½ per cent. for others.

Private discounts at foreign centres: London, 2 3-16 per cent., off 1-16 per cent.; Paris, 2½ per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 2¾ per cent., unchanged.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $395,633,792; balances, $20,392,375; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $1,630,021.

The local banks have lost $4,389,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Sterling exchange was firmer, with demand quoted at $4.86@$4.8605, sixty days at $4.8375@$4.84, and cables at $4.8620@$4.8630.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.17½ less 3-64@5.17½ for cables, and 5.17½ less 5-64@5.17½ less 3-64 for sight; reichsmarks, 95 less 1-64@95 plus 1-32 for cables, 94 15-16@95 less 1-64 for sight and 94 7-16 less 1-32@94 9-16 for sixty days.

Exchange on New York at Boston was 5c discount; Chicago, 15c discount; St. Louis, par; New Orleans, commercial, $1 discount; bank, 90c premium; $25 discount; San Francisco, 80c premium; St. Paul, 45c premium; Savannah, buying, 75c discount; selling, 75c premium; Montreal, 31¼c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was unchanged in London, at 23 11-16d per ounce, and unchanged in New York, at 51¼c per ounce. Mexican dollars were quoted at 44@48c.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Interest to be added.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am Cigar "A" 4s, March 15, 1911	98¾	98¾
Am. Cigar "B" 4s, March 15, 1912	96¾	97¼
A. C. L. 5s, March, 1910	100	100¼
Beth. Steel Co. 6s, Nov., 1914	99¾	100¼
C., C., C. & St. L. 5s, June, 1911	100¾	101¼
Interborough 6s, May, 1911	103¾	104
K. C. Ry. & Light 6s, Sept., 1912	96½	97½
Lack. Steel Co. 5s, March, 1910	99¾	100
Louis. & Nash. 5s, March, 1910	100	100¼
Minn. & St. L. 5s, Feb., 1911	99¼	99¾
Norf. & West. 5s, May, 1910	100	100¼
Penn. 5s, March 15, 1910	100	100¼
Tidewater Co. 6s, June 1916	101½	102
West. Elec. & Mfg. 6s, Aug., 1910	100¼	100¾

For complete record of Wall Street business investors consult THE NEW YORK TIMES WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW. Concise and impartial guide to the bond, stock, mining, and produce markets. Full and reliable quotation lists, range of prices for many years, of help to investors. Declared dividends, sterling exchange, &c. Every Monday. Mailed to any address in the United States for One Dollar a Year. Adv.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Thursday.

Total sales Feb. 10, 1910 826,801
From Jan. 1, 1910 32,534,742
Corresponding period last year 21,385,373

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
38	39¾	200	Allis-Chalmers pf	39¾	39¾	39¾	39¾	+2¾
74¾	75	48,900	*Amalgamated Cop	74¾	75¼	73⅝	74⅞	+⅝
42	43	300	Am. Agricul. Chem	43	43¾	43	43	+1
35¾	36¼	2,400	Am. Beet Sugar	35½	36½	35½	35½	+¼
93	94	100	Am. Beet Sugar pf	93⅞	93⅞	93⅞	93⅞	+3¾
40⅞	41¼	1,900	Am. Can	41	41	41	41	+⅞
74½	75	500	Am. Can pf	74⅜	75	74⅜	75	+1
59½	59½	3,000	Am. Car & Foundry	59½	60	59	59½	+⅝
117⅝	118¼	400	Am. Car & Found. pf	117⅝	118¼	117⅜	118⅛	+⅞
58⅝	59¼	900	Am. Cotton Oil	60	60	59¼	59¼	
270	295	85	Am. Express	285	285	285	285	
35	35½	500	Am. Hide & Leath. pf	35¼	35¼	34⅜	35¼	+⅛
21⅜	21⅝	900	Am. Ice Securities	21⅜	21⅝	21⅜	21½	+⅛
13¼	14	300	*Am. Linseed	14	14	13⅞	13⅞	+⅜
36½	38	500	*Am. Linseed pf	38	38	38	38	
48	48½	2,000	Am. Locomotive	±8	49¼	48	48	+½
5½	6½	200	Am. Malt	6	6	6	6	+⅛
37	39	100	Am. Malt pf	37	37	37	37	
80⅝	80¾	33,805	Am. Smelt. & Ref	80¼	81⅛	79½	80⅝	+¾
106¼	107	200	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	107½	107½	106¾	107	
88	88½	100	Am. Smelt. Sec. pf. B	88⅞	88⅞	88¼	88¼	+½
56¼	57	500	Am. Steel Foundries	57⅛	57⅛	56⅝	56½	+½
120½	122	400	Am. Sugar Refining	122½	122½	121	121	−1
120	121	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	119½	119½	119¼	119¼	−½
136¼	136¾	3,800	Am. Tel. & Tel	136	136⅜	136	136⅜	+⅜
33½	36	500	Am. Woolen	32½	35¾	32½	33⅝	+1⅝
100	100¼	710	Am. Woolen pf	100	100⅜	100	100	+⅛
49	49½	4,350	*Anaconda Cop. Min	49¼	49¾	49¼	49¼	
114	114½	13,900	Atch., Top. & S. F	114⅜	114⅝	113¾	114	
106½	104	100	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf	103½	106¼	103½	103½	
127	127½	700	Atlantic Coast Line	126½	127	126	127	+1
111	111¼	2,600	Baltimore & Ohio	111	111¼	110½	111	+⅛
91	93	74	Baltimore & Ohio pf	93	93	93	93	
71	71¼	8,610	Brooklyn Rapid Tran	71⅜	71⅝	70⅝	70⅞	−⅜
146¼	149	500	Brooklyn Union Gas	149	149	149	149	+1
12⅞	13⅜	200	Brunswick Terminal	12¾	12¾	12½	12½	−2
179½	180¼	300	Canadian Pacific	180	180	179½	179½	−⅝
38⅝	39	6,340	Central Leather Co	39¼	39¼	38⅝	38⅝	−⅝
106	107	200	Cent. Leather Co. pf	106	106¼	106	106¼	+1
117¼	119⅜	12	Cent. & So. Am. Tel	119⅜	119⅜	119⅜	119⅜	
81¼	81¾	14,950	Chesapeake & Ohio	81½	82	80¾	81½	+¼
55⅜	56	200	Chicago & Alton	55½	55⅝	55½	55⅝	+1
29⅞	30	1,400	Chicago Gt. Western	29⅝	30¼	29¼	29¾	+⅝
53½	53⅝	1,240	Chi. Gt. West. pf	53⅜	54⅞	53⅜	54¾	+1¼
143½	143¾	10,800	Chi., M. & St. P. & d	144	144¾	142¾	143⅝	−⅜
155½	155½	800	Chi. & Northwestern	155¼	155¾	154⅝	154⅝	−⅜
		5,900	Chi. & N. W. rights	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	−⅛
9	10	100	*Chi. Un. Tr.pf.tr.sta	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾	−¼
77	78½	200	Clev., C., C. & St. L	78	78	78	78	+1
36¼	36¼	3,000	Colorado Fuel & Iron	35⅝	36⅝	35⅝	36¼	+⅝
57¼	58	100	Colorado & Southern	57½	57½	57½	57½	+⅜
80¾	81	210	Col. & South. 1st pf	80⅝	80⅝	80¼	80¼	+⅛
16½	18	250	Col. & Hock. C. & I	16⅝	17½	16¾	17½	+½
		3,700	*Comstock Tunnel	†30	33	30	31	
143	143¼	5,900	Consolidated Gas	143¾	144¼	142⅝	143	
18⅝	18⅝	1,100	Corn Products Ref	18⅞	19	18⅝	18⅝	−⅛
80¾	82½	100	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	82	82	82	82	−1
171½	174½	300	Delaware & Hudson	173	173	172	172	−⅝
38¼	39	1,610	Denver & Rio Grande	38¼	38⅞	38¼	38⅝	+⅜
60	30¾	800	Distillers Securities	30¾	30¾	30	30¾	+⅞
27⅜	28	2,725	Erie	28⅜	28⅝	27⅝	28	
43¾	44¼	1,100	Erie 1st pf	44½	44⅝	43¾	43⅝	−⅛
34	35½	100	Erie 2d pf	35	35	35	35	+1½
79⅝	80	82	Federal M. & S. pf	81	81	81	81	+2
104	105	500	General Chemical pf	104	104	104	104	−½
150	152	400	General Electric	150¾	151	150¾	150¾	+¾
136	136¼	3,050	Great Northern. pf	135⅞	136¼	135⅞	136¼	+⅜
	68¾	69	2,200	*G. N. certs. ore prop	69	69¾	68⅝	69
93½		100	Havana Electric	95	95	95	95	+3
92½	95	200	Havana Electric pf	94½	94½	94½	94½	
140¼	141	400	Illinois Central	141¼	141¾	141¼	141¼	+⅝
19⅜	20	5,300	Interborough-Met.	19⅞	20	19½	20	+⅝
49½	50	6,300	Interborough-Met. pf	49⅝	50¼	49¼	49¾	+½
84⅝	85	500	Int. Harvester	85½	85¾	85	85	−⅛
54	55	800	Int. Paper pf	54½	54¾	54½	54½	+⅛
44	45½	1,500	Int. Steam Pump	47½	47¾	44	44½	−3
84½	85	130	Int. Steam Pump pf	84½	84¾	84¼	84¾	+2⅝
20⅞	21	920	Iowa Central	21¼	21¼	20½	21	+½
40¾	40¾	1,920	Iowa Central pf	39⅞	40⅝	39½	40¼	+½
35⅞	36½	400	Kansas City South	36⅜	36⅞	35⅝	35⅝	+⅛
68¼	68½	100	Kan. City South. pf	68⅝	68⅝	68¼	68½	+⅛
100¾	101	4,800	Laclede Gas	101⅝	102	101	101	−¼
120½	122	400	Lake Erie & Western	22	22	22	22	+2
147½	148	2,800	Louisville & Nash	145¾	147½	145¼	147½	+2½
76	77	150	Mackay Cos. pf	76	76	76	76	−½
19¼	19⅝	1,800	Mercantile Marine pf	19	19¼	19	19¼	+⅛
16	20	100	*Met. Street Railway	17	17	17	17	−½
40	42	200	Min. & St. Louis	42	42	42	42	−¾
134	134½	660	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	133⅝	134½	132⅞	134½	+⅞
152	155½	100	M., St. P. & S. S.M.pf	151	151	151	151	
41⅛	41¼	7,000	Mo., Kansas & Texas	41¼	41½	40⅝	41¼	+⅝
72	73	100	Mo., Kan. & Tex. pf	73	73	73	73	−⅝
68¾	69	2,200	Missouri Pacific	69¼	69¼	68½	69	
106	110	200	*Nat. Biscuit Co	110	110	110	110	+2½
121	124	100	*Nat. Biscuit Co. pf	123	123	123	123	−1
21	22	500	Nat. Enam. & Stamp	21⅜	22	21⅜	22	+⅛
78½	78¾	1,800	Nat. Lead Co	78½	79¼	78¼	78¾	+2¼
26⅞	27	700	N. Rys. of Mex. 2d pf	27¼	27½	27	27	−⅛
76	76½	400	N. Y. Air Brake	75⅝	76¼	75⅝	75⅝	+⅞
118¾	118⅝	12,550	N. Y. Central	118⅝	119¼	117⅞	118½	
158	158¼	650	N. Y., N. H. & Hart	158	158¼	157¾	157¾	−¼
146	147	200	N. Y., N. H. & H. sub. certs., 1st paid	146	146	146	146	
44	44¾	400	N. Y. Ont. & West	44¾	44¾	44½	44½	
101	101¾	14,709	Norfolk & Western	99	102⅜	99	101⅞	+2⅝
77½	78	800	North American	77⅜	78	77⅜	78	+1
136¼	136½	7,500	Northern Pacific	136¼	136⅞	135⅞	136¼	+⅜
29¼	29¾	800	Pacific Mail	29¼	29¾	29¼	29¾	+⅜
37	38	400	Pacific Tel. & Tel	36	36	35¾	35¾	+½
131⅞	132	17,404	Pennsylvania R. R	132	133¼	131½	132	+⅝
108¼	108¾	1,700	People's Gas, Chi	108	108⅝	108	108¼	+⅛
98	100	700	Philadelphia Co	98	100	98	99	−2
97½	97¾	3,500	P., C., C. & St. Louis	96½	97¾	96½	97½	+1
20⅜	20½	1,200	Pittsburg Coal	20¼	20⅝	20	20⅝	+½
70	71	100	Pittsburg Coal pf	70	70	70	70	
38⅜	39¼	720	Pressed Steel Car	39	39¼	38⅝	38⅝	+⅞
197	199	1,122	Pullman Company	197	199	196¾	198	+1½
3	3	100	Quicksilver	3	3	3	3	+⅛
38	39¼	300	R'way Steel Spring	37¾	39	37¾	39	+2
160½	160¾	118,550	Reading	160⅞	161¾	159⅝	160¾	+¼
103	104	300	Reading 2d pf	104½	104½	104½	104½	−½
36¼	37	1,200	Rep. Iron & Steel	36	37½	36	37	+1⅜
99⅝	100	115	Rep. Iron & Steel pf	100	100	100	100	+1½
46¾	46¾	42,610	Rock Island Co	45¼	46⅝	44¾	46⅝	+1¾
83½	84¼	1,700	Rock Island Co. pf	84	85½	84	84	
47½	48	700	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	48¾	48¾	48	48	+¼
27½	27¾	1,100	St. Louis Southwest'n	27½	28	27½	27¾	+½
72¾	73	200	St. L. Southwest'n pf	72¾	72¾	72¾	72⅝	−⅛
75½	76	400	Sloss-Shef. S. & Iron	76	76	75¼	75¼	+⅛
80		100	South P. R. Sugar	81¼	81½	81½	81½	
123¾	123¾	29,200	Southern Pacific	124½	124¾	123¾	123¾	−¼
27¼	27⅞	2,400	Southern R'way ext	27⅝	27⅞	27¼	27⅝	+⅛
62⅝	63¾	700	South. R'way pf., ext	63½	64	63¼	63½	+⅛
32¼	32¾	1,100	Tennessee Copper	32⅜	32⅝	32¼	32½	+1⅝
28½	29	1,500	Texas & Pacific	29	29	28¾	29	
10	10¼	3,000	Third Avenue	11⅜	11⅜	9	10	
11	11½	100	Tol. R'way & Light	11¼	11¼	11¼	11¼	+1
43¼	44	300	Tol., St. L. & West	43⅞	44	43⅞	44	+½
63½	64	300	Tol., St. L. & W. pf	64½	64½	63⅞	64	−⅝
66	75	200	Union B. & Paper pf	70	70	70	70	
182	182¼	84,000	Union Pacific	182¼	183¼	181¾	182¼	−⅛
98½	98¾	1,500	Union Pacific pf	98½	98¾	98¾	98¼	+1
110¼	110¾	2	United Dry Goods pf	110¾	110¾	110¾	110¾	
62½	63¼	500	United Rys. Inv. pf	63¾	63¾	63	63	+½
24	25	110	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	24¾	24¾	24¾	24¾	+⅞
77	78	575	U. S. Cast I. Pipe pf	78	78	77¾	77¾	+2½
73¼	75	500	U. S. Realty & Im	73¼	73¼	72¾	73¼	+½
8	11	100	U. S. Red. & Ref	7¼	7¾	7¼	7¾	−⅝
39½	39¾	6,600	U. S. Rubber	39	40¾	38	39¾	+2½
109¾	110	400	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	110	110	109¾	110	
78¼	78¼	190,102	U. S. Steel	78¾	78¾	77¼	78¾	−⅛
118¾	118¾	5,700	U. S. Steel pf	119¾	119¾	118¾	119	+⅛
48¼	48¼	8,000	Utah Copper	49⅞	50	47¾	48¼	+⅛
50¼	50¾	6,000	Va.-Caro. Chemical	50¾	50¾	50	50¾	+1
20½	65	10	Vulcan Detinning pf	66	66	66	66	
20¼	20¾	2,000	Wabash	20	20¾	20	20¼	+⅛
44⅝	44½	7,700	Wabash pf	44¼	44¾	43½	44½	+⅛
165	170	220	Wells Fargo Express	165	165	165	165	+10½
47	47	900	Western Md., 4th pd	47	47¾	47	47	+⅛
70¾	71	700	Western Union Tel	71¼	71½	70¾	70¾	
67	67½	1,000	Westinghouse E. & M	68½	68½	67	67	
5⅝	5⅝	1,800	Wheel. & Lake Erie	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	+⅛
11	12	500	Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf	9⅞	11	9⅞	11	+1½
5⅝	6¼	400	Wheel. & L. E. 2d pf	6	6	5½	6	+⅛

*Unlisted. †Cents per share.

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Feb. 10.—The Copper specials opened active and strong, Lake, North Lake, Franklin, and Indiana were the features, while the general list came in for a good share of activity during the early day. The undertone was firm, and notwithstanding the weakness in Amalgamated around the noon hour, these local issues continued to maintain their early gains. Enthusiasm ran high when the Copper Producers' Association reported a decrease of 43,000,000 pounds on hand. Lake sold at 80¾; North Lake, 20¾; Isle Royale, 23; Tamarack, 76, and Utah, 38. In the afternoon the market was rather quiet, but steady, closing strong.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$29,000	A. Agri. Chem. 5s	102¼	102¼	102¾
2,000	Am. Tel. & Tel. 4s	91¾	91¾	91¾
5,000	A., G. & W. I. SS. 5s	67	67	67
5,000	C., B. & Q. joint 4s	96¾	96¾	96¾
4,000	C. J. & S. Y. 5s,1915	101¼	101¼	101¼
1,000	Ill. Steel 5s, 1913	100¼	100¼	100¼
1,000	K. C., M. & B. 4s	93½	93½	93½
8,000	K. C., M. & B.inc.5s	91	91	91
11,000	Mass. Gas 4½s	98¼	98¼	98¼
1,000	Shannon 6s, full paid	105	105	105
5,000	United Fruit 4½s	96¼	96	96¼

RAILROADS.

1	Atchison	114¾	114¾	114¾
12	Atchison pf	103¾	103¾	103¾
20	Boston Elevated	130	130	130
9	Boston & Albany	230	230	230
1	Boston & Lowell	226	226	226
104	Boston & Maine	150	148	149
8	Boston & Providence	298	298	298
116	Fitchburg pf	131½	131	131½
1,280	Mass. Electric	18½	16¾	17¼
126	Mass. Electric pf	52¾	51	52¾
356	N. Y., N. H. & H	158½	158	158¾
210	N. Y., N. H. & H., 25% paid	146	146	146
190	Union Pacific	182	181¾	182
193	West End pf	109	108	109

TELEPHONES.

695	American	136¾	136	136¾
114	New England	135	135	135
5	Western pf	90	90	90

MISCELLANEOUS.

25	Am. Agri. Chem.	43¼	43	43
10	Am. Agri. Chem. pf	102¾	102¾	102¾
285	Am. Pneu. Service	7¼	7¼	7¼
185	Am. Pneu. Serv. pf	20¼	20	20¼
165	Am. Sugar Ref.	122¾	122	122
12	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	121	121	121
100	American Woolen	33	33	33
306	American Woolen pf	101	100¼	100¾
50	East Boston Land	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛
76	Edison	246	245¾	246
99	Georgia Ry. & Elec	107	106	107
13	General Electric	151¼	151¼	151¾
210	Mass. Gas	77¾	77¾	77¾
5	Mass. Gas pf	95	95	95
129	N. E. Cotton Yarn	121	120¼	121
15	N. E. Cotton Y. pf	114	113¼	114
82	Pullman	198	196	197
3	Seattle Electric	115	115	115
163	Swift & Co.	104	104	104¼
10	Torrington pf	27¾	27¼	27¼
10	Torrington Class A	30	30	30
215	United Fruit	176	174	174
900	United Shoe	66¼	66	66¼
41	United Shoe pf	32¾	32¾	32¾

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

60	U. S. Steel pf	120	118½	119

MINING.

725	Adventure	9¼	8¾	9¼
4,474	Amalgamated	75	73¾	74¾
60	Alloues	44½	44	44½
310	American Zinc	32½	32	32¼
285	Arcadian	8¾	8	8
6,510	Arizona Com'l	41¼	40	40¾
180	Atlantic	9¼	9	9¼
250	Boston Con	19	18⅝	19
1,548	Boston Corbin	19¼	18½	19
1,220	Butte Coalition	24⅞	24½	24½
25	Butte & Balaklala	10	10	10
245	Calumet & Arizona	72½	71¾	71¾
2	Calumet & Hecla	630	630	630
620	Centennial	24	23	23½
90	Cons. Mercur	10c	10c	10c
395	Copper Range	79	77	77⅞
235	Daly-West	8½	8¼	8¼
550	East Butte	10¼	10	10
150	Elm River	1½	1⅜	1⅜
3,305	Franklin	21¾	20¾	20¾
3,215	Giroux	10	9⅝	10
55	Granby	91	90	90
75	Granby rights	50c	40c	50c
505	Greene-Cananea

WILL BUY:

50	Alliance Realty	@110
30	Am. Press Association	@ 95
100	Babcock & Wilcox	@ 99½
5	Intn'l Silver 1st 6s	@110
10	Texas & Pacific Coal	Offering
10	Union Carbide	@101

WILL SELL:

57	Am. Soda Fountain 2d Pfd.	Bid
47	Borden's Milk Pfd.	@105¾
5	Borden's Milk Com.	@116
5	Bush Terminal 1st 4s	@ 90
42	DuPont DeNemours P. Pf.	@ 85½
3	International Salt 5s	@44½ flat
200	Maryland Coal Pfd.	Bid
23	Niles-Bement-Pond Com.	@100
30	Otis Elevator Com.	@ 55
14	Pacific & Atlantic Teleg.	@ 70%
62	Rutland Ry., Lt. & Power.	@ 32½
100	Standard Cordage	@ ⅝
3	Standard Milling 5s	@ 83¾

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TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Tracing Out the Selling.

What each trader on the floor of the Stock Exchange tried to determine for himself yesterday was the varying proportions of the selling attributable to fresh liquidation and to the closing out of stocks bought only for the purpose of protecting the market in its recent moments of acute weakness. As a general thing the conclusion was that by far the greater part of the sales which could be traced to important quarters represented the closing out of lines obtained for the purpose last named. It is seldom that the larger interests in the financial district, in the course of supporting a disturbed market, can buy exclusively those shares they think most of, and which they would be willing to retain through any subsequent recovery. A good deal of miscellaneous buying has to be done, and among the stocks secured are many which offer in themselves no attractions as permanent investments. Again, excessive amounts of "favorites" may have to be taken, and it is from the purchases of unattractive or surplus favored shares that "good selling" on a recovery most often comes.

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English View of Risks Here.

There has been a good deal of discussion in connection with the decline in prices here and the easing money position abroad of the prospects of European buying of investment securities. An answer to the question, so far as England is concerned, seems to be furnished by the remarks of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Trust Company of London at a meeting of the company's shareholders some days ago. The Chairman, Robert Fleming, a financier well known in this country, thoroughly conversant with general conditions here, and intimately acquainted with many of our great railroad properties, including the Harriman lines, pointed out to the shareholders the fact that their company had 8 per cent. of its capital invested in home securities, 10 per cent. in Argentine, 10 per cent. in other South American countries, and more than 60 per cent. in the United States and its dependencies. Mr. Fleming justified this obvious preference for American investments by an analysis of our figures, quoting a remark made by him at a meeting of the Investment Trust Corporation in 1908, which deserves repetition here because it undoubtedly reflects the present attitude of many English investors: "In these times when there is so much talk, as an ultimate political end, of the abolition of private property," he said, "it is not out of place that we should inquire into the politico-economical conditions of the country in which a great part of our capital fund is invested. Such an examination will, I think, show America to be as safe a field as any."

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A Prophecy of Coming Changes.

Mr. Fleming apparently thought the time opportune for something in the nature of a prophecy. He said: "It has been my fortune to cross the Atlantic more than 100 times in the last generation, and during that period to have witnessed a growth that has astonished the world. In the coming generation we will, in all probability, see great fiscal changes there. The present tariff may probably give way to a tariff more for revenue than for protection; an income tax may find its place in their fiscal system, but taxation on revenue and capital such as is in sight for us is altogether unlikely. The incorporation as a British citizen of the transatlantic millionaire will, therefore, probably cease; let us hope the drift will not turn the other way."

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Only Others' Railroads Hurt.

By his remarks yesterday on business conditions in the West and his reservation of the St. Paul from any participation in the decline he has discovered, President Earling has joined the ranks of that great army of railroad executives who find that no matter how seriously affected their rivals may be by business depression, their own properties are busier than ever. James J. Hill is the commander in chief of this army. No one in Wall Street ever heard Mr. Hill admit that any of the lines in which he is interested were about to experience or had felt a falling off in traffic. His predictions as to the ebb and flow of general business, however, have been remarkably accurate. The puzzling point in Mr. Earling's finding arises from the fact that his road, with the Northern Pacific and Great Northern, practically dominate the Northwest. He sees no falling off in the business of the St. Paul; Mr. Hill said only ten days ago that his roads were making records in a traffic way. The conclusion is that business has not fallen off or that if it has, or if it is going to, it is only the kind of business that is transacted by means of wagons.

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The Panic Prophecy from Harvard.

A few days ago the bears found excellent ammunition, and the bulls much material for ridicule in an interesting interview alleged to have been had with Prof. Carver of Harvard, in which this student of economics predicted a panic for 1912, or 1913, by the side of which that of 1907 would appear as a zephyr to a hurricane. Yesterday Prof. Carver sent to a friend of his in Wall Street the following timely letter: "In reference to the statement that I predicted a severe panic in 1912 or 1913, I wish to say to you that I made no such prediction, and even if I had done so, I should not, under any circumstances, have staked my reputation upon the same. I remember discussing the situation in general with some reporter, who evidently, in an ambitious sort of way, has made a great deal of copy, based almost entirely on his own imagination."

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 10.—The Electric Company declared to-day a special dividend of $1.50 a share and at the same time called an assessment of the same amount, which will thus transfer $1,500,000 from the surplus to capital account and make the shares $15 paid on the par value of $25. There was considerable buying of United Gas Improvement shares in order to get the benefit of the special 10 per cent. stock dividend voted yesterday, and this forced the price up to 94 for a time. The balance of the local list was dull until after midday.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10..	Amalgamated Cop.	74⅞	74⅞	74⅞
3..	Am. Cement	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛
30..	Am. Railways	47	46¾	46¾
1,660..	Cambria Steel	47⅞	47	47⅛
2..	Cata vissa 1st pf.	57¼	57¼	57¼
100..	Corn Products	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝
50..	Elec. Co. of Am.	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞
60..	Efectric Storage	58	57⅞	57⅞
67..	Franklin Fire allot.	5	5	5
2,206..	General Asphalt	35	35	35
890..	Gen. Asphalt pf.	82½	82	82¼
25..	Hunt. & B. T. pf.	8	8	8
275..	Ins. Co. of N. Am.	23½	23⅜	23½
400..	Keystone Tel.	10¼	10¼	10¼
150..	Keystone Tel. t. ctfs.	8¼	8	8¼
535..	Lake Sup. Corp.	24⅝	24	24
27..	Lehigh Nav.	108	108	108
301..	Lehigh Nav. t. ctfs.	103½	103	103
3,581..	Lehigh Valley	99⅝	99¼	99⅛
47..	Minehill	61⅜	61¼	61⅜
100..	Northern Central	125	125	125
556..	Pennsylvania	66¼	65 12-16	66¼
44..	Penn. Salt Mfg.	109	109⅜	109
1,207..	Phila. Electric	14¼	14⅛	14¼
1,330..	Phila. Rapid Tran.	26¼	25⅝	26¼
125..	Pittsburg Coal	20¾	20	20¾
100..	Pressed Steel Car	32¼	32¼	32¼
500..	Reading	80¾	80¾	80¾
35..	Reading 1st pf.	52⅞	52⅞	52⅞
[illegible]		17-16	17-16	17-16
[illegible]		8¾	8¾	8¾
[illegible]		25¾	25¾	25¾
[illegible]		32¾	32¾	32¾
[illegible]		82¾	82¾	82¾

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Happenings of a Day in London, Paris, and Berlin.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—Money was easily obtainable and discount rates were quiet and slightly lower to-day.

On the Stock Exchange, with the satisfactory conclusion of the settlement and the reduction in the English and German bank rates, the markets developed a cheerful and firm tendency, assisted by the recovery in Wall Street yesterday. Consols hardened 5-16 and helped other gilt-edged securities. Good traffic returns assisted home rails, and more confident Continental buying strengthened Kaffirs and foreign and copper shares.

American securities opened steady and a fraction higher. The market then eased slightly, but the announcement of the lower bank rates induced fresh buying and covering, under which prices advanced from ¼ to ⅝ above parity. The improvement was maintained, and with Wall Street buying in the afternoon there was a further fractional gain, led by Rock Island. The market closed firm.

Bar silver quiet, 23 11-16d per ounce.

Money, 1¼@1½ per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 2¼ per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for three months' bills is 2¼ per cent.

PARIS, Feb. 10.—Prices were firm on the Bourse to-day.

Three per cent. rentes, 98 francs 95 centimes for the account.

Exchange on London, 25 francs 18 centimes for checks.

BERLIN, Feb. 10.—Trading was light on the Boerse to-day. American securities were strong, and domestic shares firm.

Bank of England.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve, increased, £271,000; circulation, decreased, £256,000; bullion, decreased, £84,400; other securities, decreased, £1,005,000; other deposits, increased, £1,570,000; public deposits, decreased, £2,320,000; notes reserve, increased, £83,000; government securities, increased, £3,000.

The proportion of the bank's reserve to liability this week is 51.70 per cent.; last week it was 50.46 per cent.

Bank of France.

PARIS, Feb. 10.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes:

Notes in circulation, decreased, 170,000,000f; treasury deposits, increased, 2,550,000f; general deposits, decreased, 23,875,000f; gold in hand, increased, 4,375,000f; silver in hand, decreased, 2,320,000f; bills discounted, decreased, 200,850,000f; advances, increased, 3,000,000f.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	82⅛	..	..	+ ⅛
Consols, account	82 9-16	..	..	+ ⅛
Anaconda	10¼	49¼	49¼	+ ⅛
Atchison	115¼	115	114	−1
Canadian Pacific	185¼	180	180⅜	− ⅜
*St. Paul	147¼x	147	147⅛	− ⅛
Erie	28⅝	28	28	..
Erie 1st pfd	45⅝	45¼	44	−1¼
Illinois Central	145	141¼	140⅜	+ ⅜
Louis. & Nash.	149½	145½	148	+ ½
N. Y. Central	122¼	119¼	118½	+ ⅜
Pennsylvania	68	132¾	131½	+ ⅜
Reading	82⅝	160⅜	160¼	+ ⅛
Southern Pacific	125	124⅛	124	+ ⅛
Union Pacific	188¼	183	182½	+ ⅜
U. S. Steel	81¼	78⅝	78¼	+ ⅛
U. S. Steel pfd	123¼	120	118⅝	+1¼

*Ex. dividend.

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
Camp Bird	1 8 0	Esperanza	2 18 9
Tomboy	0 17 6	Dolores	1 10 0
El Oro	1 8 3	Stratton's Ind.	0 3 3

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 10.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day were as follows:

Alta	.17	Kentucky Con	.17
Alpha Con	.05	Lady Wash. Con.	.15
Andes	.23	Mexican	1.72
Bullion	.24	Occidental Con	1.32
Caledonia	.51	Ophir	2.00
Challenge Con	.31	Overman	.75
Chollar	.20	Potosi	.70
Con. Cal. & Va.	1.73	Savage	.55
Con. Imperial	.07	Sag Belcher	.11
Crown Point	1.35	Sierra Nevada	.74
Gould & Curry	.34	Union Con	.33
Hale & Norcross	.56	Utah Con	.10
Julia	.14	Yellow Jacket	1.35
Justice	.23		

Silver bars, 51⅛; Mexican dollars, 45@45⅛; drafts, sight, 66 7-16 per cent. premium; telegraph, 10@12½ per cent. premium.

TONOPAH.		Combination Frac.	.27
Belmont	1.52	Crackerjack	.03
Jim Butler	.36	Daisy	.06
MacNamara	.17	Diamondfield	.02
Midway	.24	Goldfield C. Mines	7.55
Montana	.83	Great Bend	.02
North Star	.02	Jumbo Extension	.82
Tonopah Extension	.70	Lone Star	.04
West End	.22	Red Hills	.03
GOLDFIELD.		Sandstorm	.08
Atlanta	.17	St. Ives	.17
Bluebell	.02	Silver Pick	.09

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 10.—The following were the closing transactions on the local Exchange to-day:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10..	Consolidated Ice	10½	10½	10½
1,700..	Crucible Steel	14¾	14¼	14¼
440..	Crucible Steel pf.	84¾	84¾	84¾
10..	Fireproofing	8½	8½	8½
215..	Fireproofing pf.	28	27⅝	28
10..	Harb.-Walker Ref. pf.	94	94	94
505..	Mfrs. L. & H.	23	23	23
225..	Pittsburg Brewing	23½	23⅜	23½
110..	Pittsburg Coal pf.	70¼	70	70
25..	River Coal pf.	23¼	23¼	23¼
600..	Ross Mining	18c	18c	18c
100..	Sewer Pipe	15½	15	15½
100..	Shoshone	81	81	81
490..	U. S. Glass	46	45¼	46
17..	Westing. Airbrake	142	142	142
20..	Westing. Electric 2d.	34	33¾	34
285..	West. Penn.	54½	53½	54½
	BONDS.			
$2,000..	Pittsburg Brewing 6s.	99	99	99
30,000..	River Coal 6s.	114½	114¼	114½
5,000..	Mfrs. L. & H. 6s.	100¼	100¼	100¼
	UNLISTED.			
285..	Am. W. G. Machine pf.	8½	8½	8½
60..	Kansas Gas	37	37	37
1,600..	Luster Mining	17c	15c	15c
96..	Ohio Fuel Oil	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
100..	San Toy	35c	35c	35c
500..	Silver Peak	77c	77c	77c

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 10.—Trading was narrow and prices were firm, though changes were of no moment. Northern Central made a further advance of ½, to 125½. United Railways income bonds were ½ better, at 58½, and Houston Oil gained ⅛, to 7⅛. Stocks, 805 shares; bonds, $81,000.

Sales.	BONDS.	High.	Low.	Last.
$10,000..	A. C. L. R. R. con. deb. 4s	99¾	99¼	99¾
9,000..	Cotton Duck 5s	75	75	75
3,000..	G. B. S. Brewing 4s.	42	41½	42
1,000..	Md. & Penn. inc.	90	90	90
2,000..	Maryland Elec. 5s	93¼	93¼	93½
1,000..	North Baltimore 5s	113	113	113
5,000..	Seaboard 3-year 5s	99¼	99¼	99¼
18,000..	Seaboard 4s, stamped	82¾	82¾	82¾
1,000..	United Rys. fdg. 5s	83½	83½	83½
86,000..	United Rys. inc.	58½	58½	58½
	STOCKS.			
25..	Consolidation Coal	109¼	109¼	109¼
75..	Con. Gas, El. L. & P.	48	48	48
185..	Con. G., El. L. & P. pf.	86¼	86	86
50..	Citizens' Bank	39	39	39
100..	Houston Oil	7¼	7¼	7¼
150..	International Trust	150	150	150
120..	Northern Central	125¼	125	125½
150..	Seaboard Co. com.	23¾	23¾	23¾

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Sir Edgar Speyer, Bart., P. C., is among the passengers on the North German Lloyd Steamship George Washington, which sailed from Southampton on Wednesday.

Kountze Brothers offer to investors $1,120,000 City of Newark, N. J., 4 per cent. school bonds, dated Dec. 31, 1909, due Dec. 31, 1959, optional on and after Dec. 31, 1949.

The Directors of the Peoria & Eastern have declared the full interest of 4 per cent. on the company's $4,000,000 of income bonds, payable April 1, out of the income of 1909. Last year nothing was paid on the issue. The property is leased to the "Big Four."

At the annual meeting of the Galena Signal Oil Company of Franklin, Penn., yesterday, the old officers were re-elected, except that C. C. Steinbrenner, who has been general auditor of the company, was made a Vice President to succeed William A. Barstow, resigned. Mr. Steinbrenner has been with the Galena Company for seventeen years. Prior to that he was in the accounting department of the Pennsylvania Railroad, the "Big Four," and the Illinois Central.

Because of the quarterly dividend payments recently begun the Pennsylvania Railroad announces that it will pay in lieu of three months' dividends one-half of the value of coupons covering the period from Nov. 1 to Feb. 1, and from May 1 to Aug. 1, attached to convertible bonds of 1912 presented for conversion between Feb. 5 and May 5 or from Aug. 5 to Nov. 5, respectively. The same principle will be applied to the convertibles of 1915, one-third of the value of coupons covering the

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday business was quiet. Copper was a shade firmer for all deliveries, and tin was slightly higher. Other commodities were unchanged. A sale of 50,000 pounds of February delivery spelter, East St. Louis, was made at 5.55c.

On the Metal Exchange in London yesterday spot copper at the close showed a decline of 3s 9d from the initial price of the day, but on the day's transactions an advance of 1s 3d from the final figure of Wednesday; futures likewise made a decline on the business of the day, but from the closing price of Wednesday registered a similar advance as spot, i. e., 1s 3d. The market finished easy, closing quotations ruling at: Spot, £59 10s; futures, £60 7s 6d.

Pig tin ended easy, with spot deliveries up 10s, to £148 7s 6d, and future deliveries 12s 6d higher, at £150 2s 6d. Spelter was steady and unchanged at £23 5s. Cleveland warrants were quoted at 51s 7½d. Spanish pig lead was firm and 1s 9d higher, to £13 3s 9d.

The closing bid and asked prices for copper and other metals for spot delivery on the New York Metal Exchange yesterday compare as follows with those of Wednesday:

	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.
Spot	13.00	13.25	13.00	13.20
February	13.00	13.25	13.00	13.20
March	13.10	13.25	13.00	13.20
April	13.10	13.25	13.00	13.20
Spelter	5.70	5.10	5.70	5.10
Lead	4.67½	4.72½	4.67½	4.72½
Tin	32.60	32.70	32.55	32.65

CHICAGO STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Feb. 10.—Several stocks were active on the local Exchange. Pneumatic Tool advanced to 43 on rumors of a possible dividend. People's Gas, Commonwealth Edison, Illinois Brick, and Sears-Roebuck were all active and higher. Trades in bonds were light.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
400..	American Can	11	10¾	11
100..	American Can pf.	74	74	74
1,020..	Chicago Pneu. Tool	43¼	41¾	43¼
145..	Chicago Telephone	128	127¾	128
50..	Chicago T. & T.	153	153	153
245..	Com. Edison	114	113¾	114
155..	Diamond Match	104	102¼	104
530..	Illinois Brick	79¼	78	79
60..	Met. Elev. pf.	53	52	53
2..	Nat. Carbon pf.	112	112	112
343..	People's Gas	109	108¼	108¼
135..	Quaker Oats	177	175	176
5..	Quaker Oats pf.	105	105	105
816..	Sears-Roebuck	156	155¼	156¼
125..	Sears-Roebuck pf.	120	119¾	119¾
64..	S. S. Elev.	51	51	51
285..	Street's	29¾	29¼	29¼
200..	Swift	104¼	104	104
220..	United Boxboard	11¼	10¾	11¼
50..	U. S. Steel	78¾	78¼	78½

COLORADO MINING STOCKS.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., Feb. 10.—The following were the closing quotations on the local Exchange to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	8¾	9	Jackpot	7	7½
Elkton	69¾	70½	Old Gold	4	4½
El Paso	96½	97	McKinney	45	45½
Gold Dollar	10	10½	Portland	103	104¾
Findlay	10¾	11	Vindicator	80	85
Isabella	20	21	J. Sample	9	9¾

New Loan
State of Massachusetts
3½% BONDS
$4,791,000 Maturing 1910 to 1950
Tax Exempt in Massachusetts
Price and Particulars Upon Application
Boston Representative
J. B. MOULTON
85 Congress Street
Harvey Fisk & Sons
62 Cedar St., New York

$100,000
(Or Any Part)
Detroit, Grand Rapids & Western
Consolidated, now First Mortgage Gold 4s.
Interest A. & O. Due April 1, 1946.
An underlying first mortgage on part of the main line between Detroit and Chicago, giving the Pere Marquette its only entrance into Detroit, at the rate of $14,160 per mile.
Price upon Application. To yield about 4½ per cent.
Write for further particulars.
POUCH & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange. Corner Wall and Nassau Sts.

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY
135 Broadway, New York City
Capital, - - $1,000,000
Surplus & Profits, 1,500,000
The Company transacts a general banking business allowing interest on deposits at as favorable rates as conservatism will permit. Special rates on time certificates of deposit.

Windsor Trust Company
NEW YORK.
Uptown Office, Fifth Av. & 47th St. Downtown Office, Nassau & Cedar Sts.
We Invite Your Deposit Account

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST CO.
356 Fifth Ave. 60 Broadway
100 West 125 St. 5d Ave. & 14d St.

Within a few years people from Maine to California have been making investments in New York City real estate, which has invariably brought them handsome income and large profits.

The City of New York is growing at the rate of 300,000 people per year. There is no state of affairs, including panics or depression in business, that can possibly change the fact that more people each year have to be supplied with homes and places in which to do business.

We would esteem it a privilege to submit to you opportunities of investing small or large sums, not in vacant lots or new districts, but in income-producing property. Very moderate sums can be invested by allowing a large part of the purchase price to remain on mortgage, or you can invest through our Bond and Mortgage Department sums of $100 to $10,000 that will produce you 6% income immediately, and give you all the advantage of a personal purchase by you of a high-class business property.

Our office on the ground floor of 1,274 Broadway, between 32d and 33d Streets, is convenient to everywhere, and we will be glad to have you drop in and talk it over without your needing to feel that you are expected to transact business, or we will be glad to send you further information by mail.

LACKAWANNA REAL ESTATE CO.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AT A meeting of the stockholders of the INDIANA-SONORA COPPER & MINING COMPANY, a corporation created and organized under the laws of the State of West Virginia, held at its office in the City of New York, State of New York, on the 10th day of February, A. D. 1910, the following resolutions were adopted:

RESOLVED: First, That the INDIANA-SONORA COPPER & MINING COMPANY, a corporation created and organized under the laws of the State of West Virginia, does hereby discontinue business as a corporation and surrenders to said State its charter and corporate franchises. The Board of Directors will proceed to convert the property, choses in action and all assets of this corporation into cash, or a sufficient amount thereof to pay off and discharge all its debts, liabilities, and obligations; and after fully discharging all such debts, liabilities, and obligations, divide the remaining assets among the stockholders pro rata with their several holdings of stock, but no such payment or distribution shall be made to any stockholder until after the publication of the notice hereinafter provided.

RESOLVED, Second, that the President of this corporation causes notice of the adoption of the foregoing resolution to be published in some newspaper of general circulation, published near the principal office or place of business of this corporation, once a week for four successive weeks; and that he certify these resolutions to the Secretary of State of the State of West Virginia, and deliver to him a certificate showing the publication of the said notice as provided by law.

Given under my hand this 10th day of February, A. D. 1910. A. C. JAMES,
Vice President of said corporation.

Attest:
F. T. BULMER, Assistant Secretary.
[Seal.]

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

February 9th, 1910.

Mr. Andrew B. Graves is this day admitted as a member of our firm.

DICK BROS. & CO.,
New York. Philadelphia. Boston.

DIVIDENDS.

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY

A Semi-Annual Dividend of $2.00 per share on the Preferred Stock and a Quarterly Dividend of $2.50 per share on the Common Stock of this Company have this day been declared, payable at the Treasurer's office, 120 Broadway, New York, N. Y., on April 1, 1910, to stockholders of record at 3 o'clock P. M. on Tuesday, March 1, 1910.

The stock transfer books will not be closed for the payment of this dividend.

Stockholders who have not already done so are requested to promptly file mailing orders for dividends with the undersigned, from whom blank orders can be had on application.

FREDERICK V. S. CROSBY, Treasurer.
New York, N. Y., Feb. 10, 1910.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY.

120 Broadway, New York, February 10, 1910.

Common Stock Dividend No. 14.

A quarterly dividend of ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS ($1.50) per share, being the fourteenth dividend on the Common Capital Stock of this Company, has been declared payable April 1, 1910, to the bearers of Dividend Warrant No. 14, annexed to certificates representing such stock, upon presentation and surrender of such Warrants to the undersigned Treasurer at the office of the Company, 120 Broadway, New York.

A. K. VAN DEVENTER, Treasurer.

International Smelting and Refining Company.

42 Broadway, New York, February 8, 1910.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of two per cent. (2%) on the outstanding capital stock, payable March 1, 1910, to stockholders of record at 3:00 o'clock P. M. February 21, 1910. Transfer books close at 3:00 o'clock P. M. February 21, 1910, and reopen at 10:00 o'clock A. M. March 2.

J. W. ALLEN, Secretary and Treasurer.

BUTTE COALITION MINING CO.

42 Broadway, New York, January 26, 1910.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of twenty-five cents ($.25) per share on the outstanding capital stock, payable March 1, 1910, to stockholders of record at three o'clock P. M. February 11, 1910. Transfer books close at three o'clock P. M. February 11, 1910, and reopen at ten o'clock A. M. March 2, 1910.

J. W. ALLEN, Secretary and Treasurer.

OFFICE OF READING COMPANY.

Philadelphia, February 9, 1910.

The Board of Directors has declared from the net earnings a dividend of Two Per Cent. on the First Preferred Stock of the Company, to be paid on March 10, 1910, to the stockholders of record at the close of business, February 19, 1910. Checks will be mailed to stockholders who have filed dividend orders with the Treasurer.

W. R. TAYLOR, Secretary.

THE ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY.

New York, February 9, 1910.

The Transfer books of this Company will be closed from 3 o'clock P. M., February 14th, to the morning of March 1, 1910.

BASIL W. ROWE,
Vice President and Treasurer.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

AMERICAN GAS & ELECTRIC COMPANY.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of AMERICAN GAS & ELECTRIC COMPANY will be held at the offices of the Company, 30 Church Street, in the City of New York, New York, on Tuesday, the 15th of February, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon, for the transaction of any and all business that may come before the meeting, including the election of five Directors for the term of three years, and considering and voting upon the approval and ratification of all contracts, acts, proceedings, elections, and appointments of the Board of Directors, Executive Committee, and Officers of this Company since the last annual meeting of the Company, shown by the minutes of said Board of Directors and Executive Committee, which will be open for inspection of stockholders at said meeting.

FRANK R. HALL, Secretary.
New York, February 4, 1910.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF PRESSED STEEL CAR COMPANY.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of Pressed Steel Car Company will be held on the 16th day of February, 1910, at twelve noon, at the office of the company, No. 243 Washington Street, Jersey City, New Jersey, for the purpose of electing three Directors of the corporation to serve for the term of three years to succeed the three Directors whose term of office will expire on the 16th day of February, 1910, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

In accordance with the laws of the State of New Jersey, no stock can be voted which has been transferred on the books of the company within twenty days next preceding this election.

ADRIAN H. LARKIN, Secretary.
Dated February 8th, 1910.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT A SPECIAL meeting of the stockholders of HERMAN KRATZENSTEIN COMPANY, for the purpose of voting upon a proposition that said corporation be forthwith dissolved as of March 1st, 1910, and such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held pursuant to a resolution of the Board of Directors heretofore adopted by them, and dated February 10th, 1910, on the 12th day of March, 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon at the office of the Company, 23 Washington Place, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York.

Dated New York, Feb. 10th, 1910.
HENRY WALLACH, Secretary.

CHILDS COMPANY.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.

42 East 14th Street, New York,
February 5, 1910.

A Special Meeting of the Stockholders of Childs Company will be held on the 18th day of February, 1910, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of said Company at No. 42 East 14th Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, for the purpose of voting upon a proposition to increase its preferred capital stock from $2,000,000, consisting of 20,000 shares of par value of $100 each, to $3,000,000, consisting of 30,000 shares of the par value of $100 each.

SAMUEL S. CHILDS, President.
CHARLES E. ROBERTS, Secretary.

Executor Trustee
Chartered 1822
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company,
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street.
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue, New York.
LONDON, 18 Bishopsgate St. Within.

MANGO KNOCKED OUT WITH BLOW ON JAW

Joe Hyland Sends Willie to "Dreamland" in Third Round of Fight.

RUSH INTO CLINCHES OFTEN

Just ten seconds after the third round had started in what was to have been the final ten-round bout at the Longacre Athletic Club last night Joe Hyland landed a short right-hand swing on Willie Mango's jaw that sent the taller man to the floor for the count. Indeed, it was not until a full minute had passed after Referee Leonard and Mango's seconds had helped him to his feet that he regained complete consciousness.

The sudden termination of the fight was startling, for in both the first and second rounds Mango had been the one to land the greatest number of clean blows, although Hyland did most of the forcing of the pace. In the first round Mango landed two left-hand jabs to the jaw without return, with the men wrestling most of the time and making it very hard for the referee to separate them.

The second round was very much a repetition of the first. Hyland again started to force the fighting, and found Mango quite ready for it. They repeatedly rushed into clinches, in which Mango did some sterling infighting, landing his right swift uppercuts several times with no return from Hyland. Toward the end of the round Mango shot his right hand to the jaw twice in such rapid succession that it jarred Hyland considerably, and he rushed into another clinch that lasted to the bell.

In the third round both fighters jumped at each other at the start. The lump resulted in a short session of wrestling that made the crowd hiss its disapproval. The referee separated them finally, and just as Mango started toward him Hyland stepped in and shot a right-hand swing to the jaw which, while it did not travel more than five inches, had the soporific effect that was its motive. Mango went down like a log and had to be helped to his feet after the count.

There was considerable feeling between the two men, the result of Hyland having knocked out Frankie Mango recently. As a consequence of last night's fight the Mangos will have a decided respect for the strong and wicked right-hand punch that Hyland so smilingly conceals.

It was announced that on next Thursday Johnny Mantz would meet Leach Cross in the main ten-round bout at the Longacre Athletic Club, and that on the following Thursday Abe Attell and Frankie Neil would exchange compliments.

N. Y. A. C. NEW COMMITTEES.

Active Members Who Will Control the Various Branches of Sport.

The committees that will have charge of the various departments of the New York Athletic Club for the current year have been named as follows:

Athletic—R. H. Goff, Chairman; Louis Bender, E. J. Benson, M. P. Halpin, Robert C. Kimmerer, Jeremiah T. Mahoney, and William J. Pulley.

Automobiling—A. J. Picard, Chairman; G. Washington Irving, M. M. Belding, Jr., and F. C. Williamson.

Billiards and Bowling—Robert C. Kammerer, Chairman; J. W. De Aguero, and Winfield E. Hinsdale.

Bicycling—Charles J. Kitner, Chairman; A. Parks Smith, and H. W. Wilson.

Chess—August T. Docharty, Chairman; R. L. Clobrsen, and Walter S. Wilson.

Fencing—W. J. Durant, Chairman; Hugh H. Bolter, E. J. Keane, and F. M. Wheeler.

Hockey—Benjamin N. Rhodes, Chairman; Fred W. Brooks, Jr., J. A. Fenwick, George D. Phillips, and Otto Wagner.

Swimming—M. P. Halpin, Chairman; Jeremiah T. Mahoney, and William J. Pulley.

Yachting—H. A. Jackson, Jr., Chairman; Alfred Brooks Foy, and Charles S. King.

Fencing—G. M. Hammond, Chairman; George K. Bainbridge, Dr. F. B. Clemens, Dr. M. J. Echeverria, and Eugene Pitou, Jr.

Trap Shooting—P. R. Robinson, Chairman; Charles Billings, G. J. M. Corbett, S. Schleffler and George M. Thomson.

Skating—Mortimer Bishop, Chairman; M. P. Halpin, A. G. Keane, P. M. Knight, and George D. Phillips.

Squash—A. K. Handy, Chairman, and S. G. Averill.

Delegates were named as follows:

Amateur Athletic Union—Bartow S. Weeks, M. P. Halpin, and J. T. Mahoney.

National Association of Amateur Oarsmen—Robert C. Kammerer and H. W. Peckwell.

American Regatta—H. H. Baxter and M. P. Halpin.

Harlem River Regatta—J. Cremins, W. L. Durant, and James Moller, Jr.

United States National Lawn Tennis Association—Louis H. Freedman.

Yacht Racing Association of Long Island Sound—H. A. Jackson.

Association of Cycling Clubs—J. C. Gulick and Charles J. Kitner.

Athletic Bowling—F. M. Clute and F. G. Bourne.

MISS RICE WINS FAST RACE.

Defeats Miss Nathcamp in Special Half-Mile Pursuit Race.

Miss Polly Rice won a quarter-mile pursuit race from Miss Nettie Uathkamp last night at the Riverside Skating Club's rink, West End Avenue and Ninety-second Street. The two skaters started on opposite sides of the rink, and at the close of five laps, or just half the distance, Miss Rice had practically closed the distance that separated them. She was unable to gain it entirely, however, until the tenth and last lap, when she passed Miss Nathkamp in great style and won by twenty yards.

E. Allen Taylor carried off the quarter-mile running race on skates in clever style, defeating S. Tucker in very fast time. The summary:

Half-mile, Novice.—Won by E. Sanger; L. Kohlberg, second; A. Hargoo, third. Time—1:38.

Special Quarter-mile Running on Skates.—Won by E. Allen Taylor by ten yards from S. Tucker. Time—1:00.

Special Half-mile Pursuit Race for Women.—Won by Miss Polly Rice by twenty yards from Miss Nettie Nathkamp. Time—1:43.

Fitzgerald as Racing Judge.

The Stewards of The Jockey Club held their monthly meeting in the Windsor Arcade yesterday afternoon, with August Belmont presiding and F. R. Hitchcock, Andrew Miller, and Schuyler L. Parsons being in attendance.

The Stewards approved the racing dates applied for by the Maryland Jockey Club for a meeting to be held at Pimlico April 20 to May 7 inclusive. They also approved the following officials, who will conduct the meeting: Stewards—August Belmont, William M. Manley, and Thomas Clyde; judges—W. P. Riggs and E. C. Smith; clerk of the scales—H. P. Conklin; handicapper—Frank J. Bryan; starter—A. B. Dade.

The Stewards have appointed C. J. Fitzgerald, formerly of the Brighton Beach Racing Association, as judge for the New York tracks, to succeed the late Clarence McDowell.

SPORTING NEWS IN BRIEF.

Saturday night George Sanders, the Harlem welterweight, will box Jack Williams in the main event of ten rounds at the Northwestern Athletic Club.

Entries are coming in rapidly for the games of Fordham University, which will be held in the Twenty-second Regiment Armory, Sixty-eighth Street and Broadway, on the evening of Feb. 26. Teams from Yale, Pennsylvania, Cornell, Harvard, Princeton, and other big universities will be invited to take part in the special scratch one-mile intercollegiate relay race.

Much interest is being shown in the three-cornered wrestling meet between the German-American Athletic Club, Harlem Y. M. C. A., and the Norwegian Athletic Club this evening at the German-American Athletic Club, 328 West Thirty-eighth Street. Several Amateur Athletic Union champions are among the ten entries of each club. The winners of the different classes will probably be sent to Chicago to represent their clubs at the National wrestling championships.

The College of the City of New York basket ball team will play the quintet from Rochester University to-night in the City College gymnasium. For some years Rochester has been represented by a fast team. This year the upstaters have eleven victories to their credit, including victories over Cornell, University of Pennsylvania, and M. I. T. In the preliminary contest the College of the City of New York 1912 team will play the strong High School of Commerce five.

The Baltimore Baseball Club has sold Outfielder Jackson to the Scranton Club.

Stanley Ketchel and Tony Caponi have been matched to fight next month before the club offering the best inducements.

NEW CRICKET LEAGUE PLANS.

Adopts Constitution and By-Laws and Elects Officers for Year.

The newly organized New York and New Jersey Cricket Association was set upon a firm and working foundation Wednesday night by the adoption of a constitution and by-laws and the election of officers at a general meeting of delegates representing the various clubs in the association.

A committee—consisting of D. G. Humble, Chairman; W. F. Jackson, C. E. Marshall, B. Harding, and R. Houghton—drafted the articles, following to a great extent the constitution and by-laws of the Metropolitan District Cricket League. By the provisions of Section 1 of Article III., no club is eligible to membership which does not own or "control" its grounds. Thereby many of the organizations affiliated with the Metropolitan League are debarred, as they play on the public grounds of Central, Van Cortlandt, and Prospect Parks.

The association is authorized to arrange and regulate a series of games to evolve a championship, and such other contests as may be deemed desirable. Provision was not made at the meeting for pennants or prizes in these competitions, but it is likely that this step will be taken at the next meeting. At all general meetings of the association each club will be entitled to one vote, and the dues were fixed at $20 for every club and $10 additional for every extra team entered. The Executive Committee is to consist of the officers, ex officio, and one delegate from each club.

To the Executive Committee was intrusted the task of selecting teams for matches with all organizations not in the association, and it is empowered to arbitrate all points of difference between members. The annual schedule of matches is to be made by the committee between March 1 and March 15 of each year, and all players competing in association matches must have been registered by May 1 of that year. Players will be recognized as members of the club with which they first play, and no changes will be allowed after July 1 annually. Play is to be according to the rules of the Marylebone (London) Cricket Club. A two-thirds vote upon thirty days' notice is required to amend any section of the constitution.

The following officers were elected for 1910: President—R. St. George Walker, Staten Island; First Vice President—William D. Hooper, Bensonhurst; Second Vice President—Henry R. Chiftick, Crescent; Secretary—F. F. Kelly, New York Veterans; Treasurer—Walter A. W. Melville, Bellevue.

LONG TRIP FOR BALL TEAM.

All-America Team to Play in South America Next Winter.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Feb. 10.—Acting for A. G. Spalding, and under his directions, Business Manager Frank A. Bancroft of the Reds is now figuring out the probable expenses, route, and dates for the tour of South America, which will be taken next Fall by an all-American baseball team, under the direct supervision of Bancroft.

At the close of next season the team is to be picked by Mr. Spalding and Mr. Bancroft and will leave in a short time thereafter for South America. Mr. Bancroft says that untold opportunities are offered by the trip and that they will visit Buenos Ayres, Rio de Janeiro, Montevideo, Valparaiso, and other important cities in that country. He says they will have enough games to keep them busy the greater part of the Fall and Winter, and that the people of South America will welcome them so warmly that they will not want to come back, because of the money that will flow into their pockets.

Kittredge to Coach at Harvard.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Feb. 10.—Malachi Kittredge, the veteran catcher, accepted an offer to-day to coach the Harvard battery candidates. He will report for work Monday, and will stay with the team until it leaves for Charlottesville, Va., the latter part of next month. Jack Chesbro, Eddie Cicotte, and "Wild Bill" Donovan declined terms offered them, while Fred Lake and Addie Joss couldn't make arrangements with their clubs for leave of absence. Trafford Hicks, the Crimson's star twirler, will not report for work until Sept. 19 on account of his duties as Captain of the hockey seven.

Williams Berkeley School's Coach.

R. P. Williams, who has been appointed coach to the boys of Berkeley School, is the man who is credited with a 100 yards in 9 1-5 seconds. Three timers made affidavit to this performance, which occurred in New London five years ago. Williams's other records are: Twenty-yard dash, 2 1-5 seconds; fifty-yard dash, 5 1-5 seconds; standing broad jump, w. w., 15 feet 4 inches; standing back jump, w. w., 12 feet 8 inches; running high kick, 10 feet 8 inches; running hitch kick, 9 feet 6 inches; running broad jump, 24 feet 6 inches.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURG—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
1st week Feb..	$166,136	$126,667	$39,469
July 1-Feb. 7..	5,708,863	4,582,062	1,126,801

DENVER & RIO GRANDE—

1st week Feb..	413,000	330,100	82,900
From July 1...	14,247,100	12,581,300	1,665,800

GEORGIA SOUTHERN & FLORIDA—

4th week Jan..	72,187	53,004	19,083
Month January.	188,886	169,074	19,812
July 1-Jan. 31.	1,374,482	1,129,511	244,921

KANSAS CITY, MEXICO & ORIENT—

Jan. gross.....	141,000	122,700	18,300

ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN—

1st week Feb....	224,338	209,441	15,897
July 1-Feb. 7..	6,910,722	6,575,143	335,579

WABASH—

1st week Feb....	565,900	466,502	99,398
July 1-Feb. 7...	17,547,942	15,771,963	1,776,009

BOSTON & MAINE for the quarter ended Dec. 31—

Oct. 1 to Dec. 31:	1909.	1908.	1907.
Gross.....	11,097,341	10,629,799	10,367,143
Expenses.....	7,609,607	7,194,093	7,016,134
Net.....	3,175,654	2,435,597	2,472,009
Other income...	207,452	225,824	167,692
Total income...	3,383,106	3,061,422	2,639,701
Int., tax, &c....	2,536,063	2,444,102	2,088,238
Balance.....	847,043	617,320	116,466
Add, & better..	260,000	11,504	.....
Surplus.....	647,043	615,805	116,466
July 1 to Dec. 31:			
Gross.....	21,776,180	20,472,006	21,964,745
Expenses.....	14,584,094	14,468,226	15,981,014
Net.....	7,172,093	6,003,780	6,013,731
Other income...	374,983	334,894	308,393
Total income...	7,543,958	6,454,048	6,317,063
Charges.....	4,936,183	4,798,784	4,907,090
Surplus.....	2,607,775	1,655,249	1,409,973

Miscellaneous Earnings.

PACIFIC TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH Company for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Gross revenue..	12,885,018	10,659,689	9,228,504
Exp., taxes, interest, &c....	11,041,489	8,924,179	7,828,416
Net revenue....	1,843,529	1,775,471	1,395,148
Dividends	1,080,000	1,080,000	1,080,040
Balance	*763,529	695,471	315,108
Surplus, res....	600,000	.....	.....
Surplus.....	163,529	695,471	315,018

*Balance for common dividends, after payment of 6% on preferred stock, is equal to 4.24% earned on $18,000,000 common stock, as compared with 3.8% earned on same stock last year.

The total expended during the year on plant and real estate was $5,622,575.

PEOPLE'S GAS LIGHT AND COKE COMPANY of Chicago for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Gross.....	14,561,588	13,738,970	13,146,367
Expenses	8,504,596	8,222,625	7,973,626
Net	6,056,992	5,516,345	5,172,741
Interest	1,902,300	1,884,200	1,819,550
Balance	4,147,692	3,632,045	3,353,191
Depreciation	1,034,588	876,853	840,409
Surplus	*3,113,104	2,755,694	2,518,782
Dividends	2,332,036	1,978,146	1,978,146
Net surplus	781,067	777,548	540,636

*Equal to 8.89% earned on $35,000,000 capital stock, as compared with 8.86% earned on same stock last year.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

The Army.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—A board of officers is appointed to meet at Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., for the examination of candidates for appointment as Chaplains.

Detail: Major H. W. Wheeler, Eleventh Cavalry; Major W. J. L. Lyster, Medical Corps; Capt. J. T. Haines, Eleventh Cavalry; Chaplain W. W. E. Gladden, Twenty-fourth Infantry; First Lieut. W. C. Griswold, Medical Reserve; Capt. R. S. Abernethy, Coast Artillery, to Fort Hunt, Va., to take over certain property at that post for which Capt. E. J. Timberlake, Coast Artillery, is accountable and return to Fort Monroe, Va., to settle his property accountability as Artillery Engineer, Artillery District of Chesapeake Bay.

The Navy.

Capt. J. B. Milton detached from duty in command of Pensacola Naval Training Station, to San Francisco and continue other duties.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Iris at San Diego; Rocket at Indian Head.

Sailed—Brutus, from Lambert Point for Boston; Marietta, from Mobile for Tampa; Smith, from Charleston for Knight's Key; Arethusa, from Colonel for Rio Janeiro; Marcellus, from [illegible]

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Curb Coppers Fail to Maintain Strength and Many Issues Close Lower.

MOVEMENTS ARE IRREGULAR

Minor Losses Show at Close, Though In Some Issues the Day's Range Runs from Large Fractions to 1 Point.

Curb coppers failed to maintain their strong showing, yesterday, and minor losses were made in most issues after irregular movements during the day's trading. Nevada Consolidated, after selling between 22⅝ and 21⅞, closed at 22¼, ⅛ below the opening, after transactions of 7,000 shares. Miami moved between 23 and 23⅝, closing at 23⅜, ⅛ below the opening after transactions of 6,500 shares. Ray Central and Ray Consolidated both lost ground, the former closing at 3 1-16, ⅛ below the opening price, and the latter at 21¼, ⅞ below the opening. Ray Consolidated sold as high as 22⅝ and as low as 21⅜.

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The transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
150..	Am. Tobacco..	405	410	405	405
200..	Bay State Gas	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
800..	June Oil	17	17	17	17
350..	Lack. Steel rts.	1-16	1-16	1-16	1-16
12..	Standard Oil..	635	635	635	635
45..	Un. Cigar Mfg.	84⅝	†85	84	85
800..	U. S. L. & H..	2	2 1-16	2	2 1-16
240..	U.S.L. & H.pf.	8	8	8	8

RAILROADS.

150..	Chi. Subway...	8⅜	8½	8⅜	8½
100..	K. C. M. & O.	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝
100..	St. L. & S. F., 1st pf.	.....	.....	.....	80

MINING STOCKS.

2,800..	Boston Cop...	19⅝	19¼	18⅝	18⅝
500..	Braden Cop...	4⅝	4⅝	4½	4 9-16
1,500..	Brit. Col. Cop.	7⅛	7⅛	6⅞	7⅛
1,000..	Butte Coalit'n.	24½	24⅝	24½	24⅝
1,600..	Caledonia Cop.	1½	1½	1½	1½
900..	*Carisa	50	51	50	51
9,000..	Chevrolet Copper	13	13	12¾	12¾
3,000..	*Cobal Consol'd	19	19	18½	19
9,200..	Colonial Sil...	11-16	11-16	⅝	11-16
5,700..	*Comb. Frac...	25	26	25	26
400..	*Com'l Mining	52	52	52	52
16,000..	Con. Aris. Sm.	2 9-16	2⅝	2 9-16	2⅝
900..	Davis-D. Cop.	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
100..	Dolores M. Co.	7½	7½	7½	7½
150..	El Rayo ...	2 7-16	2 7-16	2⅜	2⅜
650..	First Nat. Cop.	5	5½	5	5¼
1,500..	Glia Copper...	8⅛	8½	7¾	8
2,500..	Giroux Mining	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝
7,500..	Goldfield Con.	7⅝	7⅝	7½	7½
2700..	Greenwater ...	9½	10	9½	10
2,000..	Greene-Can. ...	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9½
3,200..	*Harcuvar C..	44	46	43	44
1,500..	Inspiration C..	8 1-16	8 3-16	8 1-16	8 3-16
500..	Kerr Lake	9	9	8⅝	8⅝
1,000..	La Rose Con..	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
1,200..	McK.-Dar. ...	82	82	81½	82
200..	Mason Valley .	2	2	2	2
6,500..	Miami Copper.	23½	23⅝	23	23⅜
11,000..	*Min. of C. R.	2⅜	2⅜	2⅛	2⅛
7,000..	Nev. C. Con....	22⅞	22⅞	21⅞	22¼
100..	Nevada S....	9	9	9	9
5,000..	N.-U. M. & S.	1 5-16	1⅜	1 5-16	1 7-16
500..	Nipis. M. Co..	9⅞	10	9⅞	10
3,400..	Ohio Copper..	4	4 1-16	3 15-16	3 15-16
1,800..	Pacific S....	1¼	1¼	1 1-16	1¼
700..	Precious M....	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
5,000..	Ray Central..	3 3-16	3⅛	3 1-16	3 1-16
2,000..	Ray Con.....	22	22⅝	21⅝	21¾
25..	Sup. & Pitts..	138	138	138	138
300..	Tenn. C. & I..	3 1-16	3 1-16	3 1-16	3 1-16
200..	*Tonopah Ext.	73	73	73	73
3,000..	*Tramps Con..	5	5	5	5
100..	Tri-Bullion	1	1	1	1
1,200..	Tularosa	1¾	1¾	1¼	1¾
1,500..	Union Mines....	1⅞	2	1⅞	2
200..	United Copper.	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾
4,600..	W. Va.W. C....	2¼	2 1-16	2 1-16	2⅛

BONDS.

$15,000..	C. Gt. W. 4s..	90¼	90¼	90¼	90¼
10,000..	D. M. & Ft. Dodge 2d 5s..	89¾	89¾	89¼	89¼
12,000..	Western P. 5s.	97	97⅛	97	97⅛

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lots.

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The bid and asked prices at the close of the market yesterday compare as follows with those of Wednesday:

	Feb. 10.		Feb. 9.	
	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Tobacco	400	407	402	405
Am. Writing Paper...	2⅜	3¼	2⅜	2½
Am. Writing Paper pf..	24	25	24	25
Am. Light & Traction..	280	290	280	290
Am. Light & Trac. pf..	105	107	105	107
Borden's Cond. Milk...	114	117	114	117
Borden's Cond. Milk pf.	104	108½	104	106½
Boston Copper	18⅝	19	18½	18⅝
British Columbia Cop..	7	7¼	6⅞	7
Braden Copper	4⅝	4⅝	4½	4⅝
Butte Coalition	24⅞	24⅞	24⅝	25½
Chicago Subway	3¾	4	3¾	4
Combination Fraction..	26	27	26	27
Cobalt Central	18½	19	18	19
Davis-Daly Copper...	3 1-16	3 3-16	3⅛	3⅜
First Nat. Copper.....	5	5¼	4⅝	5
Giroux	9⅝	10	9⅝	9⅝
Goldfield Con.....	7 15-16	8	7 15-16	7 15-16
Greene Cananea.....	9¼	9⅜	9¼	9⅜
International Salt	5	7	5	7
Kerr Lake.....	8 13-16	9	8 13-16	9
La Rose Con.....	4¼	4⅜	4 3-16	4¼
McKinley-Darragh	80	82	78	83
Manhattan Transit	1¼	1⅜	1¼	1⅜
Mason Valley	2	2¼	2	2¼
Miami Copper	23¼	23⅜	23¼	23½
Mines Co. of America..	45	50	45	50
Nevada Con. Copper...	22¼	22¾	21⅝	21⅞
New Baltic Con.....	12¼	13	12¼	12¾
Nevada-Utah M. & S...	1	1⅛	1 1-16	1⅛
Nipissing Mines Co....	9⅝	10	9⅝	10
Ohio Copper	3 15-16	4 1-16	3⅞	4
Pope Mfg.	.....	76	76	78
Pope Mfg. pf.	84	86½	84	86½
Ray Central	3 1-16	3⅛	3	3⅛
Ray Consolidated	21½	22	21	21⅝
Silver Queen	.....	.....	30	36
So. Utah M. & S.....	2⅝	3	2⅝	3
Standard Milling	16	19	16	19
Standard Milling pf....	50	60	50	60
Standard Oil	638	635	635	640
Tri-Bullion.....	1 1-16	1⅛	1 1-16	1⅛
Tonopah Mining	6⅝	6⅞	6⅝	6⅞
United Cigar Mfg.....	85	86	85	85
United Copper	6¼	7	6	7
United Copper pf.....	87	90	87	90
U. S. Light & Heat.....	2	2 1-16	2	2 1-16
U. S. L. & H. pf.....	7⅞	8	7⅞	8
Western Pacific 5s....	97	97⅛	97	97⅛
Yukon Gold Mining....	4⅜	4⅝	4⅜	4⅞

CURRENCY MOVEMENTS.

The reported movements of currency this week, according to the Wall Street Journal, indicate a loss in cash held by the banks of $3,200,000. The important source of loss was on Sub-Treasury operations, while from the interior the banks only gained moderately on balance. The banks received from the interior $7,806,000 and shipped to the interior $6,167,000, including $2,821,000 National bank notes sent to Washington for redemption. The gain from the interior was $1,139,000. Receipts of new gold were $964,000, namely, on New York Assay Office checks, $590,000; on San Francisco Mint checks, $337,000, and on Seattle Assay Office checks, $37,000. Ordinary disbursements by the Sub-Treasury were $18,384,000. Payments by the banks to the Sub-Treasury for customs, internal revenue, 5% redemption fund, &c., amounted to $23,967,000, showing a loss on the Sub-Treasury operations proper of $5,303,000. The total gain from the interior and by new gold was $2,106,000. Deducting this from the loss on Sub-Treasury operations proper, the net loss by the banks was $3,200.

THE COMMODITIES MARKETS.

Grains Strong and Higher—Provisions at New High Levels—Cotton Dull After Early Selling.

Wheat showed a strong advance, with an active trade. For many days the market has been hesitating and uncertain. Owing to the heavy receipts and the bearish situation of the foreign markets there has been a strong bearish contingent in the market which has looked for lower prices. The very heavy disappearance of wheat in America and the persistent strength of the cash markets has apparently offset the foreign situation, and prices have slowly but steadily worked up, developing a decided strength Thursday. The movement was influenced also by lighter Argentine and Australian offerings, and a good cash market.

The receipts were not so heavy at the West, and for four days there has been a decrease in the actual interior receipts of nearly 700,000 bushels, while the position of the cash wheat has been strong, and there were reports of lighter offerings in the country. A factor of considerable importance was the report of damage to the growing crop, particularly in the Southwest, where it has come out from under the snow. Cash wheat was firm at $1.29 for No. 2 red, elevator; domestic, $1.29, free on board; No. 1 Northern $1.20⅝; No. 2 hard Winter, $1.20⅝, and No. 1 Manitoba, $1.21⅝.

Corn was also active and strong, advancing readily, with quite active trading. The advance was influenced in part by the strength in wheat, but more particularly by the active covering of shorts at the West, and reports of lighter interior offerings. The receipts have decreased somewhat this week at the West and the shipments from the interior have been liberal. The market late was quiet, but firm at the advance. Cash corn was firm; No. 2 yellow, 75c.; No. 3 yellow, 74½c.; No. 4 yellow, 73½c.; No. 2 white, 75c.; No. 3 white, 74½c., and No. 4 white, 73½c.

Oats were also advanced, with an active trade. The market has rallied easily from the recent decline, and influenced by the strength of corn and wheat and the reports of lighter offerings of oats from the country, prices easily worked up, developing an active commission house trade on the advance. Cash oats were firm, but quiet. Quotations were: natural white, 32@36c.; white clipped, 36@39c.

Provisions included an excited, active trade in hog products, with prices advancing rapidly. The live hog market was strong, and the receipts disappointing. The packing reports showed a decrease of 115,000 for the week, and there has been a decrease of 2,610,000 since Nov. 1. The advance was accompanied by a good general volume of demand and the highest prices were made in the afternoon.

NEW YORK FUTURES.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Wed. Close.
May	$1.19⅛	$1.18⅝	$1.19⅛	$1.18
July	1.08⅞	1.08⅜	1.10	1.08⅝
Corn—				
May	..	..	75⅝	75
July	..	..	75⅝	75
September ..	..	..	75⅝	74⅝
Oats—				
May	..	..	52½	52

Curb, 2:30 P. M.—May—Wheat, $1.19⅛@$1.19⅜. Puts, $1.18⅜; calls, $1.19⅞.

CHICAGO FUTURES.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Wed. Close.
February	..	..	$1.18	$1.11⅛
May	$1.11⅞	$1.10¼	1.11⅝	1.10⅝
July	1.02⅝	1.01⅞	1.02⅜	1.00⅞
September ..	97⅛	96⅝	97⅛	96⅜

2:30-2:45 P. M.—May ups, $1.12⅜; downs, $1.10⅛@$1.10⅝.

Corn—				
February	..	..	63¼	63¼
May	66⅞	65⅝	66⅝	65⅝
July	66⅞	65⅞	66⅞	65⅝
September ..	66⅞	66	66¾	65⅝

May ups, 67¼@67½c; downs, 66½c.

Oats—				
May	47	46⅝	46⅞	46¼
July	43⅞	43⅝	43⅝	43⅜
September ..	41	40½	40¾	40⅜
Lard—				
May	12.32½	12.20	12.27½	12.25
July	12.27½	12.15	12.22½	12.20
Ribs—				
May	11.85	11.82½	11.87½	11.85
July	11.92½	11.80	11.87½	11.82½
Pork—				
May	22.75	22.42½	22.62½	22.42½
July	22.45	22.12½	22.37½	22.15

COTTON.

Interest in the cotton market was rather slow and the fluctuations small. The market opened off on the cables, and for a time there was a rather active selling movement. In fact, several lots of 5,000 and 10,000 bales were put on the market early and not very well taken. The selling seemed to disturb some of the small traders, who also sold but before midday the selling pressure was somewhat exhausted and prices steadied. Later there was quite a steady tone.

The early selling movement was due largely to disappointment at Liverpool reports, particularly the private reports and the advices of an active selling in Liverpool by large operators. The reports from the South regarding the spot situation were unchanged. The demand for spots was somewhat quieter, however, but somewhat firmer, and in some cases the market was ⅛ higher. The receipts were light both at the ports and at the interior, and the general understanding was that the end of the week's statistics would make a very favorable showing again both in the way of a small into sight movement and good spinners' takings, resulting in a probable decrease in the American visible.

Spot cotton quiet; middling uplands, 15.35; middling Gulf, 15.50.

COTTON PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Wed. Close.
February	14.90	14.90	14.86@14.88	14.97
March	14.96	14.84	14.85@14.86	14.94
April	..	..	14.87@14.89	14.93
May	15.07	14.92	14.99@	14.94
June	14.87	14.87	14.82@14.84	14.91
July	14.82	14.77	14.80@14.81	14.90
August	14.40	14.26	14.29@14.30	14.40
September	13.43	13.35	13.38@13.39	13.43
October	12.97	12.86	12.87@12.88	12.96
November	..	..	12.78@12.79	12.95
December	12.70	12.76	12.73@12.75	12.80

The market closed barely steady at 5 to 11 points decline.

COFFEE.

Coffee was steady at the opening, with prices unchanged to 5 points advance, influenced by cables from Europe. Later an easier feeling developed, and the close was quiet, with February unchanged and other months showing a decline of 5 points. Sales amounted to 12,000 bags. Havre advanced ¼f early, but closed net unchanged, while Hamburg closed unchanged to ¼ pfennig advance. The spot situation continues firm. Interior traders are not buying much coffee, and the demand is mostly of a small jobbing character. The visible supply of Brazilian coffee in and afloat for the United States is 3,750,740 bags, compared with 4,068,294 last year, the amount afloat being 180,000, compared with 1,019,000 a year ago.

Spot coffee quiet and steady; 8 11-16@8⅝c for Rio, No. 7.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Wed. Close.
February	..	..	6.90@6.95	6.90
March	..	..	6.90@6.95	6.95
April	..	..	6.95@7.00	7.00
May	7.05	7.05	7.00@7.05	7.03
June	..	..	7.05@7.10	7.10
July	7.10	7.10	7.10@7.15	7.15
August	..	..	7.10@7.15	7.15
September	7.15

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Office and Loft Buildings in Downtown Business Section Sold—Dow, Jones & Co. the Buyers of 42 Broad Street —Deal in Loft Zone—Bronx Property Booming.

Pease & Elliman have sold for Charles Buek the six-story office building at 132 and 134 Front Street, corner of Pine Street, occupying a plot, 40.10 by 98.5 and irregular. The purchaser is a client of the brokers, who buys for investment.

Crosby Street Loft in Trade.

Solomon Wolf has sold 101 and 103 Crosby Street, a seven-story loft building, on plot 48 by 68, between Spring and Prince Streets. In part payment the Bernice Realty Company, in which Mr. Wolf is interested, takes the five new two-family houses on Bay Thirty-fifth Street, near Bath Avenue, Bensonhurst.

Each house contains fifteen rooms on plot 80 by 100. Also a two-family brick house on Bay Seventeenth Street, near Bath Avenue, Bath Beach.

Dow, Jones & Co. Buyer of 42 Broad Street.

Dow, Jones & Co., publishers of The Wall Street Journal, are the buyers of the property 42 Broad Street, running through to 88 New Street, sold Wednesday at auction under foreclosure by Auctioneer Joseph P. Day on a bid of $304,500.

The property is the northerly half of the eight-story Edison Building, the southerly half of which stands on ground owned by the De Rahm estate.

The leasehold agreement under which the building was put up about twenty years ago provides that upon the expiration of the ground lease on the De Rham lots a party wall shall be constructed, converting the building into two separate structures.

This lease will expire in the near future and it is understood that Dow, Jones & Co. will then remodel the northerly part of the building for their own use. They now occupy the basement.

Important Deal in Loft Zone.

Baumann & Osorio have sold for William C. Walker 261 West Thirty-sixth Street, and for Joseph Moss 263 and 265 West Thirty-sixth Street, comprising three three-story and basement buildings, on plot 50.6 by 98.9. The buyer is William L. Levy, who intends to improve the plot.

Arnold, Byrne & Baumann have sold for Israel Lebowitz 343 and 345 West Forty-eighth Street, a four-story tenement, on plot 35 by 100.5.

Old Plot Changes Owners.

John M. Reid sold for Francis J. Keogh of Dublin, Ireland, the property known as 465 and 467 Third Avenue, situated at the southeast corner of Third Avenue and Thirty-second Street, two four-story brick buildings, with stores, and including building known as 202 East Thirty-second Street, on plot of land about 50 feet on Third Avenue by 85 feet on East Thirty-second Street, to Joseph Buttenwieser. This property has been in Mr. Keogh's possession for about thirty years.

Adam A. Schopp has sold for the estate of Mary N. Nelson 287 East Houston Street, a three-story building used as a theatre, on a lot 25 by 100.

Thomas P. Fitzsimons has sold for Miss Margaret A. Redington the three-story and basement dwelling 254 West Fifty-second Street, size 20.10 by 50 by 98.9.

Market for East Side Tenements.

J. S. Gluck has bought from the Elysian Realty Company, Ira J. Ettinger, President, the five-story tenement, with stores, at 2,203 Second Avenue, on lot 25 by 100, adjoining the northwest corner of 113th Street.

J. Levy & Co. have sold 302 East Eighty-second Street, a four-story tenement on lot 18 by 52.

Froman & Taubert have sold in conjunction with N. H. Weil and A. Mohlker 312 East Eighty-sixth Street the three-story and basement dwelling, on lot 17.6 by 102, for John and Alice O'Brien to a client for investment.

West Side Apartment Finds Buyer.

H. D. Baker & Brothers have sold for the Sun Construction Company to a client the six-story apartment house at 541 and 543 West 113th Street, occupying plot 100 by 100. The property has been held at $225,000.

Phoebe M. Mitchell has sold 18 Washington Terrace, a three-story brick dwelling, on lot 19.1 by 62.6. This is the southerly house on the west side of the terrace, a fifty-foot thoroughfare, beginning on the south side of 186th Street, between Amsterdam and Audubon Avenues.

Buys Hebrew Infant Asylum Property

A syndicate, headed by Harry Fischel, has purchased the property of the Hebrew Infant Asylum on the west side of Eagle Avenue, near 161st Street, in the Bronx, with a view to establishing a strictly orthodox orphan asylum for Jewish children. The property purchased consists of a plot 125 by 123, on which stands an old-fashioned three-story stone mansion and a small brick building, for isolation purposes.

The Hebrew Infant Asylum trustees who sold the building are erecting a new structure on Kingsbridge Road and Aqueduct Avenue, which will be ready for occupancy in about four months.

Bronx Sales.

L. Chase has sold for V. Horowitz the three lots, 75 by 100, southwest corner of Jennings Street and Vyse Avenue, to a builder for improvement.

Louis Lese has sold to Benjamin Benenson for immediate improvement the frame buildings, on plot 100 by 100, on the south side of 155th Street, 70 feet east of Melrose Avenue.

Louis Lese has sold to a builder for immediate improvement the southeast corner of Melrose Avenue and 162d Street, old buildings, on plot fronting 100 feet on the avenue and 70 feet on the street.

R. I. Brown's Sons have sold for Valentin Knorr the two-story frame dwelling on lot 25 by 100, situated on the south side of East 169th Street, about 40 feet west of Franklin Avenue, designated as 660 East 169th Street.

Heller & Sussman have sold for Max Cohen the northwest corner of 149th Street and Washington Avenue, 100 by 140, to a builder, who will erect three six-story buildings with fourteen stores; also, for John Davis the corner of 164th Street and Washington Avenue to the Amiren Realty and Construction Company, and for Albert London the northwest corner of Union Avenue and 168th Street, a plot 42 by 94, to an investor.

Benjamin Benenson has sold the five-story apartment house nearing completion, on plot 55 by 100, on the north side of 163d Street, 20 feet east of Melrose Avenue.

The Consolidated Board of Brokers have sold for a client the plot 75 by 100 on the west side of Kelly Street, 90 feet south of 167th Street, to the R. & S. Realty Company.

The Fleischmann Brothers' Company has bought 491 to 505 East 140th Street, near Willis Avenue, four five-story apartment houses, each on plot 37.6 by 100. A plot of 127 lots in Paterson, N. J., was given in exchange. The purchaser of the lots is a New York manufacturer, who will improve the site with a factory for his own business.

118 Baychester Lots at Auction.

Bryan L. Kennelly sold at auction yesterday under foreclosure proceedings, 118 parcels in the Baychester section of the Bronx. A total of $50,900 was realized. Most of the property was bought by the plaintiff. Other buyers were Sonn Brothers, L. Napoleon Levy, Mrs. Agnes K. Murphy Mulligan, and J. W. Stevenson.

Suburban Sales.

Capt. William Brown and A. H. Parsons have sold the Searing farm of fifty-eight acres at Rockville Centre to William N. Ridge of Lynbrook, the consideration being about $80,000.

Mrs. E. W King of Bay Shore has sold a plot of ground on Main Street, near the water works, for the M. E. Young estate, to W. R. Jones; also, a lot on Clinton Avenue for the South Shore Realty Company to Ernestine Hein.

D. B. Keeler Jr., has sold to the Monmouth Beach Club Company the De Gray estate fronting on the ocean at Monmouth Beach, N. J., to be used in connection with the new bathing pavilion and swimming pool now being erected on the sight of the old bath houses.

Recent Buyers.

M. B. Rothschild is the buyer of the dwelling 145 West Eighty-fifth Street, sold recently by Alfred E. Toussaint for Antonio Knauth.

Edward J. Welling is the purchaser of the dwelling 205 West 128th Street, sold recently.

Jacob Berman is the buyer of 275 West 122d Street, recently reported sold.

Samuel H. Lever is the purchaser of the dwelling 130 East Eightieth Street, sold by Davis & Robinson for John C. Barr.

Apartment Planned for 150th Street.

Plans have been filed for a six-story elevator apartment house with suites for forty-nine families, to be erected from designs by Gronenberg & Leuchtag, architects, on 150th Street, 125 feet west of Broadway. It is to be of brick, limestone, and terra cotta, with a frontage of 130 feet and a depth of 86.11 feet and will cost $175,000.

New Corridor in Gerry Building.

Plans have been filed for building a new corridor with terrazza and mosaic flooring in the second story of the twelve-story Gerry Building, owned by the wife of Elbridge T. Gerry, at the northwest corner of Broadway and Warren Street, the improvements including the installation of new electric lighting. The alterations have been designed by J. B. Baker as architect.

Receivers Appointed.

Eugene L. Parodi has been appointed receiver of the rents of 222 to 258 West 135th Street, nineteen small private dwellings on plot 350 by 99.11, by Justice Gerard of the Supreme Court, pending a suit brought by Adele Berry Sloane, executrix of the estate of William Sloane, and others, to foreclose a mortgage of $250,000 made by Abraham T. Jacobs on May 16, 1907.

Ernest E. Wheeler has been appointed receiver of the rents of 206 West 139th Street, by Justice Gerard, of the Supreme Court, pending a suit brought by Patrick A. O'Loughlin against the Interurban Home Company and others to foreclose a second mortgage of $4,000. The prior mortgage is $31,000.

J. M. Gidding & Co. Lease Fifth Avenue Building.

J. M. Gidding & Co., one of the largest women's wear concerns in the country, with stores in Cincinnati and Duluth, has leased the large building at 546 to 548 Fifth Avenue, at Forty-sixth Street, and will in the near future establish a business there. The building is to be remodeled throughout. The company intends that the new store shall be one of the best equipped in the city. The business will be conducted along the lines pursued by the firm in Cincinnati, which has long been known there as the "Store Beautiful."

For several years the company has maintained New York offices, but their business here has been increasing in volume to such an extent that it was thought advisable to establish a store. Thomas P. Gidding, one of the five Gidding brothers, said yesterday that he and his brothers had been negotiating for the property on Fifth Avenue since last June. Work on the building will be started at once, he said.

Manhattan Trust Company Retains Its Present Location.

The Manhattan Trust Company executed yesterday the lease of offices in the new building to be erected at the corner of Wall and Nassau Streets, for an aggregate period of eighty-four years. The trust company will occupy the first floor of the new building for the entire depth of Nassau Street, and half the width of the building on Wall Street, together with the basement. The trust company has thus retained the location which it has occupied for so long a time.

Tenement Commissioner Murphy to Talk.

Tenement House Commissioner John J. Murphy will address the meeting of the House and Real Estate Owners' Association, to be held this evening at Turn Hall, Eighty-fifth Street and Lexington Avenue. Several other city officials are expected to be present and talk.

Notes.

The Lewis H. May Company has leased for the Remington Realty Company a Boardwalk store at Arverne, L. I., to Otto Frank, for a term of years.

Jesse T. Meeker was the broker in the sale of the seventeen-foot gore lot at 453 Seventh Avenue, sold by the Chase estate to Frederick and William Hussey. Mr. Meeker says there is no truth in the report that a modern hotel is to be erected on the northeast corner of Thirty-fourth Street and Seventh Avenue, and that the sale of this plot was necessary to carry out the plans of the hotel projectors.

The following were elected members of the Real Estate Board of Brokers: Alwyn Ball, Jr., William A. Shelton, Leroy Coventry, and Wheaton Vaughan.

Suit has been begun in the Supreme Court by William F. Clare and Thomas P. Fitzsimons, trustees of the estate of William Brennan, against Benjamin Butler Davenport and others to foreclose a mortgage of $256,340 on property on the south side of Sixty-third Street, 148.4 feet east of Broadway, a plot 100 by 100.5. The mortgage was made on June 11, 1909.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

Mercer St, 237, w s, 100 ft s of 2d St, 22x100, six-story loft and store building; foreclosure sale, to H. C. Landes, $42,300.

Monroe St, 18, s s, about 250 ft e of Catharine St, 26x47x25x50.10, five-story tenement; also Hamilton St, 21, s s, 244.2 ft e of Catharine St, 16.9x80x irregular two-story tenement; also Allen St, 173, w s, 50 ft s of Stanton St, 20x55, three-story front and five-story rear tenements; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, $42,000.

Division St, 225, s e, about 165 ft s of Clinton St, 22.10x107.6 to East Broadway, three-story tenement and three-story office building; foreclosure sale, adjourned to Feb. 18.

By Hugh D. Smyth.

Westchester Av, s s, corner of 163d St, 68.6x86x22.5x97.11, vacant; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, B. L. Peck, $26,700.

By William Kennelly, Jr.

115th St, 400, s s, 75 ft w of Pleasant Av, 20x100.11; Romberg tenement; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Emanuel Arnstein, $6,815.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

Croton Av, 2,465, s e, 265.2 ft s of 180th St, 70x96x irregular, three-story dwelling and vacant; foreclosure sale, withdrawn.

By Terry & Tweedy.

Property fronting on Westchester, Western, Central, Lawrence, Railroad, Ferris, St. Agnes, Sea View, Lorillard, Bridge, Main, and St. Mary's Aves. in the Baychester section of the Bronx; to various buyers, $50,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

24th St, 541 to 545 West, for a one-story brick factory, 75x107.6; Ghedill & Kelly, 55 West 24th St, owners; W. Higginson, architect; cost, $75,000.

142d St, s s, 485 ft e of Lenox Av, for a six-story brick office building, 80x20; Thompson Brothers, 47 West 59th St, owners; Neville & Bagge, architects; cost, $800.

Cathedral Parkway, s e corner of Columbus Av, for a one-story brick store, 123.8x150.10; Interborough Rapid Transit Co., owner; F. W. Herter, architect; cost, $55,000.

150th St, s s, 125 ft w of Broadway, for a six-story brick store and flats, 125x84.11; West 138th Street Realty and Construction Co., 680 Willoughby Av, Brooklyn, owner; Gronenberg & Leuchtag, architects; cost, $178,000.

Intervale Av, n s, 83 ft w of Bock St, for two five-story brick tenements, 40x68 each; John J. Tully Co., 884 Southern Boulevard, owner; E. J. Byrne, architect; cost, $130,000.

162d St, n e corner of Adams Place, for a five-story brick tenement; 49.1 14-16x78.7 18-40; the Walker Construction Co., 70 East 58th St, owner; Moore & Landsdell, architects; cost, $50,000.

Mapes Av, w s, 100 ft s of 177th St, for two five-story brick tenements, 45x97.08; John W. Cornish Construction Co., 680 East 139th St, owner; Harry T. Howell, architect; cost, $110,000.

Alterations.

Items involving less than $5,000 omitted.

82d St, 220 East; to a five-story brick tenement; C. B. Meyers, 1 Union Square West, owner and architect; cost, $5,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, FEB. 10.

ALLEN ST, 81, w s, 25.1x87.6; Sarah Cohen to Edmund Bittner, (mtg $25,400,) $15,700.

BROADWAY, s w corner of 65th St, 116.1x194.11; John L. Miller to Empire Square Realty Co., $100.

BURKE AV, s s, 300 ft s of Jefferson Av, 22x100; Alma E. Nordstrom to Kate Burke, $100.

CHRYSTIE ST, 165, w s, 25x106; Mary White to Edward Kates, $1.

CHRYSTIE ST, 168, w s, 25x100; Edward Kates to Celina Kates, $1.

COLLEGE AV, 1,029, w s, 22x92.6; Joseph Krimsky to Samuel Mann, (mtg $9,000,) $100.

COLLEGE AV, 1,045, w s, 22x92.6; Anna Reiss to Portia Horwitz, (mtg $9,000,) $100.

CROSBY ST, 101 and 103, e s, 40x84.9; Wolf Solomon to Ernest Wiehe of Brooklyn, (mtg $47,500,) $1.

DALY AV, w s, 277.11 ft s of 177th St, 75.9x101.7; Emma Levinson to Winnie Realty & Consrtuction Co., $1.

FOREST AV, s s, 245.2 ft e of 165th St, 21x100; Minnie C. Ewing to George W. Bishop of Los Angeles, Cal., $1.

LEXINGTON AV, 720, s w corner of 68th St, 20.5x68.9; Emily C. Ragan to Thomas J. O'Brien and another, (mtg $35,000,) $1.

LOTS 2, 28, and 29, Block 29, map of Pelham Park; Mary A. Graham to Andreas Welf, $1.

MOTT ST, n s, Lot 61, map of Melrose South, 50x106.6; Helen T. Huntington to Mary Connelly, $1.

PROSPECT AV, n e corner of 169th St, 22x irregular; Gustave Carl to Sandow Realty Co., (mtg $23,000,) $1.

ROGERS PLACE, e s, 350.1 ft n of Westchester Av, 50x90; Edward Stelter to Christian Vorndran's Sons, $100.

SHERMAN AV, s w corner of Emerson St, 100x135; R. Clarence Dorsett to Charles Hensle Realty Co., (mtg $25,000,) $100.

WAVERLEY PLACE, s w corner of Charles St, 38.10x75; Baruch Kahn to Arieanna M. Kahn, (mtg $29,500,) $100.

1ST AV, 1,533, w s, 25x80; Daniel W. Patterson to Benjamin Wertheim and others, (mtg $11,000,) $250.

1ST AV, 1,553, w s, 25x80; Benjamin Wertheim and others to Horowitz Brothers, (mtg $11,000,) $16,174.

1ST AV, 1,851, w s, 25x80; Daniel W. Patterson to Benjamin Wertheim and others, (mtg $11,000,) $1,000.

1ST AV, 1,851, w s, 25x80; Benjamin Wertheim and others to Horowitz Brothers, (mtg $11,000,) $16,174.

3D AV, 3,428, e s, 25x104.6; Irene C. Brown to Mary L. Brown, $100.

3D AV, 465 and 467, e s, 49.1x85; Francis J. Keogh to Joseph L. Buttenwieser, (mtg $8,000,) $100.

5TH ST, 340, s s, 100 ft w of 1st Av, 25x92.2; Bernat Weisberger to Ignatz Weisberger, (mtg $37,000,) $1.

6TH AV, 564 to 568, w s, 52.8x irregular; Arax H. Tavshanjian to Arpinee and Ardemis Tavshanjian, quitclaim, $1.

7TH ST, 127 East, n s, 25x97.5; Hyman Galef to Max Galef, $100.

7TH AV, 2,482, w s, 40x100; Ludwig Marx to Max Marx, (mtgs $60,000,) $100.

9TH ST, 807 East, n e corner of Avenue D, 101.11x26.8; Bernat Springer, (mtg $36,500,) $1.

9TH ST, 809 and 810 East, s s, 40.9x93.11; Hamilton Holding Co. to Rachel Solow, (mtg $42,250,) $100.

12TH ST, s s, 357.8 ft e of 2d Av, 25x irregular; Domenico Bonomolo to Sam Rosen, (mtg $40,750,) $2,000.

13TH ST, 337, n s, 18.9x80; Mary F. Macdougall and others to Henry A. Wingert, $100.

17TH ST, 409 East, n s, 25x92; Bernat Springer to Ignatz Welsberger, (mtg $20,000,) $1.

29TH ST, 118, West, 20x98.9; William Nelson to Mary Rieser, $100.

29TH ST, 118 West, 20x98.9; Mary Rieser to Aaron Coleman, (mtg $28,000,) $100.

34TH ST, 13 and 15 West, 50x126.6; Bonwit Realty Co. to Frank A. Seitz, (mtg $700,000,) $100.

36TH ST, 215 and 217 West, 40.4x75; Priscella J. Geger to H. Henry Douglas, (mtgs $23,000,) $100.

40TH ST, 553 West, 25x98.9; Samuel Wacht to Isabelle Realty Co., (mtgs $12,500,) $100.

41ST ST, n s, 175 ft e of 10th Av, 25x98.9; Mortimer C. Baldwin to S. Taber Bayles, $100.

60TH ST, s s, 314.2 ft w of 2d Av, 19.2x100.5; Morris Weil to Celia Stern, $1.

61ST ST, 247 West, 25x100.5; John F. Fox to Armor Realty Co., (mtg $14,000,) $1.

61ST ST, 247 West, n s, 25x100.5; Armor Realty Co. to John F. Fox of Jersey City, N. J., (mtg $13,000,) $1.

73D ST, s s, 275.2 ft e of 5th Av, 22.7x102.2; Benjamin G. Paskus to Clara M. Blum, (mtg $65,000,) $1.

86TH ST, 103 to 109 East, n s, 100x100.8; Isidore S. Korn and another to Harry G. Cowen and another, (mtg $88,000,) $100.

106TH ST, 52 and 54 East, s s, 50x100.11; Charles Plaum to Edgar A. Landauer, (mtg $51,800,) $1.

106TH ST, 52 and 54 East, s s, 50x100.11; Edgar A. Landauer to Charles M. Rosenthal and another, (mtg $51,800,) $100.

118TH ST, 411 to 415 East, n s, 50x100.11; Sidney Bell to Rosa Gold of Brooklyn, $1.

120TH ST, 2 East, s e corner of 5th Av, 100x25.5; Lorin S. Bernheimer to Max Garfunkel, $1.

135TH ST, n s, 75 ft e of 5th Av, 25x99.11; Carl L. Schurz to Julius M. Cohen, (mtg $16,000,) $1,000.

135TH ST, 3 East, 25x99.11; Carl L. Schurz to Julius M. Cohen, $18,000.

140TH ST, 501 East, n s, 37.6x100; Joshua Silverstein to Isidore D. Morrison, (mtg $28,000,) $100.

150TH ST, 418 West, s s, 16.6x99.11; Sophie von Ainsberg to Martin O'Dowd, $100.

157TH ST, n s, 125 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 25x99.11; Charles R. Buckley and others to Merwin Realty Co., $1.

165TH ST, s s, 84.9 ft e of Washington Av, 47.10x95; Louis Lese to Belwood Realty Co., (mtg $7,500,) $100.

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 5% unless otherwise specified.

AVERILL, Cornelia K., to Morris M. Sinske; Hester St, 46, s s, 25x—x25x50, prior mtg $16,000, due, &c., as per bond, ... $400

ARNOLD, Sarah E., to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; 74th St, 152 West, s s, 20x102.2, 3 years, 4%..... $20,000

BUCKERT, Elise, to Nathan Mayer; Madison Av, 1,698, due March 14, 1911, 6%..... $2,000

BARKIN CONSTRUCTION CO. to Meteor Realty and Construction Co.; 90th St, n s, 125 ft w of West End Av, 75x100.11, prior mtg $71,000, 1 year, 6%..... $15,000

BURGTORF, Anna, to Elizabeth H. Jaques; Belmont Av, n e corner of 183d St, 100x250; 3 years, 5%..... $7,500

BERMAN, Jacob, to Ernst Beekmann; Brook Av, 498, 24.11x100, prior mtg $19,000, 3 years, 6%..... $3,000

BROHMER, Margaretha M., to Jane Franklin; Fordham Av, extension, s s, adjoining land of Margaretha M. Mrohmer, 46x150, City Island, 3 years, 5½%..... $1,000

C. N. SHURMAN INVESTING CO. to Metropolitan Savings Bank; Greenwich St, 762, w s, 17.6x—, 5 years, 5½%..... $6,000

C. N. SHURMAN INVESTING CO. to Carl Ernst; Greenwich St, 762, w s, 17.6x—, prior mtg $6,000, 1 year, 6%..... $1,750

CARROZZA, Pasquale, to Joseph E. Dutey; Vyse Av, w s, 75 ft s of Jennings St, 25x100, prior mtg $2,000, due, &c., as per bond $900

DUMRAUF, George, to Harlem Savings Bank; 156th St, s s, 200 ft w of Courtlandt Av, 25x100, 3 years $5,000

DOHM, Bertha, to Samuel Lebowitz; Clay Av, e s, 384 ft n of 165th St, 27x80, 4 years, 6% $2,400

CHARLES HENSLE REALTY CO. to R. Clarence Dorsett; Sherman Av, e s corner of Emerson St, 1 year $22,000

HEBBLE, Christian B., to John T. Mahoney; old Boston Road, s w s, 637 ft s e of land now or late of Thomas P. Thorn, 200x115x200.5x206.8, prior mtg $6,000, due Aug. 1, 1911, 2% $3,670

EMPIRE SQUARE REALTY CO. to Russell Sage Foundation; Broadway, s w corner of 85th St, 100.5x irregular, 3 years, 4½% $45,000

FULTON-WENDOVER CONSTRUCTION CO. to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; Lots 25 to 26, map of 176 lots, Bathgate estate, 2 mtgs, each $40,000, 3 years $80,000

FORTY-FIFTH ST EXCHANGE to Manhattan Life Insurance Co.; 45th St, 141 to 147 West, 83.6x100, due, &c., as per bond $220,000

GALEF, May, to Hyman Berns; 7th St, 127 East, n s, 25x97.5, demand $686

HART, William M., to Harlem Savings Bank; Teller Av, e s, 16.2x79.10, 1 year $750

FOX, John F., to Annie J. Zunz; 61st St, 84 West, 20x100.5, prior mtg $12,000, 1 year, 6% $2,500

HOCHSTADTER, Louise F., and Harry G., to Seymour Realty Co.; 56th St, 43 West, 20x100.5, 3 years, 4½% $30,000

EOROWITZ BROTHERS & MARGARETEN, a Corporation, to Emanuel Arnstein and others, executors; 149 Av, 1,251, and 1,253, 50x80; William St, 52, s s, 10.5x—; Mangin St, w s, 71.2 ft s of Stanton St, 50x100; 79th St, 213 East, 20x102.2, prior mtg —, due, &c., as per bond $9,345

JANSEN, George, to Minnie Mazziotta; Fulton St, e s, 200 ft n of Decatur Av, prior mtg $5,000, due, &c., as per bond $6,000

KRONENBERGER, Jacob, to Francisco E. Hohmann, Boston Road, n w s, part of Lot 81, map of Morrisania, 33.11x—, 3 years, 6% $5,000

LEVEY, Augusta A., to Title Guarantee Co., Jerome Av, n e corner of 184th St, 87.6x100, 1 year, 6% $16,000

MARVIN, Jennie A., to Louise Withey; Arthur Av, e s, 609.8 ft s of Kingsbridge Road, 50.2x101, installments, 6% $350

MERWIN REALTY CO. to Alexander Mortgage Co., 157th St, s s, 125 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 25x99.11, 3 years, 5½% $9,500

MINSKER REALTY CO. to Title Guarantee Co.; Chrystie St, w s, 100.1 ft s of Stanton St, 50x—, due, &c., as per bond $150,000

MINSKER REALTY CO. to Hudson Mortgage Co.; Chrystie St, w s, 100.1 ft s of Stanton St, 50x—, prior mtg $150,000, 2 years, 6% $20,000

OLYER, William F., to Francis J. Cox; Morris Av, s e corner of 163d St, 50x101, 3 years $2,000

O'BRIEN, Thomas J., and another, to Emily C. Regan; Lexington Av, 736, s w corner of 58th St, 20.5x82.8, prior mtg $35,000, due, &c., as per bond $16,000

OLSON, Ole, to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; Union Av, 984, e s, 97.6x100, 5 years $32,000

O'DOWD, Martin, to Sophie von Ainsberg; 150th St, 415 West, s s, 16.6x99.1, 3 years $10,000

MILANEO, Antonio, to George Maiuori; Lots 88 and 90, map of Custer estate, due Aug. 1, 1912, 6% $7,000

REISER, Mary, to William Nelson; 29th St, 118, s s, 200 ft w of 6th Av, 20x98.9, 3 years $25,000

SCHMOCKENBECKER, Sarah M., to Hudson Trust Co.; Bathgate Av, 2,164, e s, 26.4x100, prior mtg $4,500, 1 year, 6% $2,000

SEGAL REALTY CO. to Morris Silverman; Bowery, e s, 111.1 ft n of Rivington St, 38.11x—, prior mtg $110,000, 6 months, 6% $7,000

THOMAS H. TULLY CONSTRUCTION CO. to City Mortgage Co.; Home St, s s, 56.7 ft w of Prospect Av, 46.11x107.6, demand $22,000

RICHARDSON, Emma B., to Georgiana Maclay; 56th St, 54, s s, 80.6 ft e of Madison Av, 18.6x80, prior mtg $85,000, 3 years, 6% $10,000

WIEDA, Ernst, to Wolf Solomon; Crosby St, 101 and 103, s e s, 61.6x84.5x39.4x64.9, 4 years, 6% $4,500

WINGERT, Henry A., to Women's Board of Foreign Missions of the Reformed Church in America; 13th St, 237 West, 18.9x80, 5 years $9,000

WINGERT, Henry A., to C. Albert Wingert; 13th St, 237 West, 18.9x80, prior mtg $9,000, due, &c., as per bond $2,000

ZUCKER, Barnet, and another to Katherine Chambers; 4th St, 118 East, s w s, 25x96.3, 3 years, 6% $25,000

ZUCKER, Barnet, and another to Nathan Kohn; 4th St, 118 East, s w s, 25x96.2, 4 years, 6% $5,000

Mechanics' Liens.

BASSETT AV, w s, 246.2 ft s of McDonald St, 24.2x100; Howes Manufacturing Co. against Benedikta Gunderson and Gunderson Brothers, owners; Peter J. Gunderson, contractor, $400.

UNION AV, 827; John Rendall against Goliehill Realty Co., owner and contractor, $3,850.

163TH ST, 111 and 113 East; Hudson Woodworking Co. against Elmer Realty Co., owner and contractor, $900.

BASSETT AV, w s, 246.2 ft s of McDonald St, 24x100; Patrick J. Twomey against Benedicti Gunderson, owner; Peter Gunderson, contractor, $400.

AV B, 225 and 237; Philip Friedman and others against Anna D'Amico, owner and contractor, $85.

ELM ST, w s, 125 ft n of Locust Av, 25x100; Hudson Woodworking Co. against Corti Building Co., owner and contractor, $57.

45TH ST, 141 to 147 West; Alfred E. Norton Co. against Forty-fifth Street Exchange, owner; John R. Olson, owner and contractor, $5,811.

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

120TH ST, 512 East; Jacob N. Prudovsky against Belwood Realty Co. and others, Feb. 8, 1910, $235.

AUDUBON AV, s e corner of 176th St; Luigi Naccarato against Munden Construction Co. and others, Nov. 29, 1909, $1,180.

44TH ST, 307 East; Nathan Garter against Teobaldo Tentonico and others, Nov. 30, 1909, $557.

45TH ST, 141 to 147 West; Wolf Galband against Forty-fifth Street Exchange and others, Jan. 22, 1910, $780.

45TH ST, 141 to 147 West; M. P. Westergren, Inc., against Forty-fifth Street Exchange, Jan. 27, 1910, $5,850.

45TH ST, 141 to 147 West; Howell & Lawrence against Forty-fifth Street Exchange, Feb. 7, 1910, $6,552.

96TH St, s s, 100 ft e of Riverside Drive; Goodman Contracting Co. against Cumming Construction Co. and others, Dec. 14, 1909, (by bond,) $881.

Lis Pendens.

143D ST, 610 to 616 West; Amelia Bach against Henrietta A. Mittnacht and others, (partition;) attorneys, Hitchings & Pallister.

HESTER ST, 103; Nathan Lamport against Sarah Goldstein and others, (action to set aside deed;) attorney, S. Hellinger.

4TH ST, s s, 102 ft e of Av C, 44x96.2; Nathan Lamport against Sarah Goldstein and others, (action to set aside deed;) attorney, S. Hellinger.

71ST ST, n s, 75 ft w of Av A, 25x54.4; Henry Seller against John Schmidt and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, F. C. Hirleman.

PERRY ST, 113 and 115; Abraham A. Levin against Emanuel S. Gates and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Abramson & Potter.

26TH ST, 33 to 44 West; Rosanna Batchelor against Eugene E. Hinkle and others, (action to enforce agreement, &c.;) attorneys, Marrill & Rogers.

MAPES AV, s w corner of 179th St, 75x145; Minor O. Russ against John B. Westervelt, (specific performance;) attorney, S. Mork.

110TH ST, 223 and 235 East; State Bank against Hyman Schlessinger and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. A. Kohn.

INTERVALE AV, n w s, 403.10 ft s w of Home St, 25x125.2; Frederick T. Hoffman against William Wainwright and others, (foreclosure of two mortgages;) attorney, E. Hall.

KINGSBRIDGE ROAD, w s, 127.10 ft n of land of Lucius Chittenden, known as Lots 6 and 7, 60x118.10; Andrew J. Commick against F. De Witt Wells, executor, and others, (amended specific performance;) attorney, W. F. Clare.

107TH ST, n s, 212 ft w of 4th Av, 17x100.11; Edw. A. Walton, trustee, against Martin A. Dewey and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, A. H. Sicilian.

PLEASANT AV, w s, 25.2 ft s of 108th St, 25.8x93; Daniel London against John La Spina and others, (action to foreclose lien;) attorney, J. Gans.

115TH ST, 237 and 239 West; Leopold Rothschild against William A. P. Phipps and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. Gordon.

NEW BOWERY, 47; Harlan F. Stone, trustee, against Charles W. Bauschat and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Wilmer, Canfield & Stone.

63D ST, s s, 148.4 ft e of Broadway, 100x100.5; William F. Clare and others against Benjamin B. Davenport and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. L. Clare.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

We wish to call the attention of the Spring buyers to the following private dwellings in the best residential section of Manhattan Island

$22,000 Cheapest 3-story modern private dwelling, near 72d St. subway express station.

$26,500 A decided bargain in a 3-story up-to-date brownstone private house on 87th St.; 2 modern baths; electric lights.

$27,000 Large 21-foot, 3-story private house in the Nineties, near Central Park West.

$30,000 The very best 4-story private house in Park block, in the Eighties; complete in every detail.

$32,500 Extraordinary opportunity to secure a fine house, built expressly for physician.

$40,000 Cheapest 4-story 20-foot house in the Seventies, on a street that appeals to every home buyer.

$45,000 Elegant 4-story 20-foot private residence, near Riverside Drive; complete in all its appointments; bow window, with beautiful view of Hudson River.

We will be pleased to show you any of these houses upon request

Frank L. Fisher Co.
440 Columbus Av., cor. 81st

For Sale at a Bargain.
Three four story private Houses, 66, 68, 70 Washington Place; ripe for improvements; terms easy. Caretaker on premises.
FRANCES DOVALE, 7 Pine St.

WHITEWASHING
F. J. FLECK & CO., 407 West 125th St.
LOFTS KALSOMINED.

Reduce Plumbing Bills
We will tell you how. Write or 'phone to The Soles Plumbing Inspection System, 1,691 Park Av. Tel. 369 Harlem.

West Side.

Private Dwellings
A Very Choice List for Sale

$20,000 In the 90's; handy to subway and stations; three story and basement; modern in every respect; this is a sacrifice; act quickly.

$26,000 Near 96th st. Subway station; three story and basement; electric light and every modern improvement; house in fine condition.

$26,500 Near 103d st. subway; five story American basement; three baths; could not be built for the price asked.

$30,000 Near 79th st. subway station; four story and basement; 19 ft., with bath extension; the price asked is much below the market value.

$31,000 Near 86th st. subway station; a very choice private block; four story and basement; 20 ft. wide; parquette floors and every modern improvement.

$40,000 Best block in the 80's; near subway station; four story and basement; 19 ft.; bathroom extension; in first class condition; this is a big bargain.

$55,000 Near 72d st. entrance to Central Park; four story and basement; 22 ft. wide; handsomely appointed and in first class condition.

$70,000 Near 72d st. subway station; a magnificent four story and basement; modern and very choice; owner anxious to sell; will accept reasonable offer.

Satisfactory terms can be arranged on the above; in some cases exchanges can be effected. See us without delay.

Fred'k Zittel & Sons,
Broadway and 79th St.

SPECULATORS!
$4,000 BUYS 2 5-STORY SINGLE FLATS, STORES, AND BASEMENT STORES IN WEST 133D ST. HAVE ALSO 2 6-STORY NEW-LAW HOUSES, SHOWING A RENTAL OF $7,000 EACH, WITH ALL IMPROVEMENTS, ON A 100-FOOT WIDE STREET, WITH CROSSTOWN TROLLEY, HALF BLOCK OF SUBWAY STATION, WITH STORES. $9,000 BUYS BOTH. JAMES A. JACKSON, 122 WEST 135TH ST.

AT BARGAIN.
Opportunity to buy 3-story and basement private house, 16.8x100, on 131st St., between 7th and 8th Aves. Very little cash needed. Apply Louis Schlechter, 540 Lenox Ave.

For Sale or Rent.—Nice private house, 136th St., near 7th Av.; well adapted for doctor or dentist. Reply A B 100 Times, Times Square.

Estate Sale.—Full lot; 8 rooms; 5-story tenement, 16th and 8th Av.; heirs need money. Duross Co., 155 West 14th St.

For Sale—439 and 441 West 54th St., 50x100, and 444 West 55th St. Thomas Devine, 106 West End Av.

Washington Heights.

$11,000 WILL BUY
6-story new-law house, 37.6x100; non-elevator, one minute from 137th St. Subway station. Rents $7,300. Shows 20% on investment. Further particulars from BRAISTED, GOODMAN & HERSHFIELD, 2,783 Broadway at 107th Street.

East Side.

LEXINGTON AV., N. W. COR. 126TH ST.

COPPER FIGURES FAVORABLE.

Deliveries Larger Than Ever and Stocks Materially Decreased.

The figures of copper production, stocks, and deliveries for January, made public yesterday after the meeting of the Copper Producers' Association, are the most favorable, from the producers' standpoint, since the association was organized, a year ago. Stocks of 98,463,339 pounds of the metal on hand at all points in the United States on Feb. 1 compared with 141,766, 111 pounds on hand on Jan. 1, and the reduction of 43,302,772 pounds is the largest made in any previous monthly period. The largest previous decrease in stocks was shown on Aug. 1, when the falling off was 32,261,454 pounds.

Production during January totaled 116,-547,287 pounds, compared with 117,828,655 in December, 1909, a falling off of 1,281,-368 pounds. Deliveries, on the other hand, made the largest showing in the history of the association, reaching a total of 159,850,059 pounds, against deliveries of 129,066,071 pounds in December and of 150,539,057 pounds in July, when the largest previous monthly total was shown.

Of the deliveries during January, 81,-691,672 pounds were for export and 78,-158,387 pounds for domestic consumption.

BUSINESS SLOWER IN WEST.

President Earling of St. Paul Speaks of Canceled Orders, but Roads Are Busy.

President Albert J. Earling of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad spent a part of yesterday at the New York offices of the road, and before returning to Chicago let drop a few words of discouragement about the immediate business situation in the West.

Mr. Earling was quoted as saying:

"I have just learned that the West is canceling orders. Merchants who have right along been buying in large quantities are slowing up on their commitments, and those who have ordered shipments of manufactured goods for delivery during the Spring are countermanding them. A business recession may be on the way and it may not, but certainly no favorable construction can be placed upon the fact of canceled orders.

"The St. Paul road is doing all the business it can possibly handle. Of course, a large part of it is freight whose transit was delayed by the inadequate service during December and January, but even making allowance for this, traffic is of large volume."

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Yacht Owner Loses the First Test Case Under New Tariff.

The first of many protests against the legality of the tax imposed on foreign-built yachts by the Aldrich-Payne tariff act was decided yesterday adversely to the contention of Frank A. Steele, the owner of a small gasolene launch. Mr. Steele's boat was of Canadian or English construction, and was entered at the port of Niagara Falls.

The Collector exacted a duty, of 35 per cent. in lieu of the alternate tonnage tax provided for in the new tariff. The valuation placed on the yacht by the Collector is not disputed, but the claim is made that the yacht is free of duty as not being a "vessel," while a further contention made is that the launch is an "imported article," as that term is used in the law, and therefore free of duty. Neither of these claims is allowed by the Board of Appraisers, which upholds in its decision the assessment imposed by the customs authorities.

Judge Somerville, who writes the decision for the board, points out that the assessment is not made on the theory that the vessel in question is an imported article, but on the ground of ownership by a citizen of the United States and for use otherwise than for trade or commercial purposes. It appears that the right of the board to pass upon the question at issue was brought up, but the decision disposes of this question by showing that whereas "vessels" were not specifically enumerated in former tariff acts they are named in the law of 1909. Hence, it is maintained, the customs tribunal has jurisdiction. The imposition of the tax is upheld. The probability is that the case eventually will reach the United States Supreme Court on appeal.

Equitable Likely to Keep Paul Morton.

The approach of the annual meeting of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, scheduled for next week, the first held since the majority stock passed into the hands of J. P. Morgan, has aroused interest in Wall Street in possible changes in the offices of the society. Paul Morton, who became President after the passing of the Hyde régime, has refused to discuss whether or not he will remain in office, but his friends believe he will be re-elected for another term.

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY.

FEDERAL.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Noyes, JJ.—124—McDonald Eng Co v. Mann. 125—Juilliard v. Barr. 131—Amer Can Co v. Williams. 134—Penn R R v. Kelly. 139—G & J Tife Co v. U S Agency. 152—International Time Recording Co v. Bundy Co. 181—Nat Cash Register Co v. Amer Cash Register Co. 232—In re Day. 161—Village S S Co v. Standard Oil Co. 164—J Reilly Repair Co v. Smith.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Coxe, J.—Motion calendar. 1—People v. Bleecker St & C R R. 2—McKinnon v. Morse. 3—Bartlett v. U S Fidelity & G Co. 4—Chaloner v. N Y Evening Post. 5—Submarine Rock Breaking Co v. Submarine Co. 6—Wolf v. Guardian F I Co. 7—Schlochtmers v. Dupont de Nemours Co. 8—Ward v. Chelsea Bank. 9—Jacobs v. Petersen Lake, &c., Co. 10—Burlingham v. Armiston. 11—U S v. Neeley. 12—Havana Commi Co v. Walter. 13—In re Whitridge. 14—Leonard v. Lozier Motor Co. 15—Hillard v. Fisher Book Type Co. 16—Motion Picture Patents Co v. Pantograph Co. 17—Wise v. Williams. 18—Napier v. Westerhott. 19—In re Egan.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Adams, J.—Admiralty. 93—Wood v. Cunard SS Co.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Holt, J.—Law and equity calendar. Jury term. 6—Frankenthaler v. Farowitch.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Ingraham, P. J.; McLaughlin, Laughlin, Miller, and Dowling, JJ.—Enumerated motions. 156—Friedman v. Johne. 140—Mattison v. Mattison. 98—De Casanova v. Van Fussen, Bugg Co. 158—Levy v. Jaeckel. 130—In re Totten. 185—Forshelm v. Mechanics and Traders' Bank. 168—Kruger v. Kruger. 167—Young v. Dresser. 161—Freudenheim v. Gutter. 170—Alden Speares Sons Co v. Casein Co. 171—Bird v. same. 172—Morgan v. City of N Y. 173—Wright v. Northern Assur Co. 174—Reibstern v. Stens. 175—Couch Patents Co v. Berman. 176—People v. Machienski. 177—Stein-Gray Drug Co v. Michelsen Co.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Platzek, J.—Litigated motions. 1—Carter v. Waldorf Realty Co. 2—In re Lane Av. 3—Fein v. Fein. 4—Jacobs v. Tannenbaum. 5, 6—Guilfoyle v. Pierce. 7—In re Morgenthau. 8—O'Neill v. Delaney. 9—In re Lane Av. 10—Taylor v. N Y & Buffalo, &c., Transp Co. 11, 12—In re Sparrow. 13—Huestis v. Clemeguita Sec Co. 14—Goodman v. Goodman. 15—Springer v. Springer. 16—McLaggart v. Sheffield Farms, &c, Co. 17—Harrold v. Rodgers. 18—Taylor v. N Y & Buffalo, &c, Transp Co. 19—N Y Barber Co v. Toporoff. 20—City of N Y v. Astor. 21—Carascena v. Carascena. 22—In re Levy. 23—Koch v. Williams. 24—McDonnell v. Butler. 25—Varga v. Tennessee Copper Co. 26—Karp v. Karp. 27—Rieger v. Goldbaum. 28—Roystone v. Woodbury Inst. 29—Nevins v. Nevins. 30—Weill v. Charleson. 31—Galanos v. Hellenic Trans Co. 32—Pecoraro v. Pecoraro. 33—Stiefel v. Stiefel. 34—Wibel v. Baker. 35—In re Calumet Const Co. 36—In re Taxicab Co. 37—Freed v. Golden. 38—Freeman v. Mosheim. 39, 40, 41—In re Am Surety Co. 42—Wizard Patent Dev Co v. Irving. 43—Weingreen v. Michelbacher. 44—McCue v. McCue. 45—Schenkel v. Shultz. 46—Kurzman v. Met Elev Ry. 47—In re N Y Taxicab Co. 48—Deutschman v. Bklyn Union Elev R R. 49—Thompson Co v. O'Hare. 50—Johnson v. Wilson. 51—Sullivan v. Sullivan. 52—Vogel v. Schulze. 53—Rosenberg v. Rosenberg. 54—Stonehill v. Hastings. 55—Taylor v. N Y, Buffalo, &c, Transp Co. 56—In re Centre St. 57—Greene v. Greene. 58—Cottrell & Sons Co v. Seymour. 59—Berkowitz v. Erste Kranken Unterstu Verein. 60—Graphaer v. McIntire. 61—People v. Intert Graphophone Co. 62—In re Rothstein. 63—In re Morgenthau. 64—Jackson v. Shindler. 65—Bothwell v. Ebling Brew Co. 66—Shaw v. Shaw. 67—Pades v. Krieger. 68—Flatto v. Metz. 69—Molla v. Micheletti. 70—Jackson v. Shindler. 71—Badle v. Vuccino. 72—Bothwell v. Ebling Brew Co. 73—Moser v. Sarlis. 74—Woodill v. Dept of Health. 75—Connick v. Wells. 76—Beall v. N Y Eve Journal Co.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Gerard, J.—Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—McCall, J.—Motions. Preferred causes. 4704—Betyman v. Bruckhof. 874—Steiger v. Merysash. 877—Same v. London. 4972—Anderson v. Bogart. General calendar. 430, 431—Mfg Iver v. Anthony & Scoville Co. 432—Appleton v. same. 433—Same v. Lamoutte. 2738—Title Guar & Trust Co v. Sachs. 2862—Martin v. Flood. 3700—Hall v. Hall. 688—Whitmore v. Whitmore. 3825—Schenkin v. Polstein Co. 3691—De Benedetto v. Schwarzschild & S Co. 4090—Mercantile Trust Co v. Gimbernat. 2257—Morrone v. Weill. 3802—Fennell v. Burns Co. 4047—Lichtig v. Greenwood Supply Co. 4100—Pisapia v. Pisapia.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part VI.—O'Gorman, J.—Special franchise cases. 4910 to 4917—Fulton St R R v. State Board of Tax Commrs.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Goff, J.—(Criminal Term.) 1—John O'Hanlon. 2—John Hargrave. 3—Ciarinda De Pasquale.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Greenbaum, J.—6495—Cohn v. Orner. 6161—Carney v. Tibbetts. 6016—Forns v. Royal Bank. 6401—Hutchinson Cement Co v. Beling. 6449—West Side Bank v. Ruck.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Page, J.—1095—Presti v. Joline. 1008—Muth v. N Y C & H R R R. 1106—Linton v. Int R T Co. 1111—Levy v. same. 1112—Mason v. Int R T Co. 1120—Drummond v. Ladd. 1121—Wiegan v. Joline. 1061—Muldoon v. Int R T Co. 1126—Mansfield v. Int R T Co. 1130—Rashkoff v. Erie R R. 1131—Lafkowitz v. Cent Park, N & E R R. 1132—Urban v. N Y & Queens Co Ry. 1132—Rau v. Int R T Co. 110—Conigilo v. Joline.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Amend, J.—2711—Herman v. Harris. 2943—Zimone v. Elfers. 2630—Seaholms v. Baker. 2811—Sartoris v. Morgan. 2907—Williams v. Heink. 2976—Schwartz v. Rosenweig. 2771—Marks v. Spies. 2972—Herbert v. City of N Y. 2735, 2736—Hochman v. Carlin Const Co. 2901—Goldfinger v. Fass. 2512—McNiece v. Press Pub Co. 2871—Achtman v. Frank. 883—Bernadac v. Schencke Piano Co. 3049—Schwartzberg v. Cohen. 3050—Hilberbrand v. Conley Tin Foil Co. 3073—Rosenthal v. Ginsburg. 3086—Naughton v. Morrissi. 3110—Barron v. Wylly & Co. 3128—Yarmy v. Farco. 3157—Humphrey v. Beadleston & Woerts. 3615—McGrotty v. N Y Taxi Cab Co. 3176—Laffin v. Devine. 3496—Lustzarten v. Farina. 3015—Bruch v. Barnes. 2003—Bruno v. City of N Y. 1856—Same v. Spencer. 3188—Connolly v. Butler. 3191—Karn v. Yellow Pine Co. 3192—Strecher v. Am Book Co. 3193—Johnson v. N Y Cent Storage Co. 3205, 3208—McKenna v. United Eng & Cont Co. 3209—Smith v. Klein. 3227—McGrane v. Kieser. 3230—Sohr v. Butterick Pub Co. 3235—Shelnar v. Tinsley. 3247—Abramowitz v. Hart. 3255—Corso v. N Y Cab Co. 3259—Kapitansky v. N Y Taxicab Co. 3261—Marck v. Regan. 3262—Borenstein v. Weisberg. 3268—Mahon v. Hayler. 3265—Rawlins v. Well. 3266, 3267—Shy v. Meyer.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Giegerich, J.—1592—Met Trust Co v. Payne. 1584—Same v. Truax. 6150—Heine v. Stern. 2645—Carlew v. Strange. 8495—Napier v. Spielman. 3880—Crowell v. Ewing. 2187—Gross v. Leo. 2345—Bednar v. Pullman. 3075—Condict v. Onkard Con Co. 2178—Tiffany Co v. Sully. 1780—McDuffie v. Financier Co. 8209—U S Casualty Co v. Jameson. 579—Fruit Auction Co v. Hanger. 2351—Martin v. Kean. 4074—Clement v. Monsees. 2726—Ulman v. Uhlmann. 2961—Salland-Cohn Hall Co v. Millikan. 3584—Cornell Mills v. Brettell & Bray Co. 4671—City of N Y v. Heavey. 3748—Ziegler v. Tarshanjian. 3559—Froehlich v. Schroeder. 3590—Gilbreth v. Engineering Cont Co. 3613—Cohn v. Hollander. 3584—Green v. Coster. 3632—Reynolds v. Fleischmann Realty Co. 3643—Platt v. Greenhut & Co. 3654—Brockelband v. McAdam. 3678—Switzer v. American Tobacco Co. 3701—Wals v. Haudin. 3714—O'Keefer Planting Mill Co v. Knowlea. 2011—Marsden v. Holden. 3522—Salamon v. Climax Specialty Co. 435—Dunn v. City of N Y. 1595—Boffa v. Klar. 3552—Hoelscher v. Lutge. 6095—City of N Y v. Goldsberg. 6089—Same v. Eleo Carriage Call Co. 3168—Fraker v. A G Hyde & Sons. 3288—Lings v. Blodgett & Orswell Co. 2651—Lehmaier v. Bettman & Johnson Co. 3867—De Lange v. Zeto. 2537—Fox v. Consol Rosedale Cement Co. 3507—Baldwin v. Magee. 3062—Hertzenberg v. Schenker. 3615—Warth v. Moore Blind, Stretcher, &c, Co. 3641—Whitman v. Dunn. 1783—McKenna v. Dunn. 1549—Riera v. Solo Art Metal Co. 2049—Kinsella v. McCarthy. 1888—Fleetman v. Galland-Cohn-Hall Co.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Cohalan, S.—Motion calendar, at 10:30 A. M. 1—Marie J. E. Collins. 2—Marie J. E. Collins. 3—Thomas Watts. 4—Morney D. Helm. 5—Ernest Thalheim. 6—John Drew. 7—Elizabeth M. Blaney. 8—Maria Sharkey. 9—Alice O'Brien. 10—William J. Irwin. 11—Frank B. McDonald. 12—Henry E. Agens. 13—Katherina Ebel. 14—Helen Ellis. 15—Frederick Moeller. 16—Mary E. Moeller. 17—Marielle L. Moeller. 18—Francis Bazzoni. 19—Francis Bazzoni. 20—Patrick Pender. 21—John J. Garnaus. 22—William A. Martin. 23—John H. Spellman. 24—James J. Kelly. 25—Henry M. Requa. 26—Arthur Schmitt. 27—Anna M. Steiner. 28—Giorgio Di Giacomo. 29—Patrick Connolly. 30—Audrey Jakobi. 31—Leo C. Jakobi. 32—Ruth Jakobi. 33—Dramin Jones. 34—Julia M. Budlong. 35—Calvin Paige. 36—Eliza Schneider. 37—Louise Votion. 38—Edward Kaskel. 39—Isabella Mueller, formerly Isabella Simrock. 40—David P. Reid. Wills for probate: William H. Halpin, John L. Moer, Joseph Krug, Max Sulzer Thomas A. Weston, Mary J. P. Bullus, William Richardson, Anna Alsheimer.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Finelite, J.; Part II., La Fetra, J.; Part III., McAvoy, J.; Part V., Green, J.; Part VI., Smith, J.; Part VII., O'Dwyer, C. J.; Part VIII., Lynch, J.—Calendar called in Part III. at 9:45 A. M. 6100—Goldstein v. Culiman. 6104—Augenblick v. U S Grand Lodge I O F S. 6119—Levy v. Am Ice Co. 6120—Schechter v. Fargo. 6121—Levine v. Silberstein. 6013—Dwyer v. Ess Eff Realty Co. 750—Cardona v. Stasser. 4899½—Blumberg v. Sterling Bronze Co. 6171—Brennan v. Joline. 5074—Cohen v. Herzog. 6178—Press v. Film Import and Trading Co. 6132—Ulanov v. Mica Mfg Co. 6185—Sullivan v. N Y Edison Co. 6187—Moran v. Interborough R T Co. 6188—Hayden v. Ottinger. 6193—Robins v. Ehrenzweig. 6193—Weber v. Wesenfeld. 6200—Shor v. Joline. 6211—N Y Taxicab Co v. same. 6212—McKnight v. Masheinsky. 6214—Susquehanna Woolen Co v. Imperial Coal and Coke Co. 6219—Susquehanna Woolen Co v. Imperial Coal and Coke Co. 6220—Kaufman v. Lissner. 6221—Robinson v. N Y Edison Co. 6222—Koempel v. Barrett. 6225—Jepsen v. Speth. 6226—Reiss v. Joline. 6228—Yerskott v. Barasch. 6231—N Y Edison Co v. Harris. 6235—Jackson v. Joline. 6236—Realty Supervision Co v. McKown. 6239—Selig v. Moes. 6240—Policastro v. Grennan. 6243—Corn v. Whitridge. 6244—Banni v. McCorkell. 6245—Weiner v. N Y Mutual Gas Light Co. 6246—Sirkes v. Burstein. 6248—Salvatore v. Williams Eng and Cont Co.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Schmuck, J.—Short causes. 663—Levine v. Klein. 1683—Bijou R E Co v. Goldsmith. 1768—Daly v. Meehan. 1749—Picker v. Kantrowitz. 1776—Haber v. Stollerman. 1782—Murray v. Brunswick. 1785—Altbach v. Harlem P & T Supply Co. 1796—McNamee v. Gibney. 1805—Paine Lumber Co v. Rainer. 1807—Standard Audit Co v. Herring-Curtiss Co. 1808—Wade v. Blair. 1811—Leggett v. Vedder. 1813—Eifert v. Qualey. 1816—Cox v. Learney. 1818—West End Mfg Co v. Herbst. 1812—Ondrak v. Home Life Ins Co.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Gerard, J.—In re Shaben—Thomas H Baskerville. Brandes v. Wilkens—Manfred W Ehrich. Wood v. McCarthy—Ernest E Wheeler. Brown v. same—Ernest E Wheeler Blake v. McDermott—William A McQuaid.

SUPREME COURT—O'Gorman, J.—Ruppert v. Purdy—William C. Arnold.

SUPREME COURT—Platzek, J.—In re Brenneman—Henry W Unger. Luff v. Strahmann—Cornelius W Wickersham. Kilner v. Miller—Edward D Dowling.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Gerard, J.—Meyer Jarmulowsky v. Adam Stone—John V. Coggery, Charles K. Billings v. Basilius Busch—Henry Kreyken Cohen, Jr.

Brooklyn Calendars.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Stapleton, J.; Part II., Clark, J.; Part III., Jaycox, J.; Part IV., Crane, J.; Part V., Kapper, J.; Part VI., Kelly, J.; Part VII., Marean, J. 7651—Weis v. Meyer et al. 1266—Valentina v. Garvan Machine Co. 7772—Levy v. Ferman. 7710—Farrell v. Levy. 5061—Taylor v. Guinan. 7625—West End Mfg Co. v. Kroeger Const Co. 7024—Grening Co. v. N Y and Carlisle Realty Co. 6267—Peterson v. Ballantine & Sons. 6849—Indelli v. Lowenfeld et al. 2222—Ellman v. Nassau R R. 2186—Mendlowitz v. B H R R. 1587—Swenson v. same. 6858—Broderick v. Humphries. 7621—Gunderson v. Roebling Const Co. 7491—Silberstein v. Warren. 2152—Fells v. Meyers. 2270—Stonhouse v. B H R R. 2273—Russell v. Cornell et al. 2275—Sullivan v. B H R R. 430—Kelly v. same. 2280—Pariatein v. Forest Park Const Co. 2281, 2282—Peper v. City of N Y. 2283—Larkin v. Nassau R R. 2284—Cashion v. City of N Y. 2285—Tocionis v. Degnon Contracting Co. 2294—Durnagle v. Crawford & McNamee. 7891—King v. Yumari Rail Co. Highest number reached on regular call. 2342.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Blackmar, J.—4395—Levinkind v. Levinkind. 4210—Kammerer v. Panitz. 4052—Berger v. Berger. 4481—Campbell v. Hurles. 4485—Lipkowitz v. Lipkowitz. 4178—Young v. Kroeger Const Co. 4214—Marcus v. London Realty Co. 1185—Whitelaw v. Walter. 2312—Willner v. Willner. 4467—Warner v. Coney Island Associates. 4381—Rosenthal v. Rachlin.

COUNTY COURT—Part II.—Jackson, J.—Lunacy hearing—In re Stout; in re Duane. Appeal from Magistrates' Court—The People, &c, v. Cavello. Actions triable by the court without a jury: 1015—Moskowitz v. Sassulsky. 1202—Malts Co v. Levy Realty and Const Co. 1236—Opollnsky v. Costello. 1235—Preston v. Cuneo. 1226—Hill v. Kertman. 1229—Fogelson v. Shorly. 1206—Union Bank v. Schneider. 1200—Martin v. Barashick. 1231—Aspromonte v. Dixon. 1233—Nyman v. Bogert.

Queens County.

COUNTY COURT—Police Building, Long Island City.—Humphrey, J.—2440 People v. Charles B Gruet. 2303—Same v. Michael Zazzis. 2661—Same v. Charles Werner. 2662—Same v. John Metzger. 2663—Same v. same. 2532—Same v. Charles Haas. 2365 to 2370—Same v. Charles Stout. 2466—Same v. John Woods.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Putnam, J.—Case on. No day calendar. Balance of calendar passed until Monday, Feb. 14.

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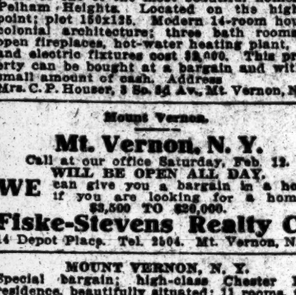

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LOST—Tuesday, between 134th and 137th Sts. and Amsterdam Av. and Riverside Drive, six rings, diamonds and emeralds; liberal reward. H. Bowie, 506 West 134th.

LOST—Small open-faced gold watch; "E. H. R." on back; Sunday afternoon, neighborhood Clinton and Remsen Sts. Reward return to 61 Remsen St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Between St. Patrick's Cathedral and Waldorf-Astoria, small gold elephant brooch set with diamonds. Liberal reward if returned to Y 78 Times, Times Square.

LOST—Turquoise earring, Tuesday evening, about 10 o'clock, corner of Lexington Av. and 42d St. Suitable reward if returned to 22 West 57th St.

LOST—Sunday, lady's silver watch and gold fob, between 146 and 145 Broadway or Subway or 181 Broadway; return to Miss Morris, 900 West 146th St.

LOST—Large drop earring with two large pearls and diamonds, between Lexington Av., 34th St., and Victoria Theatre; reward. Cashier, Waldorf-Astoria.

LOST—On Monday or Tuesday, gray chamois bag, containing jewelry. Finder please address Y 59 Times, Times Square. Liberal reward paid.

LOST—On Manhattan Av. or 111th St., a diamond pin with pearls and rubies; a keepsake; liberal reward. Robinson, 133 West 111th St.

LOST—Saturday evening, a dress vest, on St. Nicholas Av., between 152d and 157th Sts.; suitable reward. 849 St. Nicholas Av., MacGrotty.

LOST.—Saturday afternoon, between 82d and 84th Sts., on east side Columbus Av., 11-stone diamond cross; ample reward. 62 West 84th St.

LOST—Feb. 9, on Broadway, between Wall St. and Battery Place, gold brooch. Reward paid if returned to Room 27, 33 Broadway.

LOST.—Between 21st St., 8th Av., and 23d St., 6th and 7th Avs., gold bracelet, one diamond; reward. L. Cunningham, 261 West 21st St.

LOST—Wallet, between 119th St., Lenox Av., and 120th St. and Madison Av.; reward. Return to Philip Blohm, 25 East 124th St.

LOST—A large opal ring, surrounded by olivines and diamonds. Suitable reward return to 322 West 59th St., Apartment 25, city.

LOST—Tuesday afternoon, New Amsterdam Theatre or thereabouts, silver chain, lorgnette attached; reward. J. N., Empire Hotel.

LOST—Black lynx fur scarf, lost 6th Av. and 24th St. on Saturday, Jan. 29; liberal reward. Y 77 Times, Times Square.

LOST.—A large leather handbag near Central Park entrance at 86th St.; reward. Address Box Y 40 Times, Times Square.

LOST—Tuesday, a contract signed by the city; reward for return. Robert Feinstein, 230 Grand St., Bowery Bank Building.

LOST—Feb. 8, Grand Central Palace, diamond crescent; $150 reward if returned to Gerome Bardi, 704 Broadway.

LOST—Monday, thin Watham gold watch, ribbon, gold buckle. W. T. Morrey, 535 West 111th St.

LOST—In or around Hotel Astor, diamond bar pin. Suitable reward return cashier Hotel Astor.

LOST.—Bank book No. 4,292, Northern Bank; payment stopped; return to bank.

LOST—A stickpin, in Harlem; reward. Return to John Dyer, 38 Wall St.

LIBERAL REWARD return six valuable rings, Pullman car, Pennsylvania R. R., Feb. 3; no questions asked. Paxton, 5,614 4th Av., Brooklyn.

REWARD for papers found in bag taken from steamer Priscilla; absolutely no questions asked. H. W. Upton, 28 Summer St., Boston.

LOST—Saturday afternoon in the Subway, between 55th and 73d Sts., a pointed fox muff, two tails; suitable reward. Joseph Bowling, 2,102 Broadway.

LOST.—Between City Hall and 11th St., Subway, wallet containing important papers; reward. M. M. Hart, 116 Nassau St.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Lost and Found—Cats, Dogs

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST.—Boston terrier dog, dark brindle, even white markings, short screw tail; also pups, one male and one female; liberal reward; no questions asked. Address Mrs. G. H. Pell, Bronxville, N. Y.

STRAYED—Tuesday night, all white Seitz dog; followed two little girls passing 118th St. and Morningside West. Reward for return to 401 West 118th St.

LOST—A Boston bull, brindle and white, answers to name of Tims, lost around 92d St. and West End Av. Return to 301 West 92d. Reward.

Found.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

FOUND—Man's watch; send description. K. H. G., 117 West 82d St.

FOUND, Feb. 9.—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply 9 Morris St.: SECOND AV. ELEVATED—Umbrella, overalls, &c., towels, &c., tobacco, file. THIRD AV. ELEVATED—Two umbrellas, handbag, purse, candy, magazines, gloves, mittens, fur, envelopes, rubber, trousers, haircloth, 4 muffs, neckpiece, spoons, trenches, spices. SIXTH AV. ELEVATED—Umbrella, handbag, purse, belt, eye-glasses, book, and certificate, books, gloves, papers, shoes, overalls, neckpiece, advertising cards, tickets, desk pads, poison, sockets. NINTH AV. ELEVATED—Letter, towels, overalls, pads and tacks, books, jar of paste, muff, purse, umbrella. SUBWAY—Twelve umbrellas, 3 purses, 4 pocketbooks, 4 handbags, check, 6 pairs gloves, odd glove, books, hair, muffs, laundry, waist, memorandums, bottles, &c., glasses, papers, collars, legal papers, neckpiece, stationery, pamphlets, stockings, ledger, photos, rubbers, rule, magnifying glass, pawn ticket, jug wine, carpet tool, barrette.

FOUND, Feb. 10.—L. I. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, L. I. City: Four packages, umbrella.

FOUND, Feb. 10.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Desk, Jersey City, N. J.: Package, umbrella.

FOUND, Feb. 10.—D., L. & W. R. R. Apply Information Desk, Hoboken, N. J.: Eight umbrellas, six packages, two pair rubbers, music roll, grip.

FOUND, Feb. 10.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Master, Jersey City, N. J.: RAILROAD TRAINS—Hat, pair glasses, 10 packages, cardcase, umbrella, can, hand valise. JERSEY CITY STATION—Package, umbrella. CORTLANDT ST. BOAT—Handbag.

FOUND, Feb. 10.—N. Y. CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Article Office, G. C. S.: gauntlet, three umbrellas, cardcase, pair gloves, pair spectacles in case, pair rubbers, package, necktiece, cap.

FOUND, Feb. 2 to 8, inclusive.—LEHIGH VALLEY RAILROAD—Rubbers, package, cane, lady's hat, dress suit case, muff, lady's back comb, 2 umbrellas, gloves, keys, order book, shawl.

FOUND, Feb. 9.—NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO. S. S. Providence—Package, 1 rubber, pair rubbers, veil. S. S. CHAPIN—Slippers. S. S. PRISCILLA—Rubbers, pipe, umbrella. S. S. R. PECK—Pawn ticket.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Agents Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

AGENTS.—Tea and coffee agents wanted; experience not necessary. Apply by letter or personally, Burns & Reed, 209 Hudson St., New York City.

AGENT to sell imported wine; good commission; splendid opportunity for right man. Y 41 Times, Times Square.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Help Wanted—Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ABRAHAM & STRAUSS,

FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.

PARCEL WRAPPERS.—Require a number of bright girls over 16 years of age as parcel wrappers. Apply to Superintendent of Wrapping, Subway floor.

ADDRESSERS,
R. H. MACY & CO.,
require several expert addressers. Apply at office of General Manager.

CHOCOLATE DIPPERS, EXPERIENCED; GOOD PAY; STEADY WORK. E. GREENFIELD'S SON & CO., 107 LORIMER ST., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

CHOCOLATE DIPPERS AND PACKERS, experienced, wanted. Henry Helde, Hudson and Vandam Sts.

CLOAK MODELS.—36 bust, wear 42 skirt; stylish young ladies; no experience necessary. Hallstein, Young & Co., 7 East 17th St.

PRIVATE DRESSMAKERS TEMPORARILY OUT OF WORK, CAN EARN FROM $15 TO $20 PER WEEK MAKING HIGH-GRADE COSTUMES. APPLY ALL WEEK. JULIUS STEIN CO., 5TH AV. AND 21ST ST.

WANTED—Competent woman for general work and nurse in family of two, mother and 3-year-old child; permanent position for satisfactory woman. Box Y 76 Times, Times Square.

WANTED—OPERATORS EXPERIENCED ON COSTUMES, WRAPPERS, BATHING SUITS; WILLCOX & GIBBS MACHINES. MALONEY CO., 48-50 WEST 21ST ST.

WANTED—Girl for general housework in apartment; three in family; high wages to competent girl. Elchberg, 312 West 99th St.

YOUNG WOMEN, between 17 and 23 years of age, to learn telephone operating for Central Office positions; for those who qualify salary of $5 a week paid while learning. Apply after 9 A. M. at Application Department, New York Telephone Co., 58 West Houston St., cor. Wooster St.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Help Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A BRIGHT BOY for errands and telephone; must live with family. Address only, the Hartrai Soap Company, 407 Greenwich St., New York City.

FOREMAN WANTED WITH TASTE AND EXECUTIVE ABILITY TO TAKE CHARGE OF DEPARTMENT ASSEMBLING, BOXING, AND LABELING HIGH-GRADE GOODS IN LARGE FACTORY; STATE AGE, PAST POSITIONS HELD, AND SALARY EXPECTED TO START. LABEL, 69 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

MEN WANTED.—To prepare for railway mail examinations; commencement salary $800; preparation free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 290 L, Rochester, N. Y.

MEN, tired of working for others, let us start you in business for yourself; no mail order or fake; strictly legitimate; come and see us. Manager, Room 907, 277 Broadway.

SALESMAN for kimonos, side line, or full line of kimonos only; good commission. Apply any time, forenoons, R. Tahan & Co., 98 Washington St., New York.

SALESMAN.—Experienced Middle Western cloak and suit salesman. M. Wallach & Co., 40 East 12th St.

STRONG financial institution requires services several producing salesmen; introductions furnished. Suite 803, 160 Broadway.

WANTED.—Able bodied men for the U. S. Marine Corps, between the ages of 19 and 35; must be native born or have first papers; monthly pay $15 to $69; additional compensation possible; food, clothing, quarters and medical attendance free; after 30 years service can retire with 75 per cent. of pay and allowances; service on board ship and ashore in all parts of the world. Apply at 109 W. 42d St., 101 Park Row, 79 Cortlandt St., 252 Third Ave., New York; 336 Fulton St., Brooklyn; or 288 Market St., Newark, N. J.

WANTED—A fine jewelry polisher. Address V. Dautremont, 712 5th Av.

WANTED—Shorthand man; prefer young man with experience in bond business. Address in both long hand and typewriting, giving age, past experience, and salary desired, Box M 110 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Policy writer for an insurance office; steady employment; good penmanship, industry, and sobriety required. Address with references, previous experience, age, Insurance, Y 64 Times, Times Square.

WANTED—Two factory cost accountants; must be familiar with factory accounts and methods of keeping works ledger. Address Cashier, Maxwell-Briscoe Motor Co., Tarrytown, New York.

WANTED—Experienced cloak and suit salesman for Eastern territory; none but those commanding trade need apply. Y 75 Times, Times Square.

WANTED—Boy for errands, mailing, and general office work in steamship office; state age and experience; salary, $6. M 111 Times Downtown.

General.

SALESMEN WANTED.—No experience needed. Hundreds of positions now open, paying from $100 to $500 monthly. If you want a good position our free book, "A Knight of the Grip," will show you how to get it. Write (or call) for it to-day. Address National Salesmen's Training Association, 810 D, Flat Iron Bldg., New York; Branches, Chicago, Kansas City, Minneapolis, San Francisco, Atlanta.

Help Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Commercial Help.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers, office help furnished free. 4470 Murray Hill. Universal Exchange, 110 West 34th.

EFFICIENT STENOGRAPHERS, office workers furnished free; expert multigraphing. Jupp Exchange, 37 Nassau. Cort. 4221.

STENOGRAPHERS.—When in need of stenographers, typewriters, bookkeepers, or office assistants for permanent or temporary positions write or telephone Miss S. M. Gahagan, 233 Broadway. Tel. 7035—Barclay.

Domestic Help.

A.—COLONIAL BUREAU, 60 West 39th.—Strictly reliable domestic help; specialties: governesses, lady's maids; references thoroughly investigated. Telephone 5562—Murray Hill.

FOR SELECT COLORED HELP apply Duncan Help Exchange, 250 West 133d. 'Phone 5078—Morning.

RELIABLE Hungarian, German, Polish help; references investigated. Roth's, 170 East 3d St. Telephone 2508—Orchard.

RELIABLE SERVANTS, all kinds. Mrs. Nelson, 508 5th Av., Room 300; 42d St. entrance.

The Bureau of Social Requirements, 6 East 43d St., has now good positions, open for governesses, nursery governesses, teachers, tutors, French and Germans; applicants urgently needed; no fees until placed.

Situations Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A.—RASMUSSEN BUREAU.
Now waiting, Scandinavian chambermaids, waitress, general housework, useful men, married couple, cooks. 722 Lexington. (58.)

COMPANIONS, governesses, teachers, housekeepers, maids, secretaries. Mrs. Pillsbury, 507 5th Av. 6128 Murray Hill.
TRAINED AND PRACTICAL NURSES.

COOK, $25; chambermaid and seamstress; maids, nurses. Albany Bureau, 30 E. 33d St.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th St. Phone 6756—Columbus.

Watch and Chain Promptly Restored to Owner

The New York Times:—

I owe you my thanks for the recovery of my watch and chain, which were advertised once in The Times last Wednesday morning, with the result that before noon of that day I was informed that they had been found.

The finder, moreover, disclaimed any desire to be rewarded, and was so courteous as to return the articles in person.

There are still many honest people in Gotham.

MARY B. JEWETT, M. D.
517 West 113th Street.

If you lose anything, telephone 1000 Bryant and advertise the loss in The New York Times.

The New York Times
"All the News That's Fit to Print."

Situations Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

HOUSEWORKERS, laundresses, cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, useful men. Henderson's Agency, 130 West 134th St. Tel., 496 Morningside.

OLD DOMINION EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 88 West 134th St.—Bond $1,000; guarantees colored help. 1119 Harlem.

RELIABLE EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 250 West 125th St. 'Phone 5190—Morningside; now waiting, chambermaids, laundresses, housework ers, cooks, &c.

Situations Wanted—Females

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

AMERICAN WOMAN desires evening engagements as maid or waitress. Address X 125 Times, Times Square.

COMPANION.—American gentlewoman, 26 years old, wishes position as companion to refined lady; highest references. Y 34 Times, Times Square.

COOK, &c.—By an American middle-aged woman, as cook and general housework for small family; reference. Address G. D., 18 Bank St., city.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Refined German widow, 40, good housekeeper, wants position. M., care Schappert, Carpenter Av., Crestwood Park, Yonkers.

HOUSEKEEPER.—As managing housekeeper; experienced; best of references. Y 52 Times, Times Square.

NURSE.—By young lady as nurse girl; experienced with children. Reed, 219 West 43d St.

PHOTO COLORING.—Platinum, landscape, and portrait; experienced colorist; piece work only. V 70 Times, Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER, and general office assistant; six years' experience; competent, reliable, painstaking; desires to locate with reliable firm; unquestionable references; lives with parents; $15. Thorough, 190 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Excellent typist; High School education; good speller; takes dictation quickly, reads notes well, operates any machine; understands office work, filing; references; $7. O 101 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Remington operator; experienced; no bookkeeping; prefers situation with a reliable firm; salary, $15. Miss M., 706 Union Av., Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER. — Capable, well-educated business woman wants position with reliable firm; salary $15. Y 79 Times, Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER.—Capable; accustomed to turning out large quantities first-class work; refined. Integrity, 129 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 17, some experience; attended high school; speaks German fluently. Margaret, 117 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Intellectual young lady; $12. Harriett, 459 West 164th St. Phone 3698 Audubon.

STENOGRAPHER.—By young lady; experienced, well educated, capable; permanent position. Robson, 548 West 156th St.

TEACHER.—Experienced teacher for exceptional and sub-normal children desires pupils, New York and vicinity; excellent references. Address Box 595, Westwood, N. J.

TYPEWRITER, knowledge of stenography, will work for $6. Miss Marsh, 163 East 89th St.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Situations Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, expert, opens, writes up, disentangles, balances, supervises, closes, audits books; $3 monthly upward; financial statements rendered; references. Accountant, 320 Broadway, Room 1,204. 'Phone 2114 Worth.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; part or full time; reasonable. Accountant, 33 Union Square. 'Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT offers expert services, your terms. Commercial Accounting Co., 302 Broadway. Telephone 1344 Worth.

ATTORNEY, 30 YEARS OLD, FINE APPEARANCE, GOOD SALESMAN, THOROUGH BUSINESS ABILITY, HIGHEST REFERENCES, DESIRES COMMERCIAL POSITION. HUSTLER. 194 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER, Accountant.—Books opened, audited, systems installed; firms not employing bookkeeper, $2.50 weekly. Accountant, Room 285, 280 Broadway. Telephone 2471 Worth.

BOOKKEEPER.—As assistant bookkeeper, aged 20, where strict attention to business will be appreciated; references. Y 58 Times, Times Square.

BOOKKEEPER OR ASSISTANT.—American, 24, thoroughly competent; $16-$18; excellent references. Y 65 Times, Times Square.

BOY, 16, bright, intelligent; office preferred; best references. Harry Fetelman, 525 East 146th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Private family; 5 years' experience; references; home 7 P. M. Brown, 215 West 63d St.

CHAUFFEUR.—French, wishes position; expert; best references. 530 West 122d, Apt. 18.

DRAUGHTSMAN.—Architectural; four years' experience; moderate salary. M., 153 East 85th St.

FURS.—By young man; has ten years' experience; capable of taking charge of fur storage department, or desires connection with fur importers as stock man. Y 50 Times, Times Square.

SALESMAN in the cloak and suit line, with trade in the South and city, desires to settle with a good house, or a side line. Y 47 Times, Times Square.

SECOND AND USEFUL MAN, clean, willing, wishes situation family; city references. Write R. P., 613 Washington St.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, and general office assistant; just completed Commercial High School course; moderate salary; good reference. N. Ruggiero, 2,907 West 15th St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, 24, expert, well educated, technical and commercial experience; references. M 162 Times Downtown.

SUPERINTENDENT; thoroughly experienced in the management of high-grade apartment houses and office buildings; can furnish best of references regarding ability, &c. A. D., 359 West 29th St.

WANTED—Position as kennelman or about horses, city or country, by experienced English lad; New York reference. Gwyn Jones, care of J. L. Kenway, 277 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN, 25, speaking English, French, Spanish, Italian, with knowledge of Greek and Turkish, wishes position in office; best references. Y 63 Times, Times Square.

Boarders Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.—Large and small rooms; first-class; telephone; references.

55TH ST., 351 WEST.—Comfortable large rooms; splendid table; all conveniences; reasonable.

64TH ST., 120 and 122 WEST.—Nicely furnished, well-heated rooms; good home cooking; moderate.

64TH ST., 165 WEST.—Attractive large, small room; clean; excellent German table; homelike; reference.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Pleasant medium room, nicely furnished; excellent table; moderate.

72D ST., 133 WEST.—Desirable, large second-floor front; also medium-sized room; board; references.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—Handsomely furnished double room; private bath; single room; references; table guests.

79TH ST., 132 WEST.—Second story room; southern exposure; references.

79TH ST., 151 WEST.—Large, well-furnished, second-floor rear rooms, with board.

80TH ST., 150 WEST.—Table guests; home cooking specialty; best food; also nicely furnished room.

82D ST., 8 WEST.—Finest, homelike cuisine; airy rooms; refined surroundings; telephone; reasonable.

83D ST., 127 WEST.—Pleasant, sunny rooms; every convenience; good table; moderate; table guests; references.

91ST ST., 48 WEST. — Delightful, warm rooms; excellent cooking; telephone; convenient "L," Subway; table guests.

96TH ST., 54 WEST.—Exceptional accommodations; Southern cuisine; parlor dining, table guests; telephone 429—Riverside.

111TH ST., 137 WEST.—Pleasant, sunny rooms; good board; private house; "L" and Subway.

135TH ST., 242 WEST.—Large, small rooms with board; table guests; near "L," Subway.

145TH ST., 613 WEST.—Subway Station; large, sunny room, good board; telephone; references; table guests.

149TH ST., 542 WEST., (near Broadway Subway. "The Audubon.")—First-class rooms; board; very reasonable first-class parties; parlor dining rooms; excellent meals; every comfort; telephones; booklet on request.

East Side.

1.—IRVING PLACE, 53, (GRAMERCY PARK DISTRICT, NICHOLAS FISH MANSION.)—ATTRACTIVE TO THOSE APPRECIATING QUIET, WELL-ORDERED HOUSE; BREAKFAST SERVED IN ROOMS; REFERENCES.

1.—143 MADISON AV.
Desirable double and single rooms; steam heated; telephone; army, navy and Southern people accommodated.

15TH, 218 EAST.—Most desirable rooms; view of Stuyvesant Park; excellent table; references; 'phone.

17TH, 116 EAST.—Homelike, first-class table board can be had at above address.

18TH ST., 308 EAST.—Second floor; double room; steam heated; running water; board optional.

34TH ST., 117-119 EAST.—The Naylor; large and small rooms; telephone; table board.

45TH ST., 17 EAST.—Meals, day, week, to suit; large room, front; private bath.

A GRAND, large room, $3.50; wide view, sunny; steam, tiled bath; 917 Longwood Av.; (Prospect Subway, 2 blocks;) good board. Barnes.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Desirable furnished rooms; suite two rooms; private baths; small rooms.

LEXINGTON AV., 350.—Sunny front room, suitable two; all conveniences; excellent board; clean; 'phone.

MADISON AV., 839, (70th St.)—Large and small connecting rooms, with board, in handsome private house; breakfast served in rooms; references.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 5, Heights.—Overlooking Wall St.; four minutes Broadway; neighborhood, house, high-class; furnished, unfurnished; table, choicest products New York markets. 905—Main.

Long Island.

DOUGLAS MANOR INN, DOUGLASTON, L. I.: easy commuting distance. For Winter rates, apply New York Office, 1,123 Broadway.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Board Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Room and board wanted on upper west side by young man; prefer not over $10 per week. R 50 Times, Times Square.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Furnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

90TH ST., 100 WEST.—Well furnished rooms; near "L" and Subway; telephone, bath. Peyton.

91ST, 252 WEST.—BACHELOR'S two-room suite or single; exclusive elevator apartment; Broadway and Riverside; Subway station; breakfast optional; references. Sydmeth.

91ST ST., 15 WEST.—Large, sunny front room, also smaller room adjoining, in modern elevator apartment house; $4.50-$5. Brown.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Comfortably furnished, large room; private bath; also small room; conveniences; telephone.

91ST ST., 31 WEST.—Large and small rooms; southern exposure; all conveniences; Subway.

94TH ST., 75 WEST.—Single, connecting rooms; running water; adjoining bath; $5; one flight. Corwin.

94TH ST., 137 WEST.—Two large sunny front rooms; private bath; water; telephone; moderate price.

94TH ST., 205 WEST.—Suite 2 well-furnished sunny rooms; phone; elevator; $12. Sander.

96TH ST., 133 WEST.—Attractive, clean rooms; Subway, elevated express; breakfast optional; terms moderate. Muir.

101ST ST., 9 WEST.—Bright, well-furnished room near Central Park; refined private family. Moran.

103D ST., 12 WEST.—Back and front parlor; married couple or two gentlemen. Stern.

106TH ST., 140 WEST.—Newly furnished, large front room; elevator, telephone; $6; all cars. Poole.

111TH ST., 312 WEST.—Two connecting rooms, modern apartments; telephone; kitchen if desired. Landis.

112TH ST., 507 WEST.—Refined gentleman may have well-furnished, sunny parlor suite, adjoining bath; one flight; telephone; select; moderate. Murray.

113TH ST., 328 WEST, (view Morningside Park.)—Parlor, bedroom adjoining; scrupulously clean; choice, inviting apartment; piano; refinement; phone; perfect transit; gentlemen. Wright.

122D ST., 540 WEST.—Unusually attractive outside room; refined surroundings. Apartment 21. Elevator.

122D ST., 514 WEST.—High-class rooms; electric lights, steam heat, elevator. Kenyon.

123D ST., 358 WEST.—Large, light room; suitable for two; select house; meals optional; moderate.

124TH ST., 509 WEST.—Share bright elevator apartment; one or two refined persons. Mrs. T.

ALEXANDER HAMILTON APARTMENTS, Broadway and 161st St., near Subway.—Nicely furnished room; electric light, telephone, elevator; board optional; reasonable. Apartment 35.

MANHATTAN AV., 121.—Second floor, artistically furnished, consisting of 2 large rooms, private bath; corner house; 1 block west from 104th St. L Station; no other lodgers; references.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 600, Corner 187th St. Apartment 51A.—Beautifully furnished light rooms; closets, running water, steam heat; facing Hudson; Subway express; gentlemen; board optional; references.

THE CRESCENT.
125TH ST. AND LENOX AVE.
HEAD 125TH ST. SUB. EX. STA.
High-class apartments, single or en suite, elegantly furnished, with PRIVATE BATH and 'PHONE in each room and suite. Electricity, steam. FINEST RESTAURANT IN HARLEM.

East Side.

9TH ST., 18 EAST. Near 5th Av.—Well heated and lighted rooms. References.

28TH ST., 16 EAST.—Bachelor's quarters, swimming pool, &c.; $5 and up; inspection invited.

58TH ST., 36 EAST.—Second floor suite, studio, single room, two offices; physician, dentist.

113TH ST., 118 EAST.—Nicely furnished rooms, large or small, all conveniences, for housekeeping purposes.

Dentist Office to rent. Corner House. Excellent location. Moderate. Address 154 East 64th Street.

Brooklyn.

GREENE AV., 41.—Do you want a beautiful suite, second floor, five windows, running water, everything comfortable, homelike, and refined? References.

Furnished Rooms Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

FURNISHED ROOM wanted by woman in clean, well-kept house, (southern exposure,) between 65th and 80th Sts., 5th to Park Avs. Y 68 Times, Times Square.

Comfortably furnished room in private house wanted; southern exposure. Y 56 Times, Times Square.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Unfurnished Rooms Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ROOM WANTED, vicinity Times Square; no objection to dark room. V 67 Times, Times Square.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Business Opportunities.

30c. a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

FOR SALE CHEAP.—A complete factory, now now running, capable of employing 100 hands; situated in Tonawanda, N. Y.; manufacturing ladies' petticoats, house dresses, flannelette night gowns, and men's overalls; good reliable help; cheap rent and power. For particulars apply Clawson & Wilson Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

WE HAVE a high-class MARKET for sale, doing annual business $100,000; $8,000 cash necessary; Long Island's best section; ½ hour from Pennsylvania Terminal. THIS IS AN EXCEPTIONAL BARGAIN. Hammons, 428 Fifth Avenue.

Opportunity.—Young lady or gentleman with or without dramatic abilities can secure ¼ interest for $800 in play which already has made a fortune and has a large reputation. Answer at once Exceptional, 107 Times Downtown.

For Sale.—Canada Patent No. 122,937, on a pistonless hydraulic press, at a reasonable price; the newest era of hydraulic presses; money or stock if company is formed. Apply to Natalie Demianov, 1,420 Madison Av., New York.

Wanted—Responsible party with established wholesale business, to handle on commission basis high-grade imported sardines; splendid opportunity for right party. Address Y, 32 Times, Times Square.

General agent for sale of patent appliance of unusual merit and developed beyond experimental stage. Address Geo. E. Leighton, 166 Devonshire St., Boston, Mass.

Bills discounted; merchants and manufacturers financed; companies organized; legal papers drawn. Mercantile Advancer, 320 5th Av., Room 213.

Perfect duplication typewritten letters; $2 first thousand; $1 each additional. New York Letter Co., 23 Park Row. 'Phone 5748—Cortlandt.

Established taxicab business for sale; 10 taxicabs in first-class running order; part cash and part terms. Apply Owner, 343 West 55th.

Color and commercial printing of all descriptions. Eagle Press, 262 West 34th St. Union label.

A GOOD REASON.

The New York Times is the recognized Lost and Found medium of New York, because the Lost and Found Column of The Times daily restores many lost articles to the rightful owners. That is all a Lost and Found Column is for, but something few newspapers can claim. If you lose anything, telephone 1000 Bryant.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—ISAAC J. BROWN, Plaintiff, against THERESA DeROSA et al., Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 18th day of January, 1910, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey St., in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 17th day of February, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Samuel Marx, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

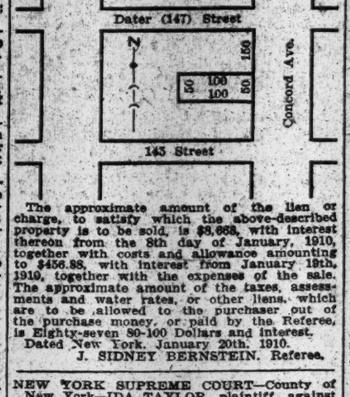
All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, and to be erected, situate, lying and being in the Borough of the Bronx, of the City of New York, County and State of New York (formerly of the Town of Morrisania), being known and designated as lot number one hundred and forty-two, on a certain map entitled "Map of East Morrisania, lying easterly of the branch railroad," being part of the farm of Gouverneur Morris of the Town of West Farms, Westchester County, New York, dated Westchester, October, 1851, made by Andrew Findlay, surveyor, filed in the office of the Clerk, now Register, of Westchester County, by the number three hundred and fourteen, and being bounded as follows: On the North by lot number one hundred and forty-three, one hundred (100) feet; on the East by Concord Avenue, fifty (50) feet; on the West by lot number one hundred and sixty-one, fifty (50) feet, and on the South by lot number one hundred and forty-one, one hundred (100) feet; be said distances and dimensions more or less.

Dated New York, January 20th, 1910.

J. SIDNEY BERNSTEIN, Referee.

HENRY FLUEGELMAN, Attorney for Plaintiff, 299 Broadway, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold: Its street No. is 469 Concord Avenue.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is $8,668, with interest thereon from the 8th day of January, 1910, together with costs and allowance amounting to $456.88, with interest from January 19th, 1910, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee, is Eighty-seven 80-100 Dollars and interest.

Dated New York, January 20th, 1910.

J. SIDNEY BERNSTEIN, Referee.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT—County of New York—IDA TAYLOR, plaintiff, against JOSEPH ROBERTS et al., defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above entitled action, bearing date the 31st day of January, 1910, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, Nos. 14 and 16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 25th day of February, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon, on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying and being in the Borough of the Bronx of the City of New York, in the County and State of New York, being part of a lot of land designated by the number four as the same is laid down on a map entitled "Map of building lots in the Village of Morrisania, easterly of Morse Avenue, Westchester County, New York, made by Andrew Findlay, Surveyor," dated October 3rd, 1853, and filed in the Register's Office of Westchester County, October 19th, 1853, and more particularly bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at the most northerly corner of said lot No. 4 as laid down on said map; running thence southeasterly along the southerly side of East 168th Street, (called East Sixth Street) on said map; forty feet to the westerly side of Forest Avenue; running thence southerly along said westerly side of Forest Avenue, eighty-two feet; thence northwesterly on a line parallel with East 168th Street, forty feet more or less, to the northwesterly boundary line of said lot No. 4 as laid down on said map; thence northeasterly along said boundary line eighty-two (82) feet to the southerly side of East One Hundred and Sixty-eighth Street, the point or place of beginning, be said distances and dimensions more or less.

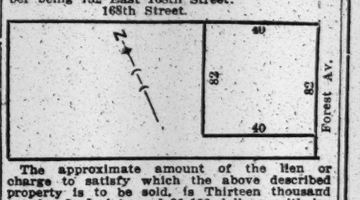
Dated New York, January 31st, 1910.

ALEXANDER BROUGH, Referee.

McLAUGHLIN & STERN,
Attorneys for Plaintiff, 15 William St., Manhattan Borough, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold as described above, the street number being 732 East 168th Street:

168th Street.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above described property is to be sold, is Thirteen thousand two hundred sixty and 91-100 dollars, with interest thereon from the 28th day of January, 1910, together with costs and allowance amounting to Three hundred sixty-six and 22-100 dollars, with interest from January 31st, 1910, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments or other liens which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee, is $685.54 and interest.

Dated New York, January 31st, 1910.

MILITIA TEST CALL BRINGS QUICK RETURN

70 Per Cent. of Twenty-second Regiment Line Up Before Their Colonel, All on Time.

OTHERS JUST A BIT LATE

Experiment Never Made Before Here and Col. Hotchkin Is Happy Over Outcome—Delinquents Will Be Tried.

Seventy per cent. of the total enlisted force of the Twenty-second Regiment, Corps of Engineers, N. G. N. Y., and all of the line and staff officers of the regiment proved to the satisfaction of Col. Walter B. Hotchkin last night that they can be relied upon to assemble at the armory within a few hours if called upon for emergency duty.

The men called upon at short notice yesterday by Col. Hotchkin as a test, were at the armory and ready for a special inspection at 8:15 o'clock last night. Thirty per cent. of the members of the regiment, whose excuses will be heard later in the regiment's delinquency court, did not arrive in time to line up for inspection. Some were late and others did not appear at all.

Col. Hotchkin got the idea recently that it would be a good plan to issue a test order, calling his men to the armory for a special inspection. He called his three battalion commanders, Majors D. J. Murphy, B. Usher, and A. H. Dyatt, on the telephone late yesterday, and ordered them, through their company commanders, to have the men at the armory. The company commanders called the non-commissioned officers, who informed the men of the special call.

At 8:15 Col. Hotchkin stepped to his post at the head of his command to find 70 per cent. of his men, about 500 in all, waiting for their orders. The customary drill and inspection manual were gone through. From time to time as the drilling progressed several members of the regiment, buckling belts, and adjusting accoutrements, gathered in their company rooms, waiting for orders. They did not line up for inspection.

Col. Hotchkin said that the experiment was the first ever tried in New York, and that he regarded it as a success.

TOO MUCH GOLD CIRCULATING.

That Is the Cause of High Cost of Living, Says Prof. Jenks.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Feb. 10.—Neither the trusts nor the tariff, but the increase in the amount of gold in circulation is the principal cause for the present high cost of living, said Prof. J. W. Jenks to an audience of farmers at the State College of Agriculture to-night.

"We say the cause lies in the article we are buying, but the change in value might just as well be on the side of the money," he declared, "and in speaking of price we mean the number of grains of gold that are exchanged for a certain article. We must always realize that the value of either may change.

Prof. Jenks said the increased value of the land may be the cause of the increased cost of living, because now that the supply of free land to be had is practically gone, much of the produce has to be grown on valuable tracts. He declared that while trades unions might be a cause he felt that only a very small part in the increase could be laid at their door.

"The tariff does somewhat explain the cause of high prices, but it does not explain the increase in the cost of living," he said. "We must remember that the tariff has not been materially altered since the civil war, and in England, under free trade, the cost of living is also great."

He said he did not think that a large amount of the increase could be charged to the trusts, because if the trusts put the prices up too high, competition will arise and profits will again fall. He felt that the trusts' skirts were not entirely clear from the cause of present conditions. He then passed to what he considered the real and fundamental cause.

"Whenever in the world's history there has been an increase of any great amount in the money metal supply, prices have gone up," he said. "There is no sign at present of the supply lessening, and it may be expected that prices will continue to go up for years unless some change be made in the monetary system."

HOLD DENNISON FOR SHOOTING

Case of Pressfeeder Shot in the Back Taken Up—Boy Murder Untouched.

Herbert Jerome Dennison, the magician, who has been under arrest on suspicion of having killed Arthur Shibley and Robbie Lomas, the two victims of the Highbridge Park shooting, was indicted yesterday for attempting murder in the first degree in firing five shots at John Fredericks on the long bridge spanning the New York Central tracks at 153d Street.

Dennison will be arraigned before Judge Rosalsky in General Sessions to-day. As till recently he was an asylum inmate, and is pronounced a paranoiac by Frank McGuire, visiting physician to the Tombs, he will probably never be tried. It is thought that his counsel, Abraham Levy, will ask for the appointment of a commission in lunacy, whose findings are likely to result in his being sent immediately to Matteawan.

The case against him in relation to the murder of the Shibley and Lomas boys, dismissed by Magistrate Corrigan, was not presented to the Grand Jury.

Italian American Lawyers Incorporate.

The Association of Italian-American Lawyers was incorporated yesterday. Among its objects are "promotion of reforms in the law, especially in those places where the law comes most vitally and peculiarly in touch with the Italian element in our population, the facilitation of the administration of justice, and the dissemination of knowledge of the Government and institutions of the United States."

If We Can Sell You Once—

we leave it up to the clothes to bring you back. Our clothes make the customers. Now is the time to test our values. Our 25% off sale means more to you than any sale about town. Let us prove it.

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If you lose anything telephone 1000 Bryant and advertise the loss in The New York Times. All Advertising Agents accept Times advertisements at office rates or telephone 1000 Bryant. Adv.

LURED BY A SAILOR LIFE.

Three Harlem Boys Take French Leave to Sail as Cabin Boys.

The police were asked last night to look for Robert T. Hall, the thirteen-year-old son of Lindley H. Hall of 38 West 127th Street. Mr. Hall is the cashier of the Mount Morris Bank at 125th Street and Park Avenue. From what he told the police he is afraid his son, together with fourteen-year-old George Mann of 14 West 127th Street, has run away. The lads are friends and the parents of both received postcards in which they said they were off on a long journey.

The Hall boy's postcard was addressed to his mother, and in it he said: "I have gone away with two other boys and will not be home." The postcard received at the Mann home read: "Have gone as a cabin boy. Won't be back for a year."

Mr. Hall told the police that his son recently had the initials "R. T. H." tattooed on his right arm, and this was considered proof that he had marine ambitions. This, coupled with the cabin boy statement in Mann's postcard, led the police to send out a general alarm, with special instructions to the harbor police to keep a close watch on all outgoing vessels in the hope of finding the youngsters.

Mrs. Mann, the mother of the second boy, said last night that her son left his home sometime between 1 o'clock and 7:30 o'clock yesterday morning, and that when he left he had $20 belonging to her. The third boy she said was Irving Bishop, who also lives in the neighborhood. She blames moving pictures for the disappearance of the boys.

WATERSHED APPRAISALS OFF.

So Supreme Court Justice Tompkins Sets Aside Commissioners' Report.

Supreme Court Justice Arthur S. Tompkins, sitting in White Plains yesterday, set aside the fourth report of the New York Watershed Commissioners because they allowed awards in Parcel No. 5, Section No. 1, of the Hill View Reservoir by lots instead of by acreage. The City of New York, through Assistant Corporation Counsel Henry T. Dykman of White Plains, has been opposing excessive awards by its own Commissioners, and in a number of cases has obtained rehearings before new Commissioners.

Two days ago Judge Tompkins set aside the report of the Commissioner in Kensico Reservoir Section No. 7 because awards amounting to $86,500 had been made for village plots, whereas the city proved that the property had never been subdivided.

DEATH THREATS FOR FOUR.

Black Handers Want $1,000 Each from Jersey City Business Men.

Four Jersey City business men received "Black Hand" letters yesterday. They are William Bennekamper of Central Avenue and South Street, a delicatessen dealer; William Witt of 490 Central Avenue, a butcher; Julius Liebisch of 518 Central Avenue, a plumber, and Charles Worth of 398 Central Avenue. Each letter read:

> Leave the sum of $1,000 in a neat package at Monticello and Gardner Avenues, in the Bergen section, next Sunday morning at 2 o'clock and be sure you do not notify the police. If you do, we have means of finding out, and you will be blown up with dynamite. What is $1,000 compared to the loss of your business and your wife and family? Think this over. It is no joke, but a cold business proposition.
>
> BLACKHAND.

Police Captain Charles Harrington of the Central Avenue Station is of the opinion that schoolboys have been playing pranks.

Throngs to See Murdered Child Buried.

Some thousand persons blocked the street in front of the home of Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Tishkowitz, at 105 Morton Street, Newark, yesterday when the funeral of their five-year-old daughter Sadie was held. The child was strangled to death on Tuesday night. Mystacyczym, who is held as a suspect in the case, was subjected to a long examination again yesterday without result. The police said last night that so far there was nothing but circumstantial evidence against him.

Cuts Third Set of Teeth.

Special to The New York Times.

BEVERLY, N. J., Feb. 10.—Albert Patterson, 50 years of age, is cutting his third set of teeth. The unusual experience is harder for him that it was when he cut the first set, and he is now under treatment at a local hospital. Patterson lost his second set of teeth, which were perfectly sound and serviceable, when he underwent an operation a year ago for abscess of the upper jaw.

Gives Up Tuberculosis Sanitarium Site

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 10.—Bishop McFaul of the Catholic Diocese of Trenton withdrew his application to-day for a permit for building a tuberculosis sanitarium in the Hopewell Township district. The Bishop appeared personally before the Township Commitee and said in view of the opposition expressed he would not press the matter, but would look elsewhere for a site.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.	Loss.
12:10—5 Walker St.; P. Pobelsky	$500
1:00—411 E. 104th St.; Matt Henry	Slight
2:00—81 Desbrosses St.; Michael Meroce	$1,000
3:15—50 W. 135th St.; Samuel Edwards	$1,000
3:20—520 E. 120th St.; Jacob Robi	None
4:12—46 E. 8th St.; H. Bossin	$10,000
5:00—West Broadway and Chambers St.; Cosmopolitan Hotel	None
8:30—310 E. 70th St.; Kate Hare	$15
7:45—565 2d Av.; H. Schwartz	$25
10:45—103 E. 100th St.; Sadie Morgantessen	Trifling
10:50—36th St. and 11th Av.	None
11:20—173 W. 93d St.; H. C. Demerest	$300
P. M.	
1:15—121 Pitt St.; Yetta Schustein	Trifling
2:55—318 W. 40th St.; J. Cross	$20
2:55—593 Clinton Av.; Mrs. Fish	$50
3:10—33 Greenwich St.; Mary Stecht	$75
3:20—636 E. 13th St.; P. Romeo	$25
3:50—202 Brown Place; L. Bayer	Trifling
5:40—508 9th Av.; S. Horn	$25
6:40—973 2d Av.; S. Gresra	$25
7:15—15 Beekman St.; Vanderbilt estate	$25
7:15—1,615 Fort Schuyler Road; G. Lagonia	Trifling
7:30—362 West 22d St.; Madame Ocerde	$50
8:05—42 West 28th St.; unknown	$1,500
8:30—760 Caldwell Av.; Charles Weill	Trifling
9:45—242 West 30th St.; Charles Diehl	$25
10:30—833 Columbus Av.; Benj. Girdell	Trifling
11:00—134-136 Cannon St.; Morris Ingber	Trifling

PAY-AS-YOU-ENTER NEW HOTEL'S RULE

R. P. Murphy of the Albany Plans a 20-Story 1,500-Room Hostelry Near Times Square.

TOTAL COST TO BE $6,000,000

The Rathskeller Will Accommodate 2,800 Persons—Ready for Guests by May, 1911, Says Promoter.

Plans are under way for erecting on Broadway near Times Square what the promoters term a "popular hotel," where rooms with bath may be had for $1.50 a day, and patrons will pay as they register. The hotel is to occupy the block front on Broadway between Fortieth and Forty-first Street on the east side. The Forty-first Street corner is now occupied by the Hotel Albany, while the Holland Building, owned by E. H. Van Ingen, is on the Fortieth Street corner.

The announcement of the new hotel, said Robert P. Murphy, proprietor of the Hotel Albany, yesterday, was premature. Negotiations are under way, he explained, for acquiring the necessary property to erect a hotel of twenty stories, with 1,500 rooms, and a rathskeller in the basement large enough to accommodate 2,800 persons. He stated that the land alone would cost about $4,000,000, and as much more would be spent on the hotel.

At the real estate office of Horace S. Ely & Co., the brokers who represent Mr. Van Ingen, it was stated that no sale and no lease of the Van Ingen property had been made, and the impression was conveyed that such negotiations as had been under way were not of a very definite character.

Mr. Murphy, on the other hand, was very sanguine that the hotel would be ready by May, 1911. He said that two banks were bidding for the room on the Forty-first Street corner of the new building. The land on which the Hotel Albany stands is owned by Florence Mabie of Saratoga.

THEY HAD BIANCA—JOHN, TOO.

Police Restore Miss Evans's Pet Pomeranian—What Happened to John.

Miss Leanor Evans, daughter of Dr. George Evans, the insanity expert, of 55 West Thirty-ninth Street, paid an excited but successful visit to the West Forty-seventh Street Police Station last night. In a sealskin cap and cloak and breathless with trouble, Miss Evans hurried into the station about 8 o'clock.

"Have you got Bianca? I understand you have Bianca, my Pomeranian," she asked the desk Lieutenant. "My father's attendant, John Miller, took her out for an airing this afternoon on a leash. Something happened to John. And we are informed that both he and Bianca were brought here."

The desk Lieutenant reached down under his chair behind the desk, and lifted into sight one of the smallest, whitest, fluffiest dogs the West Forty-seventh Street Police Station had ever seen. Gravely and with a bow he handed it formally over the desk to Miss Evans, and she hurried happily away.

According to Patrolman Coleman and the blotter of the West Forty-seventh Street Station, what had "happened" to Dr. Evans's attendant John was that, after leaving the doctor's residence with Miss Leanor's pet Pomeranian yesterday afternoon he called at too many places of refreshment along Sixth Avenue and Broadway. Patrolman Coleman found him at the corner of Sixth Avenue and Forty-sixth Street some hours later, rather dishevelled and haranguing a crowd. In his excitement he had dropped Bianca's leash, and three strange men were about to carry off the dog.

Coleman took both man and dog to the station. After Miss Evans had claimed the dog, the attendant was taken to the Night Court, and in default of $2 fine for intoxication was locked up.

LAURA BIGGAR SUIT UP.

Mrs. Hendrick Asks $100,000 from Actress for Alienation.

The fight for the possession of the fortune left by the late Henry M. Bennett some years ago, in which Laura Biggar, once well known as an actress, figured prominently, was recalled yesterday in the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, when the trial of a suit against Miss Biggar by Mrs. Agnes M. Hendrick was begun. The plaintiff sues to recover $100,000 for alienation of the affections of her husband, Dr. Charles C. Hendrick, by Miss Biggar.

The defendant was not in court, but was represented by counsel. She is said to be in California. It was her husband's connection with the Bennett will contest, Mrs. Hendrick says, which led to the breaking up of their home. When Mr. Bennett died, in 1901, he left Miss Biggar a part of his estate. She put in a claim to all the property, alleging that she had married Bennett and that a child was born to them which died in Dr. Hendrick's sanitarium in Bayonne, N. J. Miss Biggar eventually received the bulk of the estate.

On the witness stand yesterday Mrs. Hendrick wept as she told of going to a theatre in Manhattan where the actress was playing, and meeting her in her dressing room.

"Don't you see what you are doing?" she had asked Miss Biggar. "You are robbing me of my husband, my children of their father, and you are breaking up our home."

"She just sneered at me," Mrs. Hendrick said.

Fire Marshal Beers in Seery's Place.

Fire Commissioner Waldo detailed William L. Beers, Fire Marshal of Brooklyn and Queens, yesterday to act as Fire Marshal in Manhattan and the Bronx in place of Peter Seery, who resigned. Thomas P. Brophy, assistant to Marshal Beers, has been detailed to take his place in Brooklyn and Queens.

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ANNOUNCES
The continuation of
Special Reduction Sales
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AT
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As everything good is measured by a standard, so Young's is the standard for Hats, with a reputation of twenty-five years behind each and every hat.

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Derby & Soft Hats.$3.00 & $4.00
Silk Hats.....$5.00 & $6.00
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Broadway at Day St. | Broadway at 35th St.
Broadway at Hospital St. | Broadway at Beaver St.
Broadway at 44th St. | Fifth Ave. at 424 St.
Broadway at 29th St. | Nassau St. at Fulton St.
Brooklyn: 371 Fulton St., Op. City Hall.

STORES OPEN ALL DAY LINCOLN'S BIRTHDAY.

Kennedy
12 CORTLANDT ST.
Save 1.00 on your hat.
No Middlemen's Profits.
Full Stiff Derby, 1.00
1.90, Saved
Fine Mellow Felt, a rich black that stays black.
A Score of New Blocks.

Flexible Derby (Self Conforming) 2.40
It's 3.50 Elsewhere.
Cloth Alpines 1.90 & 2.40.
English Golf Caps 50c & 95c

FIRE MAY HIDE MURDER.

Watchman on Steamboat Landing Missing After Suspicious Blaze.

CRISFIELD, Md., Feb. 10.—The steamboat landing of the Baltimore, Chesapeake & Atlantic Railway here, together with a quantity of freight, was burned today. J. D. Collins, the night watchman, is missing, and it is believed that he was murdered.

There are circumstances pointing to foul play, the theory being that he was killed by thieves and the place set on fire to conceal the crime. The money loss is placed at $50,000.

Deed 108 Years Old Recorded.

A deed 108 years old was recorded in the Hudson County, N. J., Register's office yesterday. It was made by Abraham Van Emburgh to Nicholas Jerolamon on April 2, 1802. It is in good preservation. The property conveyed consists of a tract of three acres of meadow land on the westerly shore of the Hackensack River. The consideration mentioned was $91.75. J. Francis Cahill, a Newark lawyer, had the deed recorded.

College Daily Sets a Precedent.

PRINCETON, N. J., Feb. 10.—The Daily Princetonian, the undergraduate periodical of Princeton University, has been elected to membership in The Associated Press, and this morning's edition contained news supplied by that agency. This marks a precedent in college journalism. The Daily Princetonian being now the only college daily which publishes outside news dispatches.

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The World's Best
H. P. Finlay & Co., Ltd., New York.

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SELLING OUT!
Old-Established High Grade MEN'S SHOP
35 New St., One Block Below Wall (Furnishing Goods All Sold.)
Balance of High Grade Stock of Hand-tailored Clothing must be disposed of at once.
Your chance to obtain a
FULL DRESS SUIT OR TUXEDO
At Less Than ½ Former Prices.
$30.00 Suit or Overcoat, $7.50.
$25 Suit or Overcoat, $10.
$30.00 Suit or Overcoat, (Silk Lined.) $12.50.
$100 Fur Lined Coat, $35.
$60 Fur Lined Coat, $20.
English Slip-ons, Trousers, Fancy Vests, Bath Robes, Raincoats, etc.
LESS THAN HALF PRICE
YOUNG'S, 35 NEW ST. Half block Wall St. Subway Station

CARNEGIE HALL.
PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY of New York.
GUSTAV MAHLER
Conductor.
February 12, at 3 o'clock.
Fourth Sunday Afternoon Concert.
Soloist Pasquale Amato Baritone
IN MEMORIAM
RICHARD WAGNER
DIED FEBRUARY 13, 1883.
Kaisermarsch.....
Eine Faust Overture.....
Siegfried Idyll.....
Wotan's Abschied und Feuerzauber.....
Prelude—"Die Meistersinger.....
Pogner's Address, "Wahn! Wahn!".....
"Die Meistersinger".....
Overture—"Tannhaeuser".....
Richard Wagner
Seats 50 cts. to $1.50. Boxes $10, $12, & $15.

GARDEN THEATRE.
BEN GREET PLAYERS.
COMMENCING FEBRUARY 21.
Feb. 21-26, "She Stoops to Conquer."
Mats. Tues., Wed., Sat. Friday, "Everyman."
Feb. 28, Mar. 1, 2, "Macbeth." Mat. Wed.
" 3, 4, 5, "Merchant of Venice." Mat. Sat. Fri., "Everyman."
Mar. 7-12, "The Rivals." Mats. Wed., Sat. Fri., "Everyman."
" 14-19, "Dr. Faustus." Mats. Wed., Sat. Fri., "Everyman."
" 21-6, "Julius Caesar." Mats. Wed., Sat. Fri., "Everyman."
" 28-Apr. 2, "Palace of Truth." Mat. Sat. Holiday Mats. Mar. 28 to April 1. Three "Wonder Book" Plays.
April 4-9, "Money." Mats. Wed., Sat.
" 11-16, Greek or Modern Play. Mats. Wed., Sat.
" 18-30, Shakespeare Festival. Mats. Wed., Sat.
May 2—Last Week—"School for Scandal," "Masks and Faces."
Subscription Sale Open till 19th. Regular Sale Opens 17th. MAIL ORDERS NOW.

ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Wed. Mat. 50c. to $1.50.
GREATEST COMEDY HIT IN 20 YEARS.
SEVEN DAYS

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. Mats. Wed & Sat. 2.
SOTHERN & MARLOWE
THIS WEEK.....Romeo and Juliet
Next Week—Taming of the Shrew. Special Mat. Wed., Feb. 16, Romeo and Juliet. Popular Prices. Mats. 2. Evgs. 8 sharp.

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15
"Here's The Real Thing!"—Town Topics.
H. B. WARNER IN
ALIAS JIMMY VALENTINE

CARNEGIE HALL, Wed. Evg., Feb. 16, at 8:15
MAUD ALLAN
will again dance and interpret
"The Vision of Salome"
also
Strauss's "Blue Danube,"
Schumann's "Papillons,"
Tschaikowsky's "Nutcracker Suite," Etc.
Assisted by
THE RUSSIAN SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA.
MODEST ALTSCHULER.....Conductor
Tickets 75 cts. to $2.00. Boxes (seating eight) $16 & $24. At Box Office, R. E. Johnston's office, St. James Bldg., B'way and 26th St. Telephone 608 and 609 Mad. Sq. Also at Tyson's and McBride's Agencies.

CARNEGIE HALL, Tues. Eve., Feb. 15.
In Memoriam Leopold Damrosch
The Symphony Society of New York
The Oratorio Society.
The People's Choral Union.
WALTER DAMROSCH and FRANK DAMROSCH CONDUCTING. Soloists: David Mannes, Mme. Mihr-Hardy, Miss Janet Spencer, Mrs. Edith Chapman Goold, Mr. Berrick Von Norden, Mr. Marcus Kellerman.
"Ruth and Naomi" Leopold Damrosch
TICKETS NOW ON SALE AT BOX OFFICE.

STUYVESANT 44 St., nr. B'way. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15.
DAVID BELASCO presents
THE LILY
BELASCO Theatre. W. 42d St. Ev. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
"A great play, full of the strong eternal cry of the woman against man's domination."—Commercial.
CHARLOTTE WALKER in EUGENE WALTER'S play JUST A WIFE

NEW THEATRE.
SYMPHONY
SOCIETY OF NEW YORK.
WALTER DAMROSCH.....Conductor
Next Sunday Aft., Feb. 13, at 3,
"Fantastique" Symphony, Berlioz; Symphony No. 1, C minor, Brahms; (In memoriam Samuel Sanford, late President Symphony Society.)
First American appearance
Herr Erich Ochs, with the "Viola tenore" (an instrument recently invented).
Tickets 50c. to $2; 1 W. 34 St., & Box Office.

SYMPHONY CONCERTS
FOR YOUNG PEOPLE.
WALTER DAMROSCH.....Conductor
4th Concert Sat., Feb. 12, at 2:30
Modern German
Schubert, Mendelssohn, Brahms, Schumann.
Tickets at Office, 1 W. 34th St., and at Box Office.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
Tues. Eve. (Washington's Birthday), Feb. 22
Special Performance of LA GIOCONDA
Mmes. Destinn, Homer, Delna; MM. Caruso, Amato, de Segurola. Cond., Toscanini. Entire Corps de Ballet in Divertissement, "LA FURLANA" and "DANCE OF THE HOURS."
Boxes and Tickets at Regular Prices at Tyson's and at box office on and after Feb. 15.

COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. | Emmett Corrigan & Co. | By Night. Maggie Cline, Laddie Cliff. | Paris
ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. | DR. HERMAN, Williams & Van Alstyne, Flo Irwin & Co., Eight Kellinos, others
BRONX 149th St. 3d Av. Daily Mat. 25c. | Billy B. Van & Beaumont Sisters, Charlotte Parry & Co., McKay & Cantwell.

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BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY of New York.
To-night at 8:15.
GUSTAV MAHLER
Conductor.
Soloist: TILLY KOENEN Contralto.

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NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.
EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-mor'w & Wed. 2:15.
"Triumph of Her Career."—World.
ETHEL BARRYMORE
in Sir A. W. Pinero's MID-CHANNEL
LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-mor'w & Thurs. 2.15.
"Full of Bright Lines."—Herald.
BILLIE BURKE in W. S. Maugham's MRS. DOT
SAVOY 34th St. & B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-mor'w & Thurs. 2.15.
THE TRAVELING SALESMAN
HUDSON 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-mor'w & Wed. 2:15.
"The funniest person on the stage to-day."—Alan Dale.
WM. COLLIER in his great success A LUCKY STAR
GARRICK 35th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-mor'w & Wed. 2:15.
"As lovable as Rip Van Winkle."—Telegram.
OTIS SKINNER in Your Humble A Play of the South. By Booth Tarkington & H. L. Wilson.
CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:20. Matinee To-mor'w 2:15.
"As tender as Little Lord Fauntleroy, and 3 times as funny."
FRANCIS WILSON THE BACHELOR'S BABY.
KNICKERBOCKER B'way, 38 St. Evs. at 8. Mat. To-mor'w at 2.
THE DOLLAR PRINCESS
SEAT SALE NOW TO APRIL 16. Including Washington's Birthday Matinee.

CHARLES DILLINGHAM'S GLOBE B'way & 46th St. Evs. 8:15. Wed. & Sat. Mat. 2:15. | Montgomery and Stone in THE OLD TOWN.
BURTON HOLMES—"ITALY" TO-DAY at 3. LYCEUM THEATRE. SUNDAY 8:30, CARNEGIE HALL. & MON., TUES. & WED. at 3, LYCEUM THEATRE. "NORWAY"
NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE. 42d St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:15. | Henry W. Savage offers
MADAME X
Supreme Drama of Tears and Thrills. "TREMENDOUS EMOTIONAL EFFECT." Times
NEW YORK B'way & 45th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
MAX ROGERS and Maude Raymond in THE YOUNG TURK
3 BIGSENSATIONS | Toots Paka and The Hawaiians, The "Hula Hula," The Parisian Glide.
LIBERTY W. 42d St., Evs. at 8. Mats. To-mor'w & Wed. at 2.
"Don't miss it at any cost."—Eve. Sun.
The Fantastical Musical Comedy
THE ARCADIANS
WITH ITS WONDERFUL CAST OF 100
GAIETY B'way & 46th St. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
FORTUNE HUNTER
with JOHN BARRYMORE
JOE WEBER'S B'way & 29th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
"IT'S NAUGHTY, BUT IT'S NICE." | WHERE THERE'S A WILL FRENCH FARCE.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
Evenings at 8. Saturday Matinee at 2.
To-night at 7:45, Lohengrin. Mmes. Fremstad, Homer; MM. Jadlowker, Soomer, Hinckley, Witherspoon. Cond., Hertz.
Sat. Mat., Cav. Rusticana and Pagliacci. Mmes. Destinn, Noria, Wickham; MM. Caruso, Jadlowker, Amato, Gilly. Con., Tango.
Sat. Eve., Otello. Mmes. Alda, Wickham; MM. Slezak, Scotti, de Segurola. Cond., Toscanini.
Sun. Eve., Pop. Prices.
SPECIAL. MISCHA ELMAN.
Mmes. Fremstad, Alten, Gluck, Meitschik, Case, Clark; MM. Martin, Forsell, Blass. Entire Motr. Orchestra. Cond., Bendix.
NEXT WEEK: Mon. Eve., Madama Butterfly. Tues. Eve., Boh'eme. Alessandro Stradella, and Vienna Waltzes (Ballet). Wed. Evg., Falstaff. Thurs. Evg., Lohengrin. Fri. Eve., Rigoletto. Sat. Mat., Tosca. Mlle. Farrar; MM. Bonci, Scotti, Gianoli, Ananian. Cond., Tango. Sat. Eve., Tristan and Isolde. Mmes. Gadski, Homer; MM. Burrian, Amato, Blass, Muhlmann. Con., Toscanini.

At The New Theatre.
Next Week: Thurs. Mat., La Boheme. Mmes. de Pasquali, Alten; MM. Martin, Gilly Gianoli, de Segurola, Rossi. Cond., Podesti. Fri. Eve., L'Attaque du Moulin.
At the Brooklyn Academy of Music.
Mon. Eve., Feb. 14, L'Attaque du Moulin. Mmes. Delna, Noria; MM. Clement, Gilly, Regia, de Segurola, Devaux. Cond., Tango.
WEBER PIANO USED.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE 34th St. & 8th Av.
To-night, RIGOLETTO, Mme. Tetrazzini, Miss Gentle, Mr. McCormack, MM. Renaud, etc.
Sat. Aft. at 2:30, ELEKTRA Regular Prices.
Sat. Eve. (pop. prices), HERODIADE, Miles. Cavalieri, D'Alvarez, M. Renaud, etc.
Sunday Night, 8:30—GRAND CONCERT.
ORVILLE HARROLD & DR. WULLNER, who will render "Das Hexenlied," (The Witch's Song,) with orchestra.
—NEXT WEEK—
Mon., TRAVIATA, Mme. Tetrazzini, Mr. John McCormack, M. Sammarco, etc. Wed. (at 8:30), ELEKTRA, Mme. Mazarin & reg. cast. Fri. (Double Bill), CAVALLERIA RUSTICANA, Mmes. Carmen-Melis, Duchene, Mr. McCormack, M. Crabbe. And PAGLIACCI, Mlle. Cavalieri, Mr. Orville Harrold (debut), MM. Sammarco, Crabbe, Venturini. Sat. Mat., LUCIA, Mme. Tetrazzini, Mr. McCormack, M. Sammarco, etc. Sat. Night (pop. prices), CARMEN. Miles. Cavalieri, Miranda, Trentini, Mme. Duchene, MM. Dalmores, Dufranne, Gilibert.
Seats for all above now selling.
WASHINGTON'S BIRTHD. SPECIAL (Tues., Feb. 22) at 8, TALES OF HOFFMANN, Miles. Cavalieri, Trentini, MM. Renaud, Devries, Gilibert, Crabbe. Seats now, $5-$1.

MENDELSSOHN HALL
5th Concert, Tuesday Ev., Feb. 15, at 8:15.
KNEISEL QUARTET
Assisting Artists: MR. GEORGE BARRERE. MR. JOSEF KOVARIK.
Seats $1.50, Box Office & Frances Seaver, 1 W. 34.

PLAZA 59th St. Mad. Av. Daily Mat. 25c, Eve. 25c, 50c, 75c. "THE STAR BOUT." COMEDY. "A Texas Wooing," Paul's Jugaling Girls, others.
AMERICAN W. 42d St. Daily Mat. 25c. R. A. ROBERTS. Rice & Cohen, Genaro & Bailey, McMahon & Chappelle, others.
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Never Better Played in New York.—Tribune.
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THE SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL
A highly creditable achievement.—The Post.
Sheldon's Drama. THE NIGGER A Play of the South. | Bester's Comedy. DON One of the best in New York in recent years.—Sun.
To-night, 8:15.....Twelfth Night
Sat. Mat., 2:00.....Twelfth Night
Sat. Eve., 8:30.....Don
NEXT WEEK:
Mon. (Premier), Tues. & Wed. Evgs. & Wed. Mat., The Witch; Thurs. Mat. (opera), La Boheme; Thurs. Eve., Twelfth Night; Fri. Evg. (opera), L'Attaque du Moulin; Sat. Mat. & Eve., School for Scandal. Prices: Drama, 25 to 50c.; Opera, $5 to $1.

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Daily Mats., 2. Best Seats $1. Evs. 8, 25c to $1.50
A Trip to Japan | Ballet of Jewels | Inside the Earth | 10 New Circus Acts
LEW FIELDS HERALD SQ. B'way & 35th. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Tom'w 2:15.
BLANCHE RING in THE YANKEE GIRL
COMEDY 41st St., bet. B'way & 6th Av. Ev. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow, 2:30.
MARY MANNERING in A MAN'S WORLD.
Triumph for Author & Actress
Alan Dale, "AMERICAN"—"'A Man's World' should have a prosperous career. It's the goods."
Adolph Klauber, "TIMES"—"Splendid play. Mary Mannering plays with brilliancy and charm. Fine theme well handled."
Louis de Foe, "WORLD"—"Interesting plot."
"HERALD" — "Much Applause."
J. W. Hamer, "AMERICAN"—"Destined for a long run in this city."
"SUN"—"There were many curtain calls."
Charles Darnton, "EVENING WORLD"—"'A Man's World' is a woman's play."
"EVENING JOURNAL"—"Will prove of absorbing interest to a world of women."
"EVENING TELEGRAM"—"Repeated curtain calls told of the success."
Josephine Meighan, "EVENING GLOBE"—"A wholesome, pretty play, full of smiles and tears."
J. Rankin Towse, "EVENING POST"—"A real drama. The evening was one of success for Miss Mannering, her company, and her play."
DALY'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:30. Matinee Tom'w, 2:30.
MAXINE ELLIOTT in THE INFERIOR SEX
Broadway Thea., B'way, cor. 41st. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow, 2:15.
The Jolly Bachelors with Nora Bayes
Stupendous Musical Comedy Sensation.
LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow, 2:15.
Most Sensational Drama in New York.
Clyde Fitch's THE CITY
Greatest Play.
MAXINE ELLIOTT'S THEATRE, 39th St., bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. Mat. To-morrow 2:30.
FORBES-ROBERTSON The Passing of the Third Floor Back
CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow, 2:15.